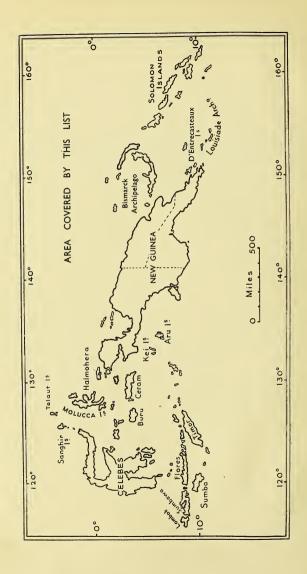




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# LIST OF LAND MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA, CELEBES AND ADJACENT ISLANDS 1758 to 1952



## BRITISH MUSEUM

(NATURAL HISTORY)

LIST OF

# LAND MAMMALS

OF

## NEW GUINEA, CELEBES

AND ADJACENT ISLANDS

1758--1952

by
ELEANOR M. O. LAURIE
and
J. E. HILL

LONDON

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## INTRODUCTION

Archipelago, Louisiade Archipelago, New Guinea, and the adjacent islands, including all those to the west as far as and including Lombok and Celebes. The western limit of the area corresponds with the eastern limit of the Malaysian area, whose mammals were listed by Chasen (1940), i.e. Wallace's Line. Hollister (1912) gives a systematic list of the land mammals of the Philippines, which have also been comprehensively reviewed by Taylor (1934), and Iredale and Troughton (1934) have listed the mammals of Australia.

We have endeavoured to list all forms of recent land mammals, excluding domestic animals, named from 1758 (the tenth edition of Linnaeus) to the end of 1952. Thanks to the excellent libraries of the British Museum we have been able to refer to nearly all the original publications, and particular care has been taken to obtain the correct date of publication and the correct type locality for all the references. A gazetteer of all the type localities and a few of the more obscure localities from which animals

have been collected is given at the end of this volume.

It has been possible to attempt some revision of most of the genera found in the New Guinea—Celebes area. The number of forms believed to be groups with biological reality has been greatly reduced, particularly among the bats and to a lesser degree among the rodents and marsupials; no doubt further synonyms will be made as more material becomes available. The genera and species have been arranged in their natural order, but for the convenience of future revisers the subspecies have been arranged in the chronological order of their names.

Three hundred and fifty-one species are recognized. Where there is doubt about the validity of a form its name has been put in square brackets. A question mark in parentheses in front of a name in a synonymy expresses doubt as to whether this name is really a synonym; a question mark in parentheses before a trivial name of a subspecies indicates that, although it is probably a race of the species to which it

is here assigned, there is a doubt.

The list includes the descriptions of five new subspecies, three new species, a new genus, and two new subgenera; the subgenera are described by J. R. Ellerman. Three of the new forms, including the new genus, came to this Museum in a recent collection of mammals made by Mr. F. Shaw Mayer in North-East New Guinea. The other new forms, four subspecies and two species, described here, are based on specimens which have been in our collections for some time; some were previously unidentified, others had been wrongly identified.

Wherever possible the approximate range of each form is given, this being based on records of localities from which the species or subspecies has been collected. The absence of any range indicates that the species or race has been recorded only from

its type locality.

Throughout the work references connected with the nomenclature of the taxa are given in full. Other important papers dealing with the relationships of the animals

#### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

and their distribution are indicated by references to the bibliography at the end of the volume. It is believed that the two combined provide an almost complete list of the publications on the mammals of the area, up to June 1953. They include the valuable works of G. H. H. Tate, based on the Archbold collections, which greatly facilitated the preparation of this list.

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Our sincere thanks are due to many of our colleagues in this Museum. We are especially indebted to T. C. S. Morrison-Scott, J. R. Ellerman and R. W. Hayman for their advice and assistance throughout the preparation of this work, and to our other colleagues in the Mammal Room who have given much general assistance. We should also like to thank A. C. Townsend, G. W. F. Claxton, F. C. Sawyer, W. H. Mabbott and J. E. Yateman of the General and Zoological Libraries for help in connection with references, and L. R. Conisbee and G. H. E. Hopkins for reading through the proofs and for their valuable suggestions.

#### AUTHORSHIP AND NEW NAMES

We take joint responsibility for this book, and all the new names, a list of which appears on page 138, are proposed by us jointly, except those of the two new subgenera, which are proposed by J. R. Ellerman.

E.M.O.L. J.E.H.

British Museum (Natural History) 30th June, 1953

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Since writing the above we have heard with much regret of Dr. Tate's death on the 24th December, 1953. An obituary notice appears in Nature, 1954, 173: 190.

## CLASS MAMMALIA

## ORDER MONOTREMATA

#### FAMILY TACHYGLOSSIDAE

#### Genus TACHYGLOSSUS Illiger

Short-beaked Echidna

- 1795. Aculeata E. Geoffroy, Bull. Sci. Soc. Philom. Paris, 1: 102. Not used generically: see Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 1897, 18: 621.
- 1798. Echidna G. Cuvier, Tabl. Elém. H.N. 143 (nec Forster). Type Myrmecophaga aculeata Shaw & Nodder.
- 1809. Acanthonotus Goldfuss, Vergl. Naturb. Säugth. xix, 308 (nec Bloch). Type

  Acanthonotus myrmecophagus Goldfuss.
- 1811. Tachyglossus Illiger, Prod. Syst. Mamm. 114 (new name for Echidna G. Cuvier). 1814. Echinopus G. Fischer, Zoognosia, 2: 570-592, ex 1813, 1:14 (nom. nud.), (new
- 1814. Echinopus G. Fischer, Zoognosia, 2: 570–592, ex 1813, 1:14 (nom. nud.), (new name for Echidna G. Cuvier).
- 1815. Syphomia Rafinesque, Analyse de la Nature, 57 (new name for Echidna G. Cuvier).

## Tachyglossus aculeatus (Shaw & Nodder)

(Tachyglossus aculeatus aculeatus (Shaw & Nodder). Extralimital)

1792. Myrmecophaga aculeata Shaw & Nodder, Naturalist's Miscellany, 3: pl. 109. New Holland (= New South Wales).

Extralimital synonyms are given by Iredale & Troughton (1934).

## TACHYGLOSSUS ACULEATUS LAWESI (Ramsay)

1877. Echidna | Tachyglossus) lawesi Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 2: 32. Port Moresby, Papua. Range: south-east New Guinea.

#### Genus ZAGLOSSUS Gill

Long-beaked Echidna

- 1877. Zaglossus Gill, Ann. Record of Science and Industry, clxxi (May). Type Tachyglossus bruijnii Peters & Doria.
- 1877. Acanthoglossus Gervais, C. R. Acad. Sci. Paris, 85: 838 (November), (nec Kraatz). Type Tachyglossus bruijnii Peters & Doria.
- 1882. Bruynia Dubois, Bull. Soc. Zool. France, 6: 267 (new name for Acanthoglossus Gervais). Amended by Thomas, Zool. Record, 1882: 40 to Bruijnia.
- 1913. Prozaglossus Kerbert, Zool. Anz. 42: 166. Type Acanthoglossus bruijnii bartoni Thomas = Zaglossus bartoni (Thomas).

This genus has been reviewed by Thomas & Rothschild (1922), Kerbert (1913), Rothschild (1913) and Allen (1912). A key to Zaglossus described before 1922 is given by Rothschild, in Thomas & Rothschild (1922).

#### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

## Zaglossus bruijni (Peters & Doria)

Zaglossus bruijni bruijni (Peters & Doria)

1876. Tachyglossus bruijnii Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 9: 183, text-fig. Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea. 1882. Bruynia tridactyla Dubois, Bull. Soc. Zool. France, 6: 267, pls. 9, 10 (new name

for Tachyglossus bruijnii Peters & Doria).

ZAGLOSSUS BRUIJNI VILLOSISSIMUS (Dubois)

1884. Proechidna villosissima Dubois, Bull. Mus. Roy. d'H.N. Belg. 3: 110. New Guinea.

ZAGLOSSUS BRUIJNI NIGROACULEATUS (Rothschild)

1892. Proechidna nigro-aculeata Rothschild, P.Z.S. Lond. 545. Charles Louis Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea.

Zaglossus bruijni goodfellowi (Thomas)

1907. Acanthoglossus goodfellowi Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 20: 498. Salawatti Island, off the Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

ZAGLOSSUS BRUIJNI GULARIS Rothschild

1922. Zaglossus bruijnii gularis Rothschild, in Thomas & Rothschild, Ann. Mag. N.H.
10: 131. Foothills on the south side of the Charles Louis Mountains, southwest Netherlands New Guinea.

ZAGLOSSUS BRUIJNI PALLIDUS Rothschild

1922. Zaglossus bruijnii pallidus Rothschild, in Thomas & Rothschild, Ann. Mag. N.H. 10: 131. Inland from Geelvinck Bay, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

## Zaglossus bartoni (Thomas)

ZAGLOSSUS BARTONI BARTONI (Thomas)

1907. Acanthoglossus bruijnii bartoni Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 20: 294. Mount Victoria, Albert Edward Range, Papua, 8,000 ft.

ZAGLOSSUS BARTONI CLUNIUS Thomas & Rothschild

1922. Zaglossus bartoni clunius Thomas & Rothschild, Ann. Mag. N.H. 10: 129. Saruwaged Mountains, North-East New Guinea.

## Zaglossus bubuensis Laurie

1952. Zaglossus bubuensis Laurie, Bull. Brit. Mus. (N.H.), Zool. 1: 273. Bubu River district, North-East New Guinea, about 7,000–8,000 ft.

#### MARSUPIALIA — PHASCOGALINAE

## ORDER MARSUPIALIA

Although published more than half a century ago, the Catalogue of Marsupialia and Monotremata in the collection of the British Museum by Oldfield Thomas (1888) remains the basic work for students of this order.

#### FAMILY DASYURIDAE

A comprehensive review of this family has been provided by Tate (1947).

Subfamily Phascogalinae

## Genus MUREXIA Tate & Archbold

Pouched "Mouse"; Marsupial "Mouse"

1937. Murexia Tate & Archbold, Bull. Amer. Mus. N.H. 73: 335 (footnote), 339 (as a subgenus). Type Phascogale murex Thomas = Phascogale longicaudata Schlegel.

## Murexia longicaudata (Schlegel)

MUREXIA LONGICAUDATA | Schlegel)

1866. *Phascogale longicaudata* Schlegel, Ned. Tijdschr. Dierk. 3: 356. Wonoumbai, Aru Islands.

1913. Phascogale murex Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 11: 80. Sattelberg, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea.

Range: Aru Islands; North-East New Guinea: Kratke Mountains; Huon Peninsula; sea level to 5,500 ft.

## Murexia longicaudata aspera | Thomas)

1913. Phascogale murex aspera Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 211. Camp No. 3, Utakwa River, Netherlands New Guinea, 2,500 ft.

1932. Phascogale maxima Stein, Z. Säugetierk. 7: 254. Japen Island, Geelvinck Bay, western Netherlands New Guinea.

Range: Japen Island; Netherlands New Guinea. Tate (1947) identifies specimens from the Astrolabe Range, Papua, with this race.

## MUREXIA LONGICAUDATA PARVA Laurie

1952. Murexia longicaudata parva Laurie, Bull. Brit. Mus. (N.H.), Zool. 1: 294.
Baiyanka, Purari-Ramu Divide, south-east Bismarck Range, 7,500 ft.
Range: probably restricted to the highlands of North-East New Guinea from 6,000 ft. to 8,000 ft.

## Murexia rothschildi (Tate)

1938. Phascogale (Murexia) rothschildi Tate, Novit. Zool. 41: 58. Head of the Aroa River, Papua. Altitude unknown, but probably about 4,000 ft. (Tate (1947)).

Genus SMINTHOPSIS Thomas Narrow-footed Pouched "Mouse"

1845. Podabrus Gould, Mamm. Austr. 1: pl. 45, letterpress (nec Westwood). Type Podabrus crassicaudatus Gould.

1887. Sminthopsis Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 4: 503 (new name for Podabrus Gould).

## Sminthopsis rufigenis Thomas

1922. Sminthopsis rufigenis Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 265; Nova Guinea, 13: 739.

Aru Islands.

1936. Phascogale rona Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 832: 2. Rona Falls, Laloki River, Central Division, Papua.

Range: Aru Islands; south New Guinea.

Genus **PLANIGALE** Troughton Broad-footed Pouched "Mouse"

1928. Planigale Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 16: 282. Type Planigale ingrami brunnea
Troughton = Phascogale ingrami Thomas.

## Planigale novaeguineae Tate & Archbold

1941. Planigale novaeguinae Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1101: 7 (misspelling for novaeguineae). Rona Falls, Laloki River, near Port Moresby, Central Division, Papua, 250 metres.

Genus **ANTECHINUS** Macleay Broad-footed Marsupial "Mouse" 1841. Antechinus Macleay, Ann. Mag. N.H. 8: 242. Type Antechinus stuartii Macleay = Phascogale flavipes Waterhouse.

## Antechinus melanurus (Thomas)

1899. Phaseogale melanura Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 20: 191. Moroka, Astrolabe Range, Papua, 1,300 metres.

1912. Phascogale melanura modesta Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 92. Mount Goliath, Orange Range, eastern Netherlands New Guinea.

Range: most of New Guinea, including the Vogelkop, from about sea level to 9,000 ft.

## Antechinus naso (Jentink)

Antechinus naso naso (Jentink)

1911. Phascogale naso Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 33: 236. Hellwig Mountains, south of Mount Wilhelmina, Netherlands New Guinea, about 2,000 metres.

1941. Antechinus tafa centralis Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1101: 8.
Bele River, 18 kilometres north of Lake Habbema, north of Mount
Wilhelmina, Netherlands New Guinea, 2,200 metres.

1941. Antechinus habbema Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1101: 8. 9 kilometres north of Lake Habbema, north slope of Mount Wilhelmina, Netherlands New Guinea, 2,800 metres.

Range: central and north-western Netherlands New Guinea (excluding the Vogelkop) between 5,000 and 9,000 ft.

#### MARSUPIALIA — DASYURINAE

ANTECHINUS NASO MAYERI (Dollman)

1930. Phascogale mayeri Dollman, P.Z.S. Lond. 433, pl. 2, fig. E, pl. 4. Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, Netherlands New Guinea, 1,000 metres.

ANTECHINUS NASO TAFA (Tate & Archbold)

1936. Phascogale lafa Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 823: 3. Eastern slope of Mount Tafa, Central Division of Papua, 2,100 metres.

ANTECHINUS NASO MISIM Tate

1947. Antechinus mayeri misim Tate, Bull. Amer. Mus. N.H. 88: 130. Mount Misim, near Morobe, north-eastern Papua, 5,850 ft.

#### Antechinus wilhelmina Tate

ANTECHINUS WILHELMINA WILHELMINA Tate

1947. Antechinus wilhelmina Tate, Bull. Amer. Mus. N.H. 88 130. 9 kilometres north of Lake Habbema, north of Mount Wilhelmina, Netherlands New Guinea, 2,800 metres. Range: central mountain range in central Netherlands New Guinea between 7,000 and 9,000 ft.

Antechinus wilhelmina hageni Laurie

1952. Antechinus hageni Laurie, Bull. Brit. Mus. (N.H.), Zool. 1: 296. Tomba, south-west slopes of the Hagen Range, central highlands, North-East New Guinca, 8,200 ft. Range: near Hagen Range, North-East New Guinea, between 8,000 and 9,000 ft. May be restricted to the highlands.

## Subfamily Dasyurinae

Genus NEOPHASCOGALE Stein

Pouched "Mouse"

1933. Neophascogale Stein, Z. Säugetierk. 8: 87. Type Phascogale lorentzi venusta Thomas = Phascogale lorentzii Jentink.

## Neophascogale lorentzi (Jentink)

1911. Phascogale lorentzii Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 33: 234. Hellwig Mountains, south of Mount Wilhelmina, Netherlands New Guinea, 2,600 metres.

1911. Phascogale nouhuysii Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 33: 235. Type locality originally given as "Bivak Island" but corrected by Jentink, Nova Guinea, 1911, 9: 181 to Bivak 4 (in southern foothills of Hellwig Mountains, south of Mount Wilhelmina), Netherlands New Guinea, about 1,050 metres.

1921. Phascogale lorentzi venusta Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 8: 358. Mount Kunupi, Weyland Mountains, western Netherlands New Guinea, 6,000 ft.

1922. Phascogale venusta rubrata Thomas, Nova Guinea, 13: 739. Mount Goliath, Orange Range, eastern Netherlands New Guinea.

Range: central mountain range in Netherlands New Guinea and North-East New Guinea, between 3,000 and 11,000 feet.

Genus PHASCOLOSOREX Matschie

Pouched "Mouse"

1916. Phascolosorex Matschie, Mitt. Zool Mus. Berl. 8: 263. Type Phascologale (sic)

#### Phascolosorex doriae (Thomas)

1886. Phascologale doriae Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 4: 208. Mori, Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, northwest Netherlands New Guinea.

1930. Phascogale umbrosa Dollman, P.Z.S. Lond. 434, pl. 2, fig. D. Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea, 1,000 metres.

1932. Phasogale pan Stein, Z. Säugetierk. 7: 255. Kunupi Mountain, Weyland Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea.

Range: Netherlands New Guinea, including the Vogelkop; probably a midmontane form.

## Phascolosorex dorsalis (Peters & Doria)

Phascolosorex dorsalis dorsalis (Peters & Doria)

1876. Phascologale dorsalis Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 8: 335.

Hatam, Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

## Phascolosorex dorsalis brevicaudata (Rothschild & Dollman)

1932. Phascogale brevicaudata Rothschild & Dollman, Abstr. P.Z.S. Lond. No. 353: 15 (November 29, 1932); P.Z.S. Lond. 1932: 1084 (1933); P.Z.S. Lond. 1933: 218, pl. 3, pl. 4, figs. 3, 4. The Gebroeders, Weyland Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea, 6,000 ft. Range: mountains of Netherlands New Guinea, except the Vogelkop, between 5,000 and 10,000 ft.

#### Phascolosorex dorsalis whartoni (Tate & Archbold)

1936. Phascogale (Phascolosorex) dorsalis whartoni Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 823: 4. Eastern slope of Mount Tafa, Central Division, Papua, 2,070 metres. Range: mountains of Papua and North-East New Guinea, between 4,000 and 9,000 ft.

## Genus MYOICTIS Gray

Pouched "Mouse"

1858. Myoictis Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 112. Type Myoictis wallacii ( = wallacei) Gray.

## Myoictis melas (Müller)

Myoictis melas melas (Müller)

1840. Phascogale melas Müller, in C. J. Temminck, Verh. Nat. Ges. Ned. Overz. Bezitt. Land-en Volkenkunde, Zool. 20. Mount Lamantsjieri, near Lobo, Triton Bay.

1845. Phascogalea melas Müller & Schlegel, in C. J. Temminck, Verh. Nat. Ges. Ned. Overz. Bezitt. Zool. 1: 149, pl. 25, figs. 1–3. Triton Bay, south coast of the Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

1866. Phascogalea thorbeckiana Schlegel, Ned. Tijdschr. Dierk. 3: 257. Salawatti, north-west Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

1875. Chaetocercus bruijnii Peters, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 7: 420. Andai, on the east side of Geelvinck Bay, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

1932. Phascogale melas senex Stein, Z. Säugetierk. 7: 255. Kunupi Mountain, Weyland Mountains, western Netherlands New Guinea.

#### MARSUPIALIA - PERAMELIDAE

1932. Phascogale melas bürgersi Stein, Z. Säugetierk. 7: 256. Meanderberg, North-East New Guinea. Tate (1947) gives this locality as "Aprilfluss, Meanderberg, northward offshoot within the great bend of the Sepik, from the Central Range of New Guinea, longitude 141° 45′ E., latitude 04° 00′ 05″ S."

Range: Netherlands New Guinea.

#### MYOICTIS MELAS WALLACEI Gray

1858. Myoictis wallacii Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 112, pl. 64, text-figs. 1–4. Aru Islands. 1881. Phascologale (Chaetocercus) pilicauda Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 16: 668. Fly River, south New Guinea.

Range: southern New Guinea; Aru Islands.

#### Myoictis Melas Wavicus Tate

1947. Myoictis melas wavicus Tate, Bull. Amer. Mus. N.H. 88: 140. Wau, near Morobe, north-eastern Papua, 3,800 ft.

Genus **SATANELLUS** Pocock Native "Cat"; "Tiger Cat" 1926. *Satanellus* Pocock, P.Z.S. Lond. 1083. Type *Dasyurus hallucatus* Gould.

## Satanellus albopunctatus (Schlegel)

1880. Dasyurus albopunctatus Schlegel, Notes Leyden Mus. 2: 51 (January). "Sapoea" (label locality), Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

1880. Dasyurus fuscus Milne-Edwards, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 172 (June). Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

1904. Dasyurus daemonellus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 14: 402. Avera, Aroa River, south coast of Papua.

Range: probably the whole of New Guinea.

## FAMILY PERAMELIDAE

Tate (1948) has studied this family in considerable detail.

#### Genus PERORYCTES Thomas

1906. Peroryctes Thomas, P.Z.S. Lond. 476. Type Perameles raffrayana Milne-Edwards. 1937. Ornoryctes Tate & Archbold, Bull. Amer. Mus. N.H. 73: 352 (as a subgenus). Type Perameles ornata Thomas.

## Peroryctes raffrayanus (Milne-Edwards)

Common Bandicoot; Long-nosed Bandicoot

## Peroryctes raffrayanus raffrayanus (Milne-Edwards)

1878. Perameles raffrayana Milne-Edwards, Ann. Sci. Nat. Paris, 7, art. 11: 1–2, pl. 8.
Amberbaki, Vogelkop, north-western Netherlands New Guinea. Range:
Netherlands New Guinea and North-East New Guinea from about sea level to 7,000 ft.

PERORYCTES RAFFRAYANUS BROADBENTI (Ramsay)

1879. Perameles broadbentii Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 3: 402, pl. 27 (1878). Dense mountain scrub on the banks of the Goldie River (a tributary of the Laloki River, Central Division, Papua), at a considerable distance inland from Port Moresby. Range: south-east New Guinea from about sea level to 9,000 ft.

PERORYCTES RAFFRAYANUS ROTHSCHILDI (Förster)

1913. Perameles rothschildi Förster, Zool. Anz. 42: 177. Mount Bolan, Saruwaged Range, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea, 3,600 metres.

1913. Perameles mainois Förster, Zool. Anz. 42: 178. Headwaters of the Bulung River, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea, 1,800-2,000 metres.

Range: Huon Peninsula, from 5,000 to 12,000 ft.

## Peroryctes longicauda (Peters & Doria)

Peroryctes Longicauda Longicauda (Peters & Doria)

1876. Perameles longicauda Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 8: 335. Hatam, Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-western Netherlands New Guinea. Range: Vogelkop; extends eastward to the Weyland Mountains (Tate (1948)).

Peroryctes Longicauda Ornatus (Thomas)

1904. Perameles ornata Thomas, P.Z.S. Lond. 1903, 2: 201 (1904). Avera, Aroa River, Papua. Range: North-East New Guinea and Papua from 5,000 to 14,000 ft.

Peroryctes Longicauda Dorsalis Thomas

1922. Peroryctes dorsalis Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 264; Nova Guinea, 13: 737. Doormanpad-bivak, 3° 30′ S., 138° 30′ E., Mamberano River basin, Netherlands New Guinea, 1,410 metres. Range: central and eastern Netherlands New Guinea, between 4,000 and 13,000 ft.

Peroryctes Longicauda magnus Laurie

1952. Peroryctes longicauda magna Laurie, Bull. Brit. Mus. (N.H.) Zool. 1: 290. Ikara, north-east slopes of Mount Simpson, eastern Papua, south-east New Guinea, 3,500 ft. Range: recorded only from the north-east slopes of Mount Simpson.

Peroryctes papuensis Laurie

1952. Peroryctes papuensis Laurie, Bull. Brit. Mus. (N.H.) Zool. 1: 291. Boneno, Mount Mura (30 miles north-west of Mount Simpson), main range, eastern Papua, south-east New Guinea, 4,000–5,000 ft.

Genus MICROPERORYCTES Stein

"Mouse" Bandicoot

1932. Microperoryctes Stein, Z. Säugetierk, 7: 256. Type Microperoryctes murina Stein.

Microperoryctes murina Stein

1932. Microperoryctes murina Stein, Z. Säugetierk. 7: 256, 257. Sumuri Mountain, Weyland Mountains, western Netherlands New Guinea, 2,500 metres.

#### MARSUPIALIA — PERAMELIDAE

#### Genus ECHYMIPERA Lesson

New Guinea Bandicoot

1842. Echymipera Lesson, Nouv. Tabl. Règne Anim. Mamm. 192. Type Perameles kalubu Lesson.

## Echymipera clara Stein

1932. Echymipera clara Stein, Z. Säugetierk, 7: 256. Japen Island, Geelvinck Bay, north-west Netherlands New Guinea. Range: Netherlands New Guinea.

## Echymipera kalubu (Lesson)

ECHYMIPERA KALUBU KALUBU Lesson)

- 1828. Perameles (?) kalubu Lesson, Dict. Class. d'H.N. 13: 200 (based on the use of the native name "kalubu" by Lesson & Garnot in Voy. "Coquille", 1827, 1: 123). Waigeu Island.
- 1830. Perameles doreyanus Quoy & Gaimard, in D. D'Urville, Voy. de l'Astrolabe, Zool. 1: 100, Atlas, 1833, 5: pl. 16. Dorei (= Manokwari), Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.
- 1877. Perameles cockerelli Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 1: 310, 378. New Ireland.
- 1883. Perameles myoides Günther, Ann. Mag. N.H. 11: 247. New Britain.
- 1884. Brachymelis garagassi Miklouho-Maclay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 9: 713, pl. 38. Maclay Coast, North-East New Guinea.
- 1897. Anuromeles rufiventris Heller, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, 6, 8: 5, text-f. Bongu, Astrolabe Bay, New Guinea.
- 1909. Suillomeles hispida Allen & Barbour, Proc. New England Zool. Cl. 4: 44.

  Manokwari, Dorch Bay, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.
- 1910. Perameles doreyana alticeps Cohn, Zool. Anz. 35: 724. North-East New Guinea. 1910. Perameles doreyana breviceps Cohn, Zool. Anz. 35: 725 (nom. nud., probable lapsus for alticeps Cohn).
- Range: Netherlands New Guinea; North-East New Guinea; Bismarck Archipelago; north-eastern and eastern Papua; Mysol Island.

## ECHYMIPERA KALUBU ORIOMO Tate & Archbold

1936. Echymipera oriomo Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 823: 1. Dogwa, Oriomo River, Western Division, Papua. Range: western Papua; extends into North-East New Guinea.

## ECHYMIPERA (?) KALUBU PHILIPI Troughton

1945. Echymipera philipi Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 21: 373. Owi Island, Schouten group, off north coast of New Guinea. Not seen. May be a race of E. kalubu.

## Echymipera rufescens (Peters & Doria)

ECHYMIPERA RUFESCENS RUFESCENS (Peters & Doria)

1875. Perameles rufescens Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 7: 541. Kei Islands.

#### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

ECHYMIPERA RUFESCENS RUFESCENS [contd.]

- 1875. Perameles aruensis Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 7: 542 (footnote). Aru Islands.
- 1896. Peramelopsis welsianus Heude, Mém. H.N. Emp. Chin. 3: 143. Kei Islands.

1910. Perameles keiensis Cohn, Zool. Anz. 35: 727. Kei Islands.

- 1914. Echymipera gargantua Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 13: 443. Wahatuna, Mimika River, south-west Netherlands New Guinea.
- Range: forested foothills and lowlands of western New Guinea both north and south of the central mountain range; south-western Papua; Kei and Aru Islands.

#### Genus THYLACIS Illiger

Short-nosed Bandicoot

- 1811. Thylacis Illiger, Prod. Syst. Mamm. 76. Type Didelphis obesula Shaw & Nodder.
- 1817. Isoodon Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'H.N. nouv. ed. 16: 409. Type Didelphis obesula Shaw & Nodder.

#### Thylacis macrourus (Gould)

(Thylacis macrourus macrourus (Gould). Extralimital)

1842. Perameles macroura Gould, P.Z.S. Lond. 41. Port Essington, Northern Territory, Australia.

Thylacis macrourus moresbyensis (Ramsay)

1877. Perameles moresbyensis Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 2: 14.

Apparently Port Moresby, Papua. Range: southern and south-eastern Papua.

#### Genus RHYNCHOMELES Thomas

1920. Rhynchomeles Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 429, 430. Type Rhynchomeles prattorum Thomas.

## Rhynchomeles prattorum Thomas

Ceram Island Bandicoot

1920. Rhynchomeles prattorum Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 429, 430. Mount Manusela, Ceram, 6,000 ft.

## FAMILY PHALANGERIDAE

In this family the genera *Phalanger* and *Pseudocheirus* have been reviewed in considerable detail by Tate (1945), (1945a). Notes on the remaining genera in the family can be found in Tate (1945b).

## Subsamily Phalangerinae

Genus PHALANGER Storr

Phalanger: Cuscus

1780. Phalanger Storr, Prod. Meth. Mamm. 38. Type Didelphis orientalis Pallas.

#### MARSUPIALIA - PHALANGERINAE

## Phalanger orientalis (Pallas)

Phalanger orientalis orientalis (Pallas)

- 1766. Didelphis orientalis Pallas, Misc. Zool. 61, 62. Amboina.
- 1776. Didelphis indica Mueller, Linn. Syst. Nat. Suppl. 35. Amboina.
- 1789. Didelphis molucca Gmelin, Linn. Syst. Nat. 106. "Philippines and Moluccas."
- 1801. Coescoes amboinensis Lacépède, Mém. Inst. Paris, 3: 491. Amboina.
- <sup>1</sup>1803. Phalangista alba E. Geoffroy, Cat. des Mamm. du Mus. Nat. d'H.N. Paris,
- <sup>1</sup>1803. *Phalangista rufa* E. Geoffroy, Cat. des Mamm. du Mus. Nat. d'H.N. Paris, 149.
- 1816. Balantia moluccensis Oken, Lehrb. Naturgesch. 3, Zool. 2: 1120. "Moluccas."
- 1816. Balantia minor Oken, Lehrb. Naturgesch. 3, Zool. 2: 1125. "Moluccas."
- 1816. Balantia fusca Oken, Lehrb. Naturgesch. 3, Zool. 2: 1125. "Moluccas."
- 1818. *Phalangista rufa* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'H.N. 25: 473. No locality: based on *Phalangista rufa* E. Geoffroy.
- 1820. Phalangista rufa var. B. alba Desmarest, Encycl. Méth. Mamm. 267. "Java."
- 1824. Phalanger cavifrons Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 1: 17, pl. 1, figs. 7-9, pl. 2, figs. 7-10. "Moluccas."

Range: Timor; Letti Island; Amboina; Buru, Ceram; Goram Island; Saparua Island; Sula Islands: Sula Bessi; Banda Islands; Kei Islands.

#### PHALANGER ORIENTALIS ORNATUS (Gray)

1860. Cuscus ornatus Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 1: 374, pl. 74. Batchian Island. Range: Halmahera group: Morotai Island; Halmahera; Batchian; Ternate; Obi Island; Gebe Island.

#### PHALANGER ORIENTALIS BREVICEPS Thomas

- 1858. Cuscus celebensis Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. pl. 62 (nec Gray, ibid. p. 105). San Christoval Island, Solomon Islands.
- 1888. Phalanger orientalis var. breviceps Thomas, Catalogue of Marsupialia and Monotremata in B.M. 204. San Christoval Island, Solomon Islands.
- Range: Solomon Islands. Tate (1945) considers that the chocolate-coloured, vestitus-like phalangers found in the southern arc of the Solomon Islands should perhaps be subspecifically distinguished.

#### PHALANGER ORIENTALIS INTERCASTELLANUS Thomas

- 1895. Phalanger orientalis intercastellanus Thomas, Novit. Zool. 2: 165. Fergusson Island, D'Entrecasteaux Archipelago.
- 1896. Phalanger orientalis kiriwinae Thomas, Novit. Zool. 3: 528. Kiriwina Island, Trobriand Islands.
- (?) 1898. Phalanger orientalis meeki Thomas, Novit. Zool. 5: 434. St. Aignan's Island (= Misima), Louisiade Archipelago.

Range: D'Entrecasteaux Archipelago; Trobriand Islands; (?) Louisiade Archipelago.

<sup>1</sup> This work is not nomenclatorially available as only a few copies were printed which Geoffroy gave privately to colleagues (see Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951: 282)).

#### PHALANGER ORIENTALIS LULLULAE Thomas

1896. Phalanger lullulae Thomas, Novit. Zool. 3: 528. Woodlark Island, near Trobriand Islands.

## Phalanger orientalis vulpecula (Förster)

1913. Pseudochirus vulpecula Förster, Zool. Anz. 42: 179. Sattelberg, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea, 900–1,000 metres.

1933. Phalanger orientalis interpositus Stein, Z. Säugetierk. 8: 90. Mount Kunupi, Weyland Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea, 1,500-2,000 metres.

1935. Phalanger brevinasus Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 810: 5. Mafulu, Central Division, Papua, 1,250 metres.

1935. Phalanger matsika Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 810: 7. Matsika, Angabunga River, Central Division, Papua, 950 metres.

Range: most of New Guinea apart from the south; Japen Island; Waigeu; Mysol Island; Salawatti Island; Batanta Island; Schouten group: Soëk Island.

#### Phalanger orientalis ducatoris Thomas

1826. Cuscus albus Lesson & Garnot, Voy. autour du Monde sur...la Coquille, Zool. 1: 158, Atlas, pl. 6 (nec Desmarest).

1922. Phalanger orientalis ducatoris Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 679. Duke of York Island, between New Britain and New Ireland.

Range: Bismarck Archipelago.

#### PHALANGER ORIENTALIS MIMICUS Thomas

1922. Phalanger orientalis mimicus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 679. Parimau, Mimika River, south-west Netherlands New Guinea, 250 ft.

1935. Phalanger microdon Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 810: 8. Dogwa, Oriomo River, Western Division, Papua, 30 metres.

Range: southern New Guinea; replaced by P. o. vulpecula in Port Moresby region in the east; Aru Islands.

## Phalanger maculatus (Desmarest)

Spotted Cuscus

## PHALANGER MACULATUS MACULATUS (Desmarest)

<sup>1</sup>1803. Phalangista maculata E. Geoffroy, Cat. des Mamm. du Mus. Nat. d'H.N. Paris, 149. "Moluccas." Type locality restricted to Dorei (= Manokwari), Vogelkop, north-western Netherlands New Guinea, by Tate (1945).

<sup>2</sup>1816. Balantia variegata Oken, Lehrb. Naturgesch. 3, Zool. 2: 1125. "Moluccas."
1818. Phalangista maculata Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'H.N. 25: 472. Based on Phalangista maculata E. Geoffroy: same locality.

1821. Phalangista variegata Schinz, Das Thierreiche aus dem Französischen freiübersetzt, Stuttgart, Tubingen, 1: 258. No type locality.

<sup>1</sup> This work is not nomenclatorially available as only a few copies were printed which Geoffroy gave privately to colleagues (see Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1051: 282)).

gave privately to colleagues (see Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951: 282)).

<sup>2</sup> This work is at present before the International Commission. Until the question of its availability is settled we use maculatus Desmarest (1818).

#### MARSUPIALIA - PHALANGERINAE

(?) 1822. Phalangista papuensis Desmarest, Encycl. Méth. Mamm. Suppl. 541. "La Terre des Papous." Said by Jentink (1885) to be based on same specimen as

Phalangista quoy Gaimard (q.v.).

(?) 1824. Phalangista quoy Gaimard, Bull. Sci. Nat. Paris, 1: 271; Quoy & Gaimard, Voy. "Uranie", Zool. 58, Atlas, pl. 6. Type locality uncertain. Gaimard states that the animal was said to be from Amboina, but Quoy & Gaimard state that it was from Waigeu. The type in the Paris Museum is labelled Waigeu [Tate (1945)].

(?) 1826. Cuscus macrourus Lesson & Garnot, Voy. autour du Monde sur...la

Coquille, Zool. 1: 156, Atlas, pl. 5. Waigeu.

Range: north and north-west New Guinea; Salawatti Island; Mysol Island; Batanta Island; Waigeu; Japen Island; Mefor Island; Schouten group: Soëk and Biak Islands.

Tate (1945) considers that *P. maculatus* from the islands off the north-west tip of New Guinea should perhaps be subspecifically distinguished from the mainland race.

## PHALANGER MACULATUS CHRYSORRHOUS (Temminck)

1824. Phalangista chrysorrhous Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 1: 12, pl. 1, figs. 4-6. "Moluccas." Range: Saleyer Island (south of Celebes); Amboina: Banda; Ceram; Buru; Pulo Pandjang; Khoor Island; Tyoor Island; Kei Islands; Aru Islands: Wammer; Wokam; Wonoembai; Maykoor; southern New Guinea; extends westward into the southern part of the Vogelkop. The Spotted Phalanger is recorded from eastern Flores by Mertens (1929); Sody 1933) queries this record.

## PHALANGER MACULATUS GOLDIEI (Ramsay)

1876. Cuscus chrysorrhous var. goldiei Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 1: 305. Port Moresby, Papua. Range: Papua.

#### PHALANGER MACULATUS KRAEMERI Schwarz

1910. Phalanger maculatus krämeri Schwarz, S.B. Ges. Naturf. Fr. Berlin, No. 9: 406.
Admiralty Islands.

1914. Phalanger maculatus minor Cohn, Zool. Anz. 44: 511. Admiralty Islands.

1937. Phalanger maculatus rufoniger Zimara, Anz. Akad. Wiss. Wien. 74: 35. Sattelberg, Huon Peninsula.

Range: Huon Peninsula; Admiralty and Echiquier Islands.

## Phalanger atrimaculatus Tate

1945. Phalanger atrimaculatus Tate, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1283: 4. Bernhard Camp, Idenburg River, 100 miles south-west of Hollandia, Netherlands New Guinea, 75 metres. Range: recorded only from type locality and Keku, south of Madang.

## Phalanger celebensis (Gray)

PHALANGER CELEBENSIS CELEBENSIS (Gray)

1858. Cuscus celebensis Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 105 (but not pl. 62). Macassar, south Celebes. Range: Celebes.

PHALANGER CELEBENSIS SANGIRENSIS Mever

1896. Phalanger sangirensis Meyer, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, 6, 6:34, pl. 15, figs. 2, 3. Sanghir Islands.

PHALANGER CELEBENSIS ROTHSCHILDI Thomas

1898. Phalanger rothschildi Thomas, Novit. Zool. 5: 433. Loiwuj, Great Obi Island, Molucca Islands.

PHALANGER CELEBENSIS PELENGENSIS Tate

1945. Phalanger celebensis pelengensis Tate, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1283: 3. Peleng Island, east of Celebes.

## Phalanger gymnotis (Peters & Doria)

1875. Phalangista (Cuscus) gymnotis Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 7: 543. Gialnhengan, Aru Islands.

1898. Phalanger leucippus Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 19: 7. Upper Vanapa River, Papua.

Range: most of New Guinea from about sea level to 8,000 feet; Aru Islands; (?) Wetar Island; (?) Timor Island.

## Phalanger vestitus (Milne-Edwards)

Silky Phalanger

1877. Cuscus vestitus Milne-Edwards, C.R. Acad. Sci. Paris, 85: 1080. Karons Mountains, Tamrau Mountains, northern Vogelkop, Netherlands New Guinea.

1898. Phalanger carmelitae Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 19: 5. Upper Vanapa River, Papua.

1907. Phalanger sericeus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 20: 74. Owgarra, Angabunga River, Papua, 6,000 ft.

1922. Phalanger coccygis Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 673. Saruwaged Mountains, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea, 3,000 metres.

Range: most of New Guinea, from middle to high altitudes.

## Phalanger ursinus (Temminck)

Bear Phalanger

Phalanger ursinus ursinus (Temminck)

1824. *Phalangista ursina* Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 1: 10, pl. 1, figs. 1–3, pl. 2, figs. 1–5. North Celebes. Range: lowlands of Celebes; Peleng Island.

PHALANGER URSINUS MELANOTIS Thomas

1898. Phalanger melanotis Thomas, Novit. Zool. 5: 2. Lirung, Talaut Islands.

#### MARSUPIALIA - PHALANGERINAE

PHALANGER URSINUS FURVUS Miller & Hollister

1922. Phalanger furvus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 35: 115. Rano Rano, middle Celebes. Range: uplands of central and eastern Celebes.

PHALANGER URSINUS TOGIANUS Tate

1945. Phalanger ursinus togianus Tate, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1283: 4. Malenge, Togian Islands, Gulf of Tomini, Celebes.

## Genus EUDROMICIA Mjöberg

"Dormouse" Phalanger;

"Dormouse Opossum"

1916. Eudromicia Mjöberg, Handl. K. Svenska Vetensk. Akad. 52, 2: 13 (January). Type Eudromicia macrura Mjöberg.

1916. Dromiciola Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin 8: 260 (April). Type Dromicia lepida Thomas.

## Eudromicia caudata (Milne-Edwards)

1877. Dromicia caudata Milne-Edwards, C. R. Acad. Sci. Paris, 85: 1079. Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea. Range: New Guinea, including the Vogelkop, between 5,000 and 13,000 ft.; Fergusson Island.

## Genus DACTYLOPSILA Gray

Striped Phalanger; Striped "Opossum"

1858. Dactylopsila Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 109. Type Dactylopsila trivirgata Gray.

## Dactylopsila trivirgata Gray

Dactylopsila trivirgata trivirgata Gray

1858. Dactylopsila trivirgata Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 111, pl. 63, text-figs. 1-4. Aru Islands.

1875. Dactylopsila albertisii Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 7: 542. Sorong, west Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

1880. Phalangista (Dactylopsila) angustivittis Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 16: 674. Sorong, west Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

1916. Dactylopsila occidentalis Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin, 8: 302. Waigeu Island, north-west of New Guinea.

1916. Dactylopsila arfakensis Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin, 8: 302. Hatam, Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

Range: Netherlands New Guinea; Aru Islands; Waigeu Island; Japen Island.

#### DACTYLOPSILA TRIVIRGATA MELAMPUS Thomas

1908. Dactylopsila melampus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 1: 122. Kokoda, Mambaré River, Papua, 1,000 ft.

#### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

DACTYLOPSILA TRIVIRGATA MELAMPUS [contd.]

- 1914. Dactylopsila hindenburgi Ramme, S.B. Ges. Naturf. Fr. Berlin, 413. Sattelberg, North-East New Guinea.
- 1916. Dactylopsila biedermanni Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin, 8: 303. Upper Aroa River, Papua.

Range: North-East New Guinea, including the Huon Peninsula; eastern and central Papua.

[Dactylopsila trivirgata kataui Matschie]

1916. Dactylopsila kataui Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin, 8: 304. Katau, lower Fly River, Papua. Range: lower Fly River area, southern Papua.

## Dactylopsila megalura Rothschild & Dollman

1932. Dactylopsila megalura Rothschild & Dollman, Abstr. P.Z.S. Lond, No. 353: 14 (November 29, 1932); P.Z.S. Lond. 1932: 1083 (1933); P.Z.S. Lond. 1933: 215, pl. 1, pl. 4, figs. 1, 2. The Gebroeders, Weyland Range, Netherlands New Guinea.

## Dactylopsila tatei Laurie

1952. Dactylopsila tatei Laurie, Bull. Brit. Mus. (N.H.), Zool. 1: 278. Mountains above Taibutu village, Faralulu district, west Fergusson Island, 2,000–3,000 ft.

Genus **DACTYLONAX** Thomas Long-fingered Striped Phalanger

1910. Dactylonax Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 610. Type Dactylopsila palpator Milne-Edwards.

## Dactylonax palpator (Milne-Edwards)

1888. Dactylopsila palpator Milne-Edwards, Mém. Centenaire Soc. Philom. Paris, 174, pls. 15, 16. South coast of New Guinea.

1932. Dactylonax palpator ernstmayri Stein, Z. Säugetierk. 7: 254. Junzaing, Saruwaged Range, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea.

Range: Papua and North-East New Guinea. Altitudinal range wide.

Genus PETAURUS Shaw & Nodder

Flying Phalanger; Flying "Opossum"; Glider

1791. Petaurus Shaw & Nodder, The Naturalist's Miscellany, 2: pl. 60, letterpress.

Type Petaurus australis Shaw & Nodder.

#### MARSUPIALIA — PHALANGERINAE

## Petaurus breviceps Waterhouse

(PETAURUS BREVICEPS BREVICEPS Waterhouse. Extralimital)

1838. Petaurus (Belideus) breviceps Waterhouse, P.Z.S. Lond. 152. New South Wales. Extralimital synonym given by Iredale & Troughton (1934).

## PETAURUS BREVICEPS PAPUANUS Thomas

1888. Petaurus breviceps var. papuanus Thomas, Catalogue Marsupialia and Monotremata...B.M. 158. Huon Gulf, North-East New Guinea. Range: northern and North-East New Guinea, including the Vogelkop; Batchian; Mysol; New Britain; D'Entrecasteaux Islands; Fergusson Island; Papua; a lowland and midmontane race.

## PETAURUS BREVICEPS TAFA Tate & Archbold

1935. Petaurus (Petaurella) papuanus tafa Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 810: 1. Eastern Ridge, Mount Tafa, Central Division, Papua, 2,000 metres. Range: Papua and North-East New Guinea, between 4,000 and 8,500 ft.

#### PETAURUS BREVICEPS FLAVIDUS Tate & Archbold

1935. Petaurus | Petaurella) papuanus flavidus Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 810: 2. Dogwa, Oriomo River, Western Division, Papua, 30 metres. Range: south coast of New Guinea; (?) Aru Islands.

## PETAURUS BREVICEPS BIACENSIS Ulmer

1940. Petaurus (Petaurella) papuanus biacensis Ulmer, Notul. Nat. Philad. No. 52: 1. Korrido, Biak Island, New Guinea.

## Petaurus (?) breviceps kohlsi Troughton

1945. Petaurus kohlsi Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 21: 273. Owi Island, Schouten group, north of New Guinea.

Not seen. Probably a race of breviceps.

## Genus ACROBATES Desmarest

Pygmy Flying Phalanger; Pygmy Glider

1818. Acrobates Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'H.N. 25: 405, Type Didelphis pygmaeus Shaw.

## Acrobates pulchellus Rothschild

1893. Acrobates pulchellus Rothschild, P.Z.S. Lond. 546 (1892). "One of the small islands in northern Dutch New Guinea."

## Genus DISTOECHURUS Peters

Feather-tailed Phalanger; Pen-tailed Phalanger

1874. Distoechurus Peters, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 6: 303 (as a subgenus). Type Phalangista (Distoechurus) pennata Peters.

## Distoechurus pennatus (Peters)

DISTOECHURUS PENNATUS PENNATUS (Peters)

- 1874. Phalangista (Distoechurus) pennata Peters, Ann. Mus. Stor. Genova, 6: 303. Andai, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.
- 1916. Distoechurus neuhassi Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin, 8: 292. Sattelberg, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea.
- 1920. Distoechurus pennatus amoenus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 537. Rawlinson Mountains, North-East New Guinea.
- Range: Netherlands New Guinea, North-East New Guinea and eastern Papua between 2,000 and 6,000 ft.

#### DISTOECHURUS PENNATUS DRYAS Thomas

1920. Distoechurus pennatus dryas Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 537. Mount Gayata, Richardson Range, eastern part of Owen Stanley Range, Papua, 3,000 ft. Range: Papua between 50 and 3,000 ft.

#### Subfamily Phascolarctinae

## Genus PSEUDOCHEIRUS Ogilby

Ring-tailed "Opossum"; Ring-tailed Phalanger

- 1837. Pseudocheirus Ogilby, Mag. N.H. (Charlesworth), 1: 457 (ex Ogilby, P.Z.S. Lond. 1836: 26, Pseudochirus (nom. nud.)). Type, by subsequent designation (Thomas (1888)), (Iredale & Troughton (1934)), (Tate (1945)), Pseudocheirus cookii Ogilby (nec Desmarest) = Phalangista laniginosa Gould = Didelphis peregrinus Boddaert.
- 1915. Pseudochirops Matschie, S.B. Ges. Naturf. Fr. Berlin, 86 (as a subgenus). Type
  Pseudochirops schultzei Matschie = Phalangista (Pseudochirus) albertisii Peters.
  Valid as a subgenus.
- 1915. Pseudochirulus Matschie, S.B. Ges. Naturf. Fr. Berlin, 91 (as a subgenus). Type Phalangista (Pseudochirus) canescens Waterhouse.

## Subgenus PSEUDOCHEIRUS Ogilby

#### Pseudocheirus caroli Thomas

PSEUDOCHEIRUS CAROLI CAROLI Thomas

1921. Pseudochirus caroli Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 8: 357. Mount Kunupi, Menoo Valley, Weyland Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea, 6,000 ft.

#### PSEUDOCHEIRUS CAROLI VERSTEEGI Thomas

1922. Pseudochirus versteegi Thomas, Nova Guinea, 13: 735. Kloof-bivak, Noord River basin, central Netherlands New Guinea, 100 ft.

#### Pseudocheirus forbesi Thomas

PSEUDOCHEIRUS FORBESI FORBESI Thomas

1887. Pseudochirus forbesi Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 19: 146. Sogeri, Astrolabe Range, Port Moresby, Papua, 1,500 ft. Range: Papua, from 1,000 to 6,500 ft.

## PSEUDOCHEIRUS FORBESI LARVATUS (Förster & Rothschild)

1911. Phalanger larvatus Förster and Rothschild, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 337. Rawlinson Mountains, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea.

1915. Pseudochirulus capistratus Matschie, S.B. Ges. Naturf. Fr. Berlin, 92. Schrader Mountains, between Sepik and Ramu Rivers, North-East New Guinea, 5° 00′ S., 144° 00′ E., 2,100 metres.

1915. Pseudochirulus barbatus Matschie, S.B. Ges. Naturf. Fr. Berlin, 93. Sattelberg, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea.

Range: North-East New Guinea.

### PSEUDOCHEIRUS FORBESI LEWISI Dollman

1930. Pseudochirus lewisi Dollman, P.Z.S., Lond. 431, pl. 3. Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea, 6,200 ft.

#### PSEUDOCHEIRUS FORBESI LONGIPILIS Tate & Archbold

1935. Pseudochirus (Pseudochirulus) forbesi longipilis Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 810: 4. Mave, Tafa Range, Central Division, Papua, 2,225 metres. Range: Papua, from 6,500 to 8,000 ft.

## Pseudocheirus schlegeli Jentink

1884. Pseudochirus schlegeli Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 6: 110. Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

## Pseudocheirus mayeri Rothschild & Dollman

1932. Pseudochirus mayeri Rothschild & Dollman, Abstr. P.Z.S. Lond. No. 353: 15 (November 29, 1932); P.Z.S. Lond, 1932: 1083 (1933); P.Z.S. Lond. 1933: 216, pl. 2, pl. 4, figs. 5, 6. The Gebroeders, Weyland Range, Netherlands New Guinea.

1932. Pseudochirulus pygmaeus Stein, Z. Säugetierk. 7: 257 (December). Sumuriberg, Weyland Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea.

Range: Netherlands and North-East New Guinea between 6,000 and 12,000 ft.

## Pseudocheirus canescens (Waterhouse)

PSEUDOCHEIRUS CANESCENS CANESCENS (Waterhouse)

1845. Phalanger grisonnant Hombron & Jaquinot, in D. D'Urville, Voyage au Pôle Sud, Atlas, Zool. Mamm. pl. 16; Jaquinot & Pucheran, ibid. Zool. 1853, 3: 33 (vernacular name). Triton Bay, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

1846. Phalangista (Pseudochirus) canescens Waterhouse, A Natural History of the Mammalia, 1: 306 (naming of Phalanger grisonnant).

1874. Phalangista grisescenti Peters, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 6: 303. No locality. Range: Netherlands New Guinea.

#### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

Pseudocheirus canescens bernsteini (Schlegel)

1866. *Phalangista bernsteinii* Schlegel, Ned. Tijdschr. Dierk. *3*: 357. Salawatti, northwest of Vogelkop, Netherlands New Guinea.

PSEUDOCHEIRUS CANESCENS GYRATOR Thomas

1904. Pseudochirus canescens gyrator Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 14: 401. Lindum Creek, Gira River district, Papua, 600 ft. Range: Papua north of the central mountain range, 600-5,500 ft.

[PSEUDOCHEIRUS CANESCENS AVARUS Thomas]

1906. Pseudochirus avarus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 17: 329. Port Moresby, Papua. Range: Papua south of the central mountain range.

Pseudocheirus canescens dammermani Thomas

1922. Pseudochirus dammermani Thomas, Nova Guinea, 13: 736. "Dutch North New Guinea" = Netherlands New Guinea. Range: Unknown; Tate (1945a) considers that this race is only weakly separable from P. c. canescens.

Subgenus PSEUDOCHIROPS Matschie

## Pseudocheirus albertisi (Peters)

1874. Phalangista (Pseudochirus) albertisii Peters, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 6: 303. Hatam, Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

1897. Pseudochirus albertisi coronatus Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 18: 144. Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea, 2,000 metres.

1915. Pseudochirops schultzei Matschie, S.B. Ges. Naturf. Fr. Berlin, 87. Sepik region, 200 miles south-east of the Cyclops Mountains.

1930. Pseudochirus albertisi paradoxus Dollman, P.Z.S. Lond. 432. Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea, 6,200 ft.

1933. Pseudochirops albertisi insularis Stein, Z. Säugetierk. 8: 88. Japen Island, Geelvinck Bay, Netherlands New Guinea.

Range: Netherlands New Guinea; Japen Island.

#### Pseudocheirus corinnae Thomas

PSEUDOCHEIRUS CORINNAE CORINNAE Thomas

1897. Pseudochirus corinnae Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 18: 142, pl. 2.
Upper Vanapa River, Papua. Range: mountains of Netherlands New
Guinea, North-East New Guinea and Papua between 4,000 and 8,500 ft.

Pseudocheirus corinnae argenteus Förster

1913. Pseudocheirus argenteus Förster, Zool. Anz. 42: 179. Sattelberg, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea, 900–1,000 metres.

1915. Pseudochirops bürgersi Matschie, S.B. Ges. Naturf. Fr. Berlin, 89. Schrader Mountains, 5° 00′ S., 144° 00′ E., between Sepik and Ramu Rivers, North-East New Guinea.

1922. Pseudochirus corinnae caecias Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 674. Upper Bagua River, Mambaré River, Papua, 3,000 ft.

Range: North-East New Guinea and north-east Papua between 3,000 and 5,000 ft.

#### MARSUPIALIA - MACROPODIDAE

#### Pseudocheirus corinnae fuscus Laurie

1952. Pseudocheirus (Pseudochirops) corinnae fuscus Laurie, Bull. Brit. Mus. (N.H.), Zool. 1: 284. Ikara, north-east slopes of Mount Simpson, eastern Papua, south-east New Guinea, about 4,000 ft. Range: south-east Papua near Mount Simpson, 4,000-5,000 ft.

## Pseudocheirus cupreus Thomas

PSEUDOCHEIRUS CUPREUS CUPREUS Thomas

1897. Pseudocheirus cupreus Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 18: 145. Owen Stanley Range, Papua.

1935. Pseudochirus (Pseudochirops) cupreus obscurior Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 810: 3. West slope of Mount Tafa, Central Division, Papua, 2,400 metres.

Range: Papua; North-East New Guinea; 4,500-13,000 ft.

#### PSEUDOCHEIRUS CUPREUS BEAUFORTI Thomas

1922. Pseudochirus beauforti Thomas, Nova Guinea, 13: 734. Lorentz River, Netherlands New Guinea. Range: mountains of central Netherlands New Guinea.

#### FAMILY MACROPODIDAE

Tate (1948a) has made a comprehensive study of this family.

## Subfamily Macropodinae

#### Genus DORCOPSULUS Matschie

1916. Dorcopsulus Matschie, S.B. Ges. Naturf. Fr. Berlin, 57. Type Dorcopsis macleayi Miklouho-Maclay.

## Dorcopsulus macleayi (Miklouho-Maclay)

1885. Dorcopsis macleayi Miklouho-Maclay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 10:
145, 149, pl. 20, figs. 5–9. South coast of New Guinea, inland from Hanuabada (= Port Moresby). Range: mountains near Port Moresby, Papua.

## Dorcopsulus vanheurni (Thomas)

DORCOPSULUS VANHEURNI VANHEURNI (Thomas)

1922. Dorcopsis vanheurni Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 264; Nova Guinea, 13: 733.

Doormanpad-bivak, 3° 30′ S., 138° 30′ E., Netherlands New Guinea, 1,410 metres. Range: Netherlands New Guinea, North-East New Guinea and eastern Papua between 2,500 and 7,000 ft.

#### Dorcopsulus vanheurni rothschildi Thomas

1922. Dorcopsulus rothschildi Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 672. Saruwaged Mountains, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea, 3,000 metres. Range: mountains of Huon Peninsula.

## Genus DORCOPSIS Schlegel & Müller

1845. Dorcopsis Schlegel & Müller, in C. J. Temminck, Verh. Nat. Ges. Ned. Overz. Bezitt. Zool. 1: 130. Type Didelphis brunii Quoy & Gaimard (nec Schreber) = Macropus mülleri Schlegel.

## Dorcopsis muelleri (Schlegel)

- 1826. Kangurus veterum Lesson & Garnot, Voyage autour du Monde, sur...la Coquille, Zool. 1: 164. This name is not used for the reasons given by Thomas (1888: 87). Dorei (= Manokwari), Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.
- 1830. Didelphis brunii Quoy & Gaimard, in D. D'Urville, Voy. Astrolabe, Zool. 1:
  116, pl. 20 (nee Schreber). Dorey ( = Manokwari), Vogelkop, north-west
  Netherlands New Guinea.
- 1839. Hypsiprymnus dorsocephalus Owen, P.Z.S. Lond. 16 (nom. nud.). New Guinea.
- 1843. Halmaturus asiaticus Gray, List. Mamm. B.M. 91 (nom. nud., nec Pallas).

  Applied to a specimen of D. nuelleri in the B.M. This specimen was one of the original series described by Schlegel & Müller as Dorcopsis brunii and was received in exchange with the Leyden Museum. The label is marked "Lobo Bay".
- 1845. Dorcopsis brunii Schlegel & Müller, in C. J. Temminck, Verh. Nat. Ges. Ned. Overz. Bezitt. Zool. 1: 131, pl. 21, pl. 22, fig. 3, pl. 23, figs. 7, 8, pl. 24, figs. 7–9. New Guinea and Aru Islands.
- 1866. Macropus mülleri Schlegel, Ned. Tijdschr. Dierk. 3: 353. Lobo Bay.
- 1874. Halmaturus luctuosus D'Albertis, P.Z.S. Lond. 110. "South-east of New Guinea."
- 1884. Dorcopsis chalmersii Miklouho-Maclay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 9: 569, 570, pl. 19. South coast of New Guinea, on the mainland, opposite Dinner ( = Samarai) Island.
- 1885. Dorcopsis becarii Miklouho-Maclay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 10: 145, 146, pl. 20, figs. 1–4. Hills in the vicinity of Hanuabada ( = Port Moresby), south coast of New Guinea.
- 1898. Dorcopsis rufolateralis Rothschild & Rothschild, Novit. Zool. 5: 512. Northern New Guinea.
- 1908. Dorcopsis lorentzii Jentink, Nova Guinea, 9: 10, pl. 1, figs 14 a-d. Van Weil's Camp and Alkmaar, Noord River, south Netherlands New Guinea.
- 1913. Dorcopsis mysoliae Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 11: 507. Mysol Island, off Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.
- Range: southern Papua; Netherlands New Guinea including the Vogelkop; Mysol and Salawatti Islands.

#### MARSUPIALIA — MACROPODIDAE

#### Dorcopsis hageni Heller

1897. Dorcopsis hageni Heller, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, 6, 8: 7. Stefansort, near Astrolabe Bay, northern New Guinea.

1922. Dorcopsis hageni caurina Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 264; Nova Guinea, 13: 732. Pionier-bivak, 2° 20' S., 138° 0' E., Netherlands New Guinea.

1937. Conoyees hageni eitape Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus. 20: 117. Eitape district, North-East New Guinea.

Range: northern Netherlands New Guinea; North-East New Guinea.

#### Genus DENDROLAGUS Müller

Tree Kangaroo

1840. Dendrolagus Müller, in C. J. Temminck, Verh. Nat. Ges. Ned. Overz. Bezitt. Land-en Volkenkunde, Zool. 20. Type Dendrolagus ursinus Müller.

The genus has been reviewed in some detail by Rothschild & Dollman (1936).

## Dendrolagus matschiei Förster & Rothschild

1907. Dendrolagus matschiei Förster & Rothschild, Novit. Zool. 14: 506. Rawlinson Mountains, North-East New Guinea.

1912. Dendrolagus matschiei flavidior Matschie, S.B. Ges. Naturf. Fr. Berlin, 10: 572. Sattelberg, Rawlinson Mountains, North-East New Guinea.

1936. Dendrolagus matschiei xanthotis Rothschild & Dollman, Trans. Zool Soc. Lond. 21: 482, 483. Cromwell Mountains, near Finisterre Range, North-East New Guinea.

Range: Huon Peninsula; North-East New Guinea.

## Dendrolagus goodfellowi Thomas

DENDROLAGUS GOODFELLOWI GOODFELLOWI Thomas

1908. Dendrolagus goodfellowi Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 452. Owen Stanley Range, near Mount Obree, Papua, 8,000 ft. Range: Papua.

## DENDROLAGUS GOODFELLOWI BUERGERSI Matschie

1912. Dendrolagus bürgersi Matschie, S.B. Ges. Naturf. Fr. Berlin, 10: 571. Hunsteinspitze, Königin-Auguste River, Netherlands New Guinea. Range: Netherlands New Guinea. Not seen: possibly a race of matschiei.

## DENDROLAGUS GOODFELLOWI SHAWMAYERI Rothschild & Dollman

1936. Dendrolagus goodfellowi shawmayeri Rothschild & Dollman, Trans. Zool. Soc. Lond. 21: 484, 486, pl. 38, pl. 52, figs. 4–6. Arau, Kratke Mountains, North-East New Guinea, 4,500 ft. Range: North-East New Guinea.

## Dendrolagus dorianus Ramsay

Dendrolagus dorianus dorianus Ramsay

1883. Dendrolagus dorianus Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 8: 17.

Mountain ranges behind Mount Astrolabe, Papua.

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DENDROLAGUS DORIANUS DORIANUS [contd.]

1936. Dendrolagus palliceps Troughton & Le Souef, Rec. Aust. Mus. 19: 388. Based on Rothschild & Dollman (1936, pl. 39); no type locality cited.

Range: Papua; North-East New Guinea.

DENDROLAGUS DORIANUS NOTATUS Matschie

1916. Dendrolagus notatus Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin, 8: 294. Slopes of the Schrader Mountains, between 5° o' S., 144° o' E., North-East New Guinea. Range: high mountain slopes of North-East New Guinea.

Dendrolagus dorianus mayri Rothschild & Dollman

1933. Dendrolagus mayri Rothschild & Dollman, Abstr. P.Z.S. Lond. No. 359: 40; P.Z.S. Lond. 1933: 540. Wondiwoi Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea, 1,600 metres.

Dendrolagus dorianus aureus Rothschild & Dollman

1936. Dendrolagus dorianus ab. loc. aureus Rothschild & Dollman, Trans. Zool. Soc. Lond. 21: 490, pl. 40. Aroa River, Papua.

Dendrolagus dorianus profugus Troughton & Le Souef

1936. Dendrolagus dorianus profugus Troughton & Le Souef, Rec. Aust. Mus. 19: 389.

Denewa, inland towards Mount Simpson, from Boianai, near Radava, at the eastern end of Goodenough Bay, North-Eastern Division, Papua, 3,000–4,000 ft.

Dendrolagus spadix Troughton & Le Souef

1936. Dendrolagus spadix Troughton & Le Souef, Aust. Zool. 8: 194. Area between the Bamu, upper Awarra and Strickland Rivers, Western Division, Papua.

Dendrolagus deltae Troughton & Le Souef

1936. Dendrolagus deltae Troughton & Le Souef, Aust. Zool. 8: 195. Region of Mount Pratt, in the north-east of the Delta Division of Papua.

## Dendrolagus inustus Müller

Dendrolagus inustus inustus Müller

1840. Dendrolagus inustus Müller, in C. J. Temminck, Verh. Nat. Ges. Ned. Overz. Bezitt. Land-en Volkenkunde, Zool. 20. Mount Lamantsjieri, near Lobo, Triton Bay.

1845. Dendrolagus inustus Schlegel & Müller, in C. J. Temminck, Verh. Nat. Ges. Ned. Overz. Bezitt. Zool. 1: 131, 143, pl. 20, pl. 22, fig. 2, pl. 23, figs. 4–6. Lobo (= Triton) Bay, Vogelkop, Netherlands New Guinea.

1898. Dendrolagus maximus Rothschild & Rothschild, Novit. Zool. 5: 511. Netherlands New Guinea.

1916. Dendrolagus sorongensis Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin, 8: 300. Sorong Island, west Vogelkop, Netherlands New Guinea.

Range: Vogelkop; north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

#### MARSUPIALIA — MACROPODIDAE

#### DENDROLAGUS INUSTUS FINSCHI Matschie

1916. Dendrolagus finschi Matschie, S.B. Ges. Naturf. Fr. Berlin, 163. Tami, Humboldt Bay, north-east Netherlands New Guinea.

#### Dendrolagus inustus schoedei Matschie

1916. Dendrolagus schoedei Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin, 8: 296. Eitape (= Berlinhafen), Finsch Coast, North-East New Guinea.

1916. Dendrolagus keiensis Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin, 8: 297. "Great Kei Island." According to Dr. E. Stresemann (Tate (1948)), the type of keiensis was collected in North-East New Guinea by Rolle, a dealer.

Range: North-East New Guinea.

## Dendrolagus ursinus Müller

1840. Dendrolagus ursinus Müller, in C. J. Temminck, Verh. Nat. Ges. Ned. Overz. Bezitt. Land-en Volkenkunde, Zool. 20. Mount Lamantsjieri, near Lobo, Triton Bay.

1845. Dendrolagus ursinus Schlegel & Müller, in C. J. Temminck, Verh. Nat. Ges. Ned. Overz. Bezitt. Zool. 1: 131, 141, pl. 19, pl. 22, fig. 1, pl. 23, figs. 1–3. Lobo Bay, south shore of the Vogelkop, Netherlands New Guinea.

1916. Dendrolagus leucogenys Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin, 8: 293. Near Manokwari, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

Range: Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

#### Genus PROTEMNODON Owen

Large Wallaby

1873. Protemnodon Owen, Proc. Roy. Soc. Lond. 21: 128. Type Macropus anak Owen (by subsequent designation, Tate & Archbold (1937)).

## Protemnodon agilis (Gould)

(Protemnodon agilis agilis (Gould). Extralimital)

1842. Halmaturus agilis Gould, P.Z.S. Lond. 81 (1841). Port Essington, north Australia.

## Protemnodon agilis papuanus (Peters & Doria)

1875. Macropus papuanus Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 7: 544.
Mainland, near Yule Island, Papua.

1876. Halmaturus crassipes Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 1: 162, 395. Near Port Moresby, Papua.

1898. Dorcopsis (?) aurantiacus Rothschild & Rothschild, Novit. Zool. 5: 513. New Guinea.

Range: from Merauke River, south-west New Guinea, to the Kemp Welch River, Papua; Kiriwina Island, Trobriand Islands.

## Genus THYLOGALE Gray

Scrub Wallaby; Pademelon Wallaby

1837. Thylogale Gray, Mag. N.H. (Charlesworth), 1: 583. Type Halmaturus thetis Lesson.

## Thylogale stigmatica (Gould)

(Thylogale stigmatica stigmatica (Gould). Extralimital)

1860. Halmaturus stigmatica Gould, P.Z.S. Lond. 375; Mamm. Austr. pls. 33, 34 and letterpress. Point Cooper, north of Rockingham Bay, Queensland.

THYLOGALE STIGMATICA ORIOMO (Tate & Archbold)

1935. Macropus coxenii oriomo Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 804: 1.
Wuroi, Oriomo River, Western Division, Papua. Range: south coast of Papua.

## Thylogale bruijni (Schreber)

Thylogale bruijni bruijni (Schreber)

1778. Didelphis brunii Schreber, Die Säugethiere, 3: 551, pl. 153. Type locality restricted to the Aru Islands by Schlegel (1866). (Based on Bruijn (1714).)

1884. Macropus jukesii Miklouho-Maclay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 9: 890, 891, pl. 39, figs. 1–6. Hills near Anuabada ( = Port Moresby), south coast of New Guinea.

1884. Macropus gracilis Miklouho-Maclay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 9: 894, pl. 39, figs. 7, 8. (nec Gould). Hills near Anuabada ( = Port Moresby, south coast of New Guinea).

Range: south coast of New Guinea.

Thylogale bruijni browni (Ramsay)

1877. Halmaturus browni Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 1: 307. New Ireland.

1877. Macropus lugens Alston, P.Z.S. Lond. 126, pl. 19. Duke of York Island, or adjoining shores of New Britain or New Ireland.

1885. Macropus tibol Miklouho-Maclay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 10: 141, pl. 19. "Maclay Coast"—north of Finisterre Range and east of Madang.

1916. Thylogale lauterbachi Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin, 8: 290. Finschhafen, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea.

Range: Bismarck Archipelago; lowlands of northern New Guinea as far west as Hollandia.

Thylogale bruijni keysseri (Förster & Rothschild)

1914. Macropus keysseri Förster & Rothschild, Novit. Zool. 21: 261. Ogeramnang, Huon Gulf, North-East New Guinea, 1,800–2,000 metres.

1922. Macropus keysseri lanatus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 670. Saruwaged Mountains, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea, 2,000-3,800 metres.

Range: mountains of North-East New Guinea.

#### INSECTIVORA - SORICIDAE

## ORDER INSECTIVORA

### FAMILY SORICIDAE

## Genus SUNCUS Ehrenberg

Shrew

1833. Suncus Ehrenberg, in Hemprich and Ehrenberg, Symb. Phys. Mamm. 2:k. Type Suncus sacer Ehrenberg.

Koller (1930) considered that Suncus indicus from Malaysia and the East Indies should be divided into a wild race (Suncus indicus indicus) and a commensal race (Suncus indicus caeruleus), a view rejected by Sody (1932) and Chasen (1940) who pointed out that the House Shrew is entirely commensal. The use by Koller of names extralimital to Malaysia and the East Indies (i.e., heterodon, fuscipes) for so-called varieties from this area cannot be altogether justified and they have been omitted from the present list. Chasen (1940) recognized one species and race of House Shrew in Malaysia (Suncus murinus murinus), together with two species of Pygmy Shrew (Suncus malayanus (Malaya; Peninsular Siam) and Suncus hosei (Borneo)).

British Museum material from Malaysia, Celebes and the Moluccas indicates that only a single form of House Shrew occurs throughout the Archipelago, as suggested by Hooijer (1950), who examined the types of mülleri, semmelinki and unicolor.

The use of *murinus* as the specific name for the House Shrew is discussed by Chasen (1940) and by Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

#### Suncus murinus Linnaeus

House Shrew

Suncus murinus Murinus (Linnaeus)

- 1766. Sorex murinus Linnacus, Syst. Nat. 12th ed. 1: 74. Java.
- 1888. Pachyura mülleri Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 10: 166. Timor.
- 1888. Pachyura unicolor Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 10: 166. Ternate.
- 1888. Pachyura semmelinki Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 11: 213. Bandanaira, Banda Islands.
- 1901. Crocidura (Pachyura) kükenthali Matschie, Abh. Senckenb. Naturf. Ges. 25: 279, pl. 12, figs. 5, 5a-d. Tobelo, Halmahera.
- 1911. Pachyura murina celebensis Revilliod, Zool. Anz. 37: 515. Palu, north central Celebes.
- 1930. Suncus indicus semmeliki Koller, Treubia, 11: 315 (lapsus for semmelinki).
- 1944. Suncus indicus semmelicki Tate, List Mamm. Japanese War Area, pt. 3: 7 (lapsus for semmelinki).

Extralimital synonyms are given by Chasen (1940) and Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

Range: Celebes; Saleyer Island; probably also other small islands near Celebes; Lesser Sunda Islands; Timor; Kei Islands; Banda Islands; Buru; Amboina; Ceram; Ternate; Batchian; Halmahera; also extralimital. The distribution of this commensal form has been greatly affected by man.

### Genus CROCIDURA Wagler

White-toothed Shrew

1832. Crocidura Wagler, Isis, 275. Type Sorex leucodon Hermann.

Lack of material prevents revision of the members of this genus from the East Indies, and for the present there seems no alternative but to accept all the described forms, a difficulty recognized by Chasen (1940), who listed 29 species of Malaysian *Crocidura*.

Crocidura probably occurs on many of the islands of the East Indian Archipelago as far east as, and including, the Molucca and Kei Islands, but present knowledge of this section of the genus and its distribution is very limited. Koller (1930) recorded specimens of Crocidura brunnea doriae from Celebes and Amboina, but since the use of this name seems open to some doubt (Chasen (1940) gives Borneo as the range of doriae) it has been omitted.

#### Crocidura monticola Peters

1870. Crocidura monticola Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 588. Mount Lawu, near Surakarta, Java, 3,500 ft. Range: Lesser Sunda Islands: Lombok; Sumbawa; Komodo; Flores; Sumba; probably Timor; also extralimital.

### Crocidura tenuis (Müller)

1839. Sorex tenuis Müller, in C. J. Temminck, Verh. Nat. Ges. Ned. Overz. Bezitt. Zool. 1: 26, 50. Timor.

(?) 1888. Crocidura macklotii Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 10: 164. Timor.

Range: Timor.

# Crocidura elongata Miller & Hollister

1921. Crocidura elongata Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 101. Temboan (south-west from Tondano Lake), north-eastern Celebes.

# Crocidura nigripes Miller & Hollister

CROCIDURA NIGRIPES NIGRIPES Miller & Hollister

1921. Crocidura nigripes Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 101. Temboan (south-west from Tondano Lake), north-eastern Celebes.

CROCIDURA NIGRIPES LIPARA Miller & Hollister

1921. Crocidura nigripes lipara Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 101. Gimpoe, middle Celebes.

### Crocidura rhoditis Miller & Hollister

1921. Crocidura rhoditis Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 102. Temboan, north-eastern Celebes.

#### Crocidura lea Miller & Hollister

1921. Crocidura lea Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 102. Temboan, north-eastern Celebes.

#### CHIROPTERA - PTEROPODINAE

# Crocidura levicula Miller & Hollister

1921. Crocidura levicula Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 103. Pinedapa, middle Celebes.

## ORDER CHIROPTERA

Keys to the various families in this order are given by Miller (1907).

#### SUB-ORDER MEGACHIROPTERA

In general, the classification of Andersen (1912) has been followed. Andersen's work is the most recent comprehensive treatment of the sub-order, and contains keys to all genera, species and races named before 1912.

## FAMILY PTEROPODIDAE

Subfamily Pteropodinae

Flying Foxes

Genus ROUSETTUS Gray

Rousette Bat; Dog Bat

1821. Rousettus Gray, London Med. Repository, 15: 299. Type Pteropus aegyptiacus E. Geoffroy.

## Rousettus amplexicaudatus (E. Geoffroy)

ROUSETTUS AMPLEXICAUDATUS AMPLEXICAUDATUS (E. Geoffroy)

1810. Pteropus amplexicaudatus E. Geoffroy, Ann. Mus. H.N. Paris, 15: 96, pl. 4. Timor.

1870. Eleutherura infumata Gray, Cat. Monkeys, Lemurs, etc., in B.M. 118. Flores.

1898. Cynonycteris bocagei Seabra, J. Sci. Math. Lisboa, (2), 5: 160, pl. 1, fig. 11. Dyli, Timor.

Range: Lesser Sunda Islands: Flores; Sumba; Savu; Alor; Timor; Tate (1942) records a series from Peleng Island, east of Celebes; extralimital.

# ROUSETTUS AMPLEXICAUDATUS BRACHYOTIS (Dobson)

1877. Cynonycteris brachyotis Dobson, P.Z.S. Lond. 116. Duke of York Island. Range: Halmahera; Amboina; probably Buru and Ceram; New Guinea; Bismarck Archipelago.

# ROUSETTUS AMPLEXICAUDATUS HEDIGERI Pohle

1953. Rousettus amplexicaudatus hedigeri Pohle, Z. Säugetierk. 17: 127 (1942-1949). Mamamolimo, Buin, Bougainville. Range: Solomon Islands.

### Rousettus celebensis K. Andersen

1907. Rousettus celebensis K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 503, 509. Mount Masarang, Celebes, 3,500 ft. Range: Celebes; Sanghir Islands.

#### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

#### Rousettus stresemanni Stein

1933. Rousettus stresemanni Stein, Z. Säugetierk. 8: 91. Japen Island, Geelvinck Bay, north-west New Guinea.

## Genus BONEIA Jentink

1879. Boneia Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 1: 117. Type Boneia bidens Jentink.

## Boneia bidens Jentink

1879. Boneia bidens Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 1: 117. Boné, north Celebes. (This type locality is not Bone or Boni in southern Celebes, but a mountain range and river in northern Celebes, near Gorantalo, Andersen (1912).)
1896. Boneia menadensis Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 18: 242. Menado, north Celebes.
Range: north Celebes.

### Genus PTEROPUS Brisson

Flying Fox

1762. Pteropus Brisson, Regn. Anim. 13, 153-155. Type Vespertilio niger Kerr.

Andersen (1912) reviewed this genus in considerable detail, recognizing 36 Austro-Malaysian species containing 39 forms. Since 1912, 9 forms considered valid and one (geddiei) not recorded by Andersen from this region have been added. In the present list many of Andersen's species have been reduced to geographical races, and we recognize 23 species containing 49 forms, but the genus appears to need complete revision.

# Pteropus hypomelanus Temminck

Pteropus hypomelanus hypomelanus Temminck

1853. Pteropus hypomelanus Temminck, Esq. Zool. Côte de Guiné, 61. Ternate. 1870. Pteropus tricolor Gray, Cat. Monkeys, Lemurs, etc., in B.M. 108. Ternate.

Range: Halmahera group: Halmahera; Ternate.

## PTEROPUS HYPOMELANUS MACASSARICUS Heude

1896. Pteropus macassaricus Heude, Mém. H.N. Emp. Chin. 3: 177, footnote, pl. 5, fig. 4. Macassar, south Celebes. Range: Celebes; Sanghir Islands; Talaut Islands; Peleng Island.

## PTEROPUS HYPOMELANUS LUTEUS K. Andersen

1908. Pteropus hypomelanus luteus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 362. Kiriwina Island, Trobriand Islands. Range: New Guinea; D'Entrecasteaux Islands; Conflict Islands; Trobriand Islands; Louisiade Archipelago; Marshall Bennett Islands; Russell Island.

#### CHIROPTERA - PTEROPODINAE

#### PTEROPUS HYPOMELANUS VULCANIUS Thomas

1915. Pteropus hypomelanus vulcanius Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 15: 388. Vulcan Island (= Manumudar Island), North-East New Guinea. Range: Vulcan Island; Sanborn (1931) records an immature specimen from Marienberg, 40 miles up the Sepik River, North-East New Guinea.

## Pteropus griseus (E. Geoffroy)

PTEROPUS GRISEUS GRISEUS (E. Geoffroy)

1810. Pteropus griseus E. Geoffroy, Ann. Mus. H.N. Paris, 15: 94, pl. 5. Timor. Range: Timor and Samao Islands; Dyampea Island; Bonerato Island; possibly Saleyer Island.

## [PTEROPUS GRISEUS PALLIDUS Temminck]

1825. Pteropus pallidus Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 1: 184, pl. 15, figs. 8, 9. Banda Island. Range: Banda Islands.

### PTEROPUS GRISEUS MIMUS K. Andersen

1908. Pteropus mimus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 364. Macassar, south Celebes. Range: Celebes; also extralimital.

## Pteropus admiralitatum Thomas

PTEROPUS ADMIRALITATUM ADMIRALITATUM Thomas

1894. Pteropus admiralitatum Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 13: 293. Admiralty Islands. Range: Admiralty Islands.

#### PTEROPUS ADMIRALITATUM SOLOMONIS Thomas

1904. Pteropus solomonis Thomas, Novit. Zool. 11: 597. Ghizo Island, Solomon Islands. Range: eastern Solomon Islands: Ghizo; Ronongo; Vella Lavella; Narovo; Guadalcanar; Banika; Russell.

### PTEROPUS ADMIRALITATUM COLONUS K. Andersen

1908. Pteropus colonus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 363. Alu Island, near Shortland Island, Solomon Islands. Range: western Solomon Islands: Alu Island; Shortland Island; Mono Island.

#### PTEROPUS ADMIRALITATUM GOWERI Tate

1934. Pteropus goweri Tate, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 718: 1. Gower Island (= Ndai Island), Solomon Islands.

# Pteropus tonganus Quoy & Gaimard

(Pteropus tonganus tonganus Quoy & Gaimard. Extralimital)

1830. Pteropus tonganus Quoy & Gaimard, in D. D'Urville, Voy. "Astrolabe", Zool. 1: 74. Tonga-tabu, Tonga or Friendly Islands.

PTEROPUS TONGANUS GEDDIEI MacGillivray

1860. Pteropus geddiei MacGillivray, Zoologist, 18: 7134. Aneitum Island, New Hebrides. Range: recorded from Tucopia Island and Rennell Island, Solomon Islands, by Sanborn (1931).

PTEROPUS TONGANUS BASILICUS Thomas

1915. Pteropus basilicus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 15: 387. Dampier Island (= Karkar Island), off the north-east coast of New Guinea.

## Pteropus caniceps Gray

PTEROPUS CANICEPS CANICEPS Gray

1870. Pteropus caniceps Gray, Cat. Monkeys, Lemurs, etc., in B.M. 107. Batchian.

1870. Pteropus affinis Gray, Cat. Monkeys, Lemurs, etc., in B.M. 108. Gilolo (= Halmahera).

1870. Pteropus macklotii var. batchiana Gray, Cat. Monkeys, Lemurs, etc., in B.M. 110. Batchian.

Range: Halmahera group: Morotai Island; Halmahera; Ternate; Batchian; Sula Islands: Sula Bessi; Sanghir Islands: Siao Island.

PTEROPUS CANICEPS DOBSONI K. Andersen

1878. Pteropus fuscus Dobson, Cat. Chirop. B.M. 59, 552, pl. 4, fig. 5 (nec E. Geoffroy, nec Desmarest, nec Blainville). Celebes.

1908. Pteropus dobsoni K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 370 (new name for fuscus Dobson). Range: Celebes.

# [Pteropus argentatus Gray]

1844. Pteropus argentatus Gray, List Mamm. B.M. 1843: 194 (nom. nud.), Voy. "Sulphur", Zool. 1: 30. Type locality uncertain; given by Gray as "Amboyna"??.

Andersen places argentatus with caniceps and dobsoni in the caniceps group. The only material available, the immature, much damaged type, is insufficient to determine its relation to caniceps and dobsoni. Tate (1942) identifies a series of 24 specimens from Boemboelan, Menado, Celebes, with argentatus.

# Pteropus melanopogon Peters

PTEROPUS MELANOPOGON MELANOPOGON Peters

1837. Pteropus phaiops Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 2: 65, pl. 35, fig. 3, pl. 36, figs. 1-3 (nec Temminck, 1825). Amboina.

1867. Pteropus melanopogon Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 330. Amboina.

Range: Amboina; Buru; Ceram; small islands near Amboina: Boano; Saparua; Goram; Manovolka; Banda Islands; Timor Laut; recorded by Jentink (1887) from Siao, Sanghir Islands.

#### CHIROPTERA - PTEROPODINAE

### PTEROPUS MELANOPOGON ARUENSIS Peters

1858. Pteropus argentatus Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 107 (nec Gray). Aru Islands.

1867. Pteropus melanopogon var. A. aruensis Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 330. Aru Islands.

1867. Pteropus rubiginosus Rosenberg, Reis. Zuidoostereilanden, 31. Wokam, Aru Islands.

1867. Pteropus fumigatus Rosenberg, Reis. Zuidoostereilanden, 31. Wonambay, Aru Islands.

Range: Aru Islands.

#### PTEROPUS MELANOPOGON KEYENSIS Peters

1867. Pteropus melanopogon var. B keyensis Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 330. Kei Islands.

1896. Pteropus chrysargyrus Heude, Mém. H.N. Emp. Chin. 3: 177, footnote, pl. 5, fig. 6. Little Kei.

Range: Kei Islands.

## [Pteropus melanopogon sepikensis Sanborn]

1931. Pteropus sepikensis Sanborn, Field Mus. Pub. Zool. Ser. 2: 14. Marienberg, 40 miles up the Sepik River, North-East New Guinea.

## Pteropus cognatus K. Andersen

PTEROPUS COGNATUS COGNATUS K. Andersen

1908. Pteropus cognatus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 365. San Christoval Island, south-east Solomon Islands. Range: San Christoval and Ugi Islands.

# PTEROPUS COGNATUS RENNELLI Troughton

1929. Pteropus rennelli Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 17: 193. Rennell Island, Solomon Islands.

# Pteropus rayneri Gray

Pteropus rayneri rayneri Gray

1870. Pteropus rayneri Gray, Cat. Monkeys, Lemurs, etc., in B.M. 108. Guadalcanar, Solomon Islands. Range: Guadalcanar; Malaita Island.

#### PTEROPUS RAYNERI GRANDIS Thomas

1887. Pteropus grandis Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 19: 147. Alu Island, near Shortland Island, Solomon Islands. Range: Alu Island; Bougainville; Choiseul; Ysabel Island.

### PTEROPUS RAYNERI RUBIANUS K. Andersen

1908. Pteropus rubianus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 366. Rubiana Island, central Solomon Islands. Range: Rubiana Island; Navoro Island.

#### PTEROPUS RAYNERI LAVELLANUS K. Andersen

1908. Pteropus lavellanus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 366. Vella Lavella, central Solomon Islands. Range: Vella Lavella Island; Ghizo Island; Ronongo Island.

#### Pteropus rayneri monoensis Lawrence

1945. Pteropus rayneri monoensis Lawrence, Proc. New Engl. Zool. Cl. 23: 63. Treasury or Mono Island, Solomon Islands.

## Pteropus chrysoproctus Temminck

1837. Pteropus chrysoproctus Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 2: 67, pl. 35, fig. 2, pl. 36, figs. 7, 8. Amboina. Range: Amboina; Buru; Ceram; small islands near Amboina: Arsilulu; Keffing; Pulo Panjang; Goram; Watubella; recorded by Jentink (1887) from Siao Island, Sanghir Islands.

### Pteropus lombocensis Dobson

Pteropus Lombocensis Lombocensis Dobson

1878. Pteropus lombocensis Dobson, Cat. Chirop. B.M. 34, pl. 3, fig. 2, pl. 4, fig. 4. Lombok.

1896. Pteropus tricolor Heude, Mém. H.N. Emp. Chin. 3: 177, footnote, pl. 5, fig. 7 (nee Gray). Flores.

1899. Pteropus (Sericonycteris) heudei Matschie, Megachiroptera Berlin Mus. 32 (new name for tricolor Heude).

Range: Lombok; Flores.

### PTEROPUS LOMBOCENSIS SOLITARIUS K. Andersen

1898. Pteropus temmincki Hartert, Novit. Zool. 5: 456 (nec Peters). Alor Island, near Timor.

1908. Pteropus solitarius K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 367 (new name for temmincki Hartert).

# Pteropus personatus Temminck

1825. Pteropus personatus Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 1: 189. Ternate. Range: Halmahera group: Halmahera; Morotai Island; Ternate; Batchian; northern Celebes.

# Pteropus temmincki Peters

PTEROPUS TEMMINCKI TEMMINCKI Peters

1837. Pteropus griseus Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 2: 81, pl. 36, figs. 14, 15. (nec E. Geoffroy). Samao Island, near Timor.

1867. Pteropus temmincki Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 331. Samao Island, near Timor; also Amboina.

1899. Pteropus (Sericonycteris) petersi Matschie, Megachiroptera Berlin Mus. 31 (accidental renaming of temmincki Peters).

Range: Amboina; Ceram; Timor.

#### CHIROPTERA - PTEROPODINAE

PTEROPUS TEMMINCKI CAPISTRATUS Peters

1876. Pteropus capistratus Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 316, with plate. New Ireland. Range: Bismarck Archipelago: New Ireland; Duke of York Island; New Britain.

PTEROPUS TEMMINCKI LIOPS Thomas

1910. Pteropus liops Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 5: 383. Buru.

## Pteropus vampyrus (Linnaeus)

PTEROPUS VAMPYRUS VAMPYRUS Linnaeus). Extralimital)

1758. Vespertilio vampyrus Linnaeus, Syst. Nat. 10th ed. 1: 31. Java. Extralimital synonyms are given by Chasen (1940).

## PTEROPUS VAMPYRUS EDULIS E. Geoffroy

1810. Pteropus edulis E. Geoffroy, Ann. Mus. H.N. Paris, 15: 90. Timor.

1837. Pteropus funereus Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 2: 63, pl. 35, fig. 4. Various localities cited: Timor; Amboina; Borneo; Sumatra. Type locality restricted to Timor by Andersen (1912).

Range: Savu Island; Timor.

#### PTEROPUS VAMPYRUS PLUTON Temminck

1853. Pteropus pluton Temminck, Esq. Zool. Côte de Guiné, 56. Bali; also Lombok.

Type locality restricted to Bali by Kuroda (1933).

1933. Pteropus vampyrus kopangi Kuroda, J. Mamm. 14: 339. Kopang, Lombok.

Range: Lombok; Sumbawa; also extralimital (Bali).

## Pteropus alecto Temminck

PTEROPUS ALECTO ALECTO Temminck

1837. Pteropus alecto Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 2: 75. Menado, north Celebes.
(?) 1896. Pteropus nicobaricus Heude, Mém. H.N. Emp. Chin. 3: 176, footnote, pl. 5, fig. 5 (nec Zelebor). Macassar, south Celebes.

Range: Celebes; Saleyer Island; Lombok.

## PTEROPUS ALECTO MORIO K. Andersen

1908. Pteropus morio K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 369. Waingapo, Sumba. Range: Sumba and Savu Islands.

# [Pteropus arquatus Miller & Hollister]

1921. Pteropus arquatus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 100. Koelawi, middle Celebes.

# Pteropus conspicillatus Gould

PTEROPUS CONSPICILLATUS CONSPICILLATUS Gould

1850. Pteropus conspicillatus Gould, P.Z.S. Lond. 109 (1849). Fitzroy Island, Queensland. Range: Papua; North-East New Guinea; islands off south-east coast of New Guinea: Woodlark; Kiriwina; Alcester; also extralimital.

Pteropus conspicillatus chrysauchen Peters

1862. Pteropus chrysauchen Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 576, footnote. Batchian.

1870. Pteropus mysolensis Gray, Cat. Monkeys, Lemurs, etc., in B.M. 105. Mysol Island; also Ternate. Type locality restricted to Mysol by Andersen (1912).

Range: Halmahera group: Morotai Island; Batchian; Ternate; Obi Island; islands between Halmahera and New Guinea: Ghebi; Salawatti; Mysol; north-west New Guinea; Pinon Island; Schouten Island.

## Pteropus ocularis Peters

1867. Pteropus ocularis Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 326. Ceram.

1870. Pteropus mysolensis var. ceramensis Grey, Cat. Monkeys, Lemurs, etc., in B.M. 105. Ceram.

Range: Ceram; Buru.

### Pteropus neohibernicus Peters

PTEROPUS NEOHIBERNICUS NEOHIBERNICUS Peters

1876. Pteropus melanopogon var. neohibernicus Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 317. New Ireland.

1876. Pteropus degener Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 318, footnote. Aru Islands (incorrect locality).

(?) 1889. Pteropus coronatus Thomas, P.Z.S. Lond. 471, footnote, pl. 20, fig. 2, pl. 21, figs. 2, 3 (1888). Mioko Island, near Duke of York Island.

1891. Pteropus rufus Ramsay, Rec. Aust. Mus. 1: 105 (nec E. Geoffroy, nec Tiedemann). "The New Britain group of islands."

Range: Bismarck Archipelago: New Britain; New Ireland; Mioko Island; Duke of York Island; Admiralty Islands: Manus.

#### Pteropus neohibernicus papuanus Peters & Doria

1881. Pteropus melanopogon var. papuana Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 16: 690. Mansinam, north-west New Guinea. Range: New Guinea; Ghebi and Mysol Islands.

# Pteropus macrotis Peters

Pteropus macrotis macrotis Peters

1867. Pteropus macrotis Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 327. Wokam Island, Aru Islands. Type locality erroneously stated by Peters to be Buru.

1867. Pteropus insignis Rosenberg, Reis Zuidoostereilanden, 31. Wokam Island, Aru Islands (based on type of macrotis).

Range: Aru Islands.

# PTEROPUS MACROTIS EPULARIUS Ramsay

1878. Pteropus (Epomops?) epularius Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 2:8. Katow (= Katau, a village near the mouth of the Oriomo River, south of the Fly River, and near Daru), southern New Guinea. Range: southern New Guinea.

### CHIROPTERA - PTEROPODINAE

## Pteropus pohlei Stein

1933. Pteropus pohlei Stein, Z. Säugetierk. 8: 93. Japen Island, Geelvinck Bay, Netherlands New Guinea.

# Pteropus woodfordi Thomas

1888. Pteropus woodfordi Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 1: 156; P.Z.S. Lond. 1888: 472, pl. 20, fig. 1, pl. 21, fig. 1 (1889). Aola, Guadalcanar Island, Solomon Islands. Range: central and east Solomon Islands: New Georgia; Guadalcanar; Florida; Russell; Banika; Kulambangra.

## Pteropus mahaganus Sanborn

1931. Pteropus mahaganus Sanborn, Field Mus. Pub. Zool. Ser. 2: 19. Tunnibul, Ysabel (= Mahaga) Island, east central Solomon Islands.

## Genus NEOPTERYX Hayman

1946. Neopteryx Hayman, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 569 (1945). Type Neopteryx frosti Hayman.

## Neopteryx frosti Hayman

1946. Neopteryx frosti Hayman, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 571, 1 fig. (1945). Tamalanti, west Celebes, 3,300 ft. Range: this genus is at present known only by the holotype.

# Genus ACERODON Jourdan

1837. Acerodon Jourdan, L'Echo du Monde Savant, 4, No. 275: 156. Type Pteropus jubatus Eschscholtz.

# Acerodon celebensis (Peters)

1867. Pteropus celebensis Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 333. Celebes. Range: Celebes; Saleyer Island; Sula Islands: Sula Mangoli.

# Acerodon mackloti (Temminck)

Acerdon mackloti (Temminck)

1837. Pteropus macklotii Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 2: 69, pl. 35, fig. 5, pl. 36, figs. 4-6. Timor.

1887. Pteropus ochraphaeus Jentink, Cat. Ost. Mamm. 262. Timor.

Range: Timor.

# Acerdon mackloti floresi (Gray)

1870. Pteropus floresii Gray, Cat. Monkeys, Lemurs, etc., in B.M. 106. Flores. Range: Flores; Sumbawa.

#### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

ACERODON MACKLOTI ALORENSIS K. Andersen

1909. Acerodon mackloti alorensis K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 3: 24, 25. Alor Island, near Timor. Range: Alor Island.

ACERODON MACKLOTI GILVUS K. Andersen

1909. Acerodon gilvus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 3: 24, 25. Waingapo, Sumba Island. Range: Sumba.

ACERODON MACKLOTI PRAJAE Sody

1936. Acerodon mackloti prajae Sody, Natuurk. Tidschr. Ned.-Ind. 90: 51. Lombok.

#### Acerodon humilis K. Andersen

1909. Acerodon humilis K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 3: 24, 25. Lirong, Talaut Islands. Range: Talaut Islands.

#### Genus PTERALOPEX Thomas

1888. Pteralopex Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 1: 155; P.Z.S. Lond. 1888: 473 (1889). Type Pteralopex atrata Thomas.

### Pteralopex atrata Thomas

PTERALOPEX ATRATA ATRATA Thomas

1888. Pteralopex atrata Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 1: 155; P.Z.S. Lond. 1888:475, pl. 20, fig. 3, pl. 21, figs. 4–7 (1889). Aola, Guadalcanar Island, Solomon Islands. Range: eastern Solomon Islands: Guadalcanar; Ysabel.

PTERALOPEX ATRATA ANCEPS K. Andersen

1909. Pteralopex anceps K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 3: 266. Bougainville, Solomon Islands. Range: western Solomon Islands: Bougainville.

#### Genus STYLOCTENIUM Matschie

1899. Styloctenium Matschie, Megachiroptera Berlin Mus. 33. Type Pteropus wallacei Gray.

# Styloctenium wallacei (Gray)

1866. Pteropus wallacei Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 65, fig. 1. Macassar, south Celebes. Range: Celebes.

#### Genus **DOBSONIA** Palmer

Bare-backed Fruit Bat

1898. Dobsonia Palmer, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 12: 114. Type Cephalotes peroni E. Geoffroy.

#### CHIROPTERA - PTEROPODINAE

## Dobsonia peroni (E. Geoffroy)

Dobsonia peroni (E. Geoffroy)

1810. Cephalotes peroni E. Geoffroy, Ann. Mus. H.N. Paris, 15: 104, pl. 7. Timor.

- (?) 1810. Pteropus paliatus E. Geoffroy, Ann. Mus. H.N. Paris, 15: 199. Type locality unknown; description evidently refers to Dobsonia but is otherwise indeterminable.
- (?) 1829. Tribonophorus desmaresti Burnett, Quart. J. Sci. Lit. Art. 269 (apparent renaming of paliatus E. Geoffroy).

Range: Timor; islands near Timor: Alor; Wetter; Flores; Sumbawa; Tate (1942) records a series from Bali and the range probably includes Lombok.

### Dobsonia peroni sumbana K. Andersen

1909. Dobsonia sumbana K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 4: 531, 533. Sumba. Range: Sumba.

## Dobsonia viridis (Heude)

Dobsonia viridis viridis (Heude)

1896. Cephalotes viridis Heude, Mém. H.N. Emp. Chin. 3: 176, footnote, pl. 5, fig. 1. Kei Islands.

1910. Dobsonia viridis umbrosa Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 5: 384. Ceram.

Range: Kei Islands; Amboina group: Amboina; Buru; Ceram; Banda Islands.

### Dobsonia inermis K. Andersen

Dobsonia inermis inermis K. Andersen

1909. Dobsonia inermis K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 4: 532. San Christoval, Solomon Islands. Range: south and east central Solomon Islands: San Christoval; Ugi; Ysabel.

#### Dobsonia inermis nesea K. Andersen

1909. Dobsonia nesea K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 4: 532. Alu Island, near Shortland Island, Solomon Islands. Range: north and west central Solomon Islands: Shortland; Alu; Ghizo; Rubiana; Bougainville; New Georgia.

# Dobsonia praedatrix K. Andersen

1909. Dobsonia praedatrix K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 4: 532. "Duke of York group." Range: New Britain; New Ireland; Duke of York Island.

#### Dobsonia crenulata K. Andersen

1909. Dobsonia crenulata K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 4: 532. Ternate. Range: Halmahera group: Rau and Morotai Islands; Halmahera; Ternate; Batchian.

### Dobsonia moluccensis (Quoy & Gaimard)

Dobsonia moluccensis moluccensis (Quoy & Gaimard)

1830. Hypoderma moluccense Quoy & Gaimard, in D. D'Urville, Voy. "Astrolabe", Zool. 1:86, Atlas, pl. 11. Amboina. Range: Amboina group: Buru; Amboina; Ceram; Aru Islands; possibly Kei Islands and Halmahera.

# Dobsonia moluccensis pannietensis (De Vis)

1905. Cephalotes pannietensis De Vis, Ann. Queensl. Mus. 6: 36. Panniet Island, Louisiade Archipelago. Range: Trobriand Islands; D'Entrecasteaux and Louisiade Archipelagos; probably general over islands south-east of New Guinea.

#### Dobsonia moluccensis magna Thomas

1905. Dobsonia magna Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 16: 423. Tamata, Mambaré River, Papua, 100 ft. Range: New Guinea; Mysol and Waigeu Islands.

### Dobsonia moluccensis anderseni Thomas

1914. Dobsonia anderseni Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 13: 434, 435. Manus Island, Admiralty Islands. Range: southern Bismarck Archipelago: Manus and Ruk Islands.

#### Dobsonia exoleta K. Andersen

1909. Dobsonia exoleta K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 4: 531, 533. Tomohon, Minahassa, Celebes. Range: Celebes; Togian Islands.

# Dobsonia minor (Dobson)

1879. Cephalotes minor Dobson, P.Z.S. Lond. 875 (1878). Amberbaki, north-west New Guinea. Range: western New Guinea.

#### Dobsonia remota Cabrera

1920. Dobsonia remota Cabrera, Bol. Real. Soc. Esp. H.N. 20: 107. Trobriand Island.

#### Genus CYNOPTERUS F. Cuvier

Short-nosed Fruit Bat

1824. Cynopterus F. Cuvier, Dents Mamm. 248. Type Pteropus marginatus E. Geoffroy = Vespertilio sphinx Vahl.

# Cynopterus sphinx (Vahl)

(Cynopterus sphinx sphinx (Vahl). Extralimital)

1797. Vespertilio sphinx Vahl, Skr. Nat. Selsk Copenhagen, 4, 1: 123. Tranquebar, Madras, India.

Extralimital synonyms are given by Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

#### CHIROPTERA - MACROGLOSSINAE

CYNOPTERUS SPHINX TITTHAECHEILUS (Temminck)

1825. Pteropus titthaecheilus Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 1: 198, pl. 15, figs. 17-24.
Bencoulen (= Bencoolen), Sumatra; Buitenzorg, Java; also Siam. Type locality restricted to Buitenzorg, Java, by Andersen (1912).

Extralimital synonym given by Chasen (1940).

Range: Lombok; also extralimital.

CYNOPTERUS SPHINX TERMINUS Sody

1940. Cynopterus sphinx terminus Sody, Treubia, 17: 404. Niki Niki, central south Timor, 750 metres.

## Cynopterus brachyotis (Müller)

CYNOPTERUS BRACHYOTIS BRACHYOTIS (Müller)

1838. *Pachysoma brachyotis* Müller, Tijdschr. Natuur. Gesch. 5, 1: 146. River Dewei, Borneo.

Extralimital synonyms given by Chasen (1940).

Range: Celebes; Peleng Island; Talaut Islands; also extralimital.

#### Genus THOOPTERUS Matschie

Short-nosed Fruit Bat

1899. Thoopterus Matschie, Megachiroptera Berlin Mus. 72, 73, 77 (described as a subgenus). Type Cynopterus nigrescens Gray.

# Thoopterus nigrescens (Gray)

1870. Cynopterus marginatus var. nigrescens Gray, Cat. Monkeys, Lemurs, etc., in B.M. 123. Morty (= Morotai) Island.

1878. Cynopterus latidens Dobson, Cat. Chiroptera B.M. 86 (based on type of nigrescens Gray). Morty (= Morotai) Island.

Range: Halmahera group: Morotai Island; north Celebes.

#### Subfamily

Macroglossinae

Long-tongued Fruit Bats

#### Genus EONYCTERIS Dobson

1873. Eonycteris Dobson, Proc. Asiat. Soc. Bengal, 148 (preliminary note), J. Asiat. Soc. Bengal, 42, 2: 204. Type Macroglossus spelaeus Dobson.

# Eonycteris spelaea (Dobson)

1871. Macroglossus spelaeus Dobson, Proc. Asiat. Soc. Bengal, 105, 106; J. Asiat. Soc. Bengal, 1871, 40: 261, pl. 10, figs. 3, 4. Farm Caves, Moulmein, Tenasserim. Range: Sumba Island; extralimital.

## Eonycteris rosenbergi (Jentink)

1899. Callinycteris rosenbergi Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 11: 210, pl. 9, figs. 1-4. Gorantalo, northern Celebes.

1942. Eonycteris bernsteini Tate, Bull. Amer. Mus. N.H. 80: 345 (nom. nud., apparent lapsus for rosenbergi Jentink).

Range: Known apparently only from the type specimen.

Genus MACROGLOSSUS F. Cuvier Long-tongued Fruit Bat

1824. Macroglossus F. Cuvier, Dents Mamm. 248. Type Pteropus minimus E. Geoffroy.

## Macroglossus lagochilus Matschie

Macroglossus lagochilus lagochilus Matschie

1899. Macroglossus lagochilus Matschie, Megachiroptera Berlin Mus. 95–97. Buru. 1902. Odontonycteris meyeri Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 23: 131, 140. Tabukan, Great Sanghir, Sanghir Islands.

Range: Celebes; Peleng Island; Sanghir Islands; Amboina group: Amboina; Buru; Ceram; Banda Islands; also extralimital.

#### Macroglossus Lagochilus nanus Matschie

1899. Macroglossus nanus Matschie, Megachiroptera Berlin Mus. 95–98. Lamellana, New Pomerania (= New Britain).

1899. Macroglossus novae-guineae Matschie, Krieger's "Neu-Guinea", 78 (nom. nud., possible lapsus for nanus Matschie). New Guinea.

Range: New Guinea; Mysol Island; Aru Islands; Kei Islands; Bismarck Archipelago; Admiralty Islands.

### Macroglossus Lagochilus Microtus K. Andersen

1911. Macroglossus lagochilus microtus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 642. Aola, Guadalcanar Island, Solomon Islands. Range: Solomon Islands: Florida; Guadalcanar; Bougainville; San Christoval.

#### Genus **SYCONYCTERIS** Matschie

1899. Syconycteris Matschie, Megachiroptera Berlin Mus. 94, 95, 98 (described as a subgenus). Type Macroglossus australis Peters.

# Syconycteris crassa (Thomas)

Syconycteris crassa crassa (Thomas)

1895. Carponycteris crassa Thomas, Novit. Zool. 2: 163. Fergusson Island, D'Entrecasteaux Archipelago. Range: Trobriand Islands: Kiriwina; D'Entrecasteaux Islands: Fergusson.

# Syconycteris crassa papuana (Matschie)

1899. Macroglossus (Syconycteris) papuanus Matschie, Megachiroptera Berlin Mus. 95, 99. Andai, north-west Netherlands New Guinea. Range: New Guinea; Aru Islands.

#### CHIROPTERA - MACROGLOSSINAE

## [Syconycteris crassa finschi (Matschie)]

1899. Macroglossus (Syconycteris) finschi Matschie, Megachiroptera Berlin Mus. 95, 100. New Pomerania (= New Britain), Bismarck Archipelago. Range: Bismarck Archipelago.

### Syconycteris Crassa Keyensis K. Andersen

1911. Syconycteris crassa keyensis K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 643. Kei Islands. Range: Kei Islands.

### Syconycteris Crassa Major K. Andersen

1911. Syconycteris crassa major K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 643. Amboina. Range: Amboina group: Amboina; Ceram; range probably includes Buru and other small islands near Amboina.

### Syconycteris naias K. Andersen

1911. Syconycteris naias K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 643. Woodlark Island, Trobriand Islands.

## Syconycteris australis (Peters)

1867. Macroglossus minimus var. australis Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 13. Rockhampton, Queensland. Range: Papua; also extralimital.

### Genus MELONYCTERIS Dobson

1877. Melonycteris Dobson, P.Z.S. Lond. 119. Type Melonycteris melanops Dobson.

# Melonycteris melanops Dobson

1877. Melonycteris melanops Dobson, P.Z.S. Lond. 119, figs. 4-7, pl. 17 (June). Duke of York Island, Bismarck Archipelago.

1877. Pteropus (Cheiropteruges) alboscapulatus Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 2: 17 (July). Duke of York Island, Bismarck Archipelago.

Range: Bismarck Archipelago: Duke of York Island; New Ireland; Mioko Island; New Britain; Papua.

#### Genus NESONYCTERIS Thomas

1887. Nesonycteris Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 19: 147; P.Z.S. Lond. 1887: 323, 324. Type Nesonycteris woodfordi Thomas.

Pohle (1953) synonymizes Nesonycteris with Melonycteris.

# Nesonycteris woodfordi Thomas

1887. Nesonycteris woodfordi Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 19: 147; P.Z.S. Lond. 1887: 324, figs. 2, 3, pl. 26. Alu Island, near Shortland Island, Solomon Islands. Range: Solomon Islands: Alu; Shortland; Fauro; Guadalcanar; Pavuvu (= Russell); Bougainville.

Subfamily Nyctimeninae

Tube-nosed Bats

#### Genus NYCTIMENE Borkhausen

1797. Nyctimene Borkhausen, Deutsche Fauna, 1: 86. Type Vespertilio cephalotes Pallas.

### Nyctimene minutus K. Andersen

NYCTIMENE MINUTUS MINUTUS K. Andersen

1910. Nyctimene minutus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 622. Tondano, Minahassa, north Celebes. Range: Celebes.

#### NYCTIMENE MINUTUS VARIUS K. Andersen

1910. Nyctimene varius K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 622. Mount Mada, west Buru. Range: probably general over Amboina group.

### Nyctimene albiventer (Gray)

NYCTIMENE ALBIVENTER ALBIVENTER (Gray)

1863. Cynopterus (Uronycteris) albiventer Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 262 (1862). Morty (= Morotai) Island. Range: Halmahera group: Morotai Island; Halmahera; Ternate.

#### NYCTIMENE ALBIVENTER PAPUANUS K. Andersen

1910. Nyetimene papuanus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 621. Milne Bay, south-east Papua. Range: Kei Islands; eastern New Guinea; New Britain; Admiralty Islands; probably other islands north-east of New Guinea; also extralimital.

#### NYCTIMENE ALBIVENTER DRACONILLA Thomas

1922. Nyctimene draconilla Thomas, Nova Guinea, 3: 725. Bivak-island, Lorentz River, south-west Netherlands New Guinea. Range: recorded only from the type locality; probable distribution, western New Guinea.

## Nyctimene albiventer bougainville Troughton

1936. Nyctimene bougainville Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus. 19: 349. Bougainville Island, Solomon Islands.

# Nyctimene cephalotes (Pallas)

NYCTIMENE CEPHALOTES CEPHALOTES (Pallas)

1767. Vespertilio cephalotes Pallas, Spic. Zool. 3: 10, pls. 1, 2. "Moluccas".

1792. Vespetilio cephalotes melinus Kerr, Anim. Kingdom, 1: xviii, 98. Type locality restricted to Amboina by Andersen (1912).

1810. Cephalotes pallasi E. Geoffroy, Ann. Mus. H.N. Paris, 15: 107 (renaming of cephalotes Pallas).

Range: Celebes; Timor; Timor Laut; Tenimber Island; Amboina; Buru; Ceram; north-west Netherlands New Guinea (specimen in B.M. from Geelvinck Bay (Mefor or Noemfor Island)).

#### CHIROPTERA - NYCTIMENINAE

NYCTIMENE CEPHALOTES VIZCACCIA Thomas

1914. Nyetimene vizeaccia Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 13: 436. Ruk Island, Admiralty Islands.

## Nyctimene major (Dobson)

NYCTIMENE MAJOR MAJOR (Dobson)

1877. Harpyia major Dobson, P.Z.S. Lond. 117, figs. 1, 2, 2a. Duke of York Island, Bismarck Archipelago. Range: Bismarck Archipelago.

NYCTIMENE MAJOR LULLULAE Thomas

1904. Nyctimene major lullulae Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 14: 197. Woodlark Island, Trobriand Islands.

NYCTIMENE MAJOR GEMINUS K. Andersen

1910. Nyctimene geminus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 623. South of Huon Gulf, Papua. Range: eastern New Guinea; Trobriand and D'Entrecasteaux Archipelagos; Fergusson Island; Kiriwina Island; Heath Island; Goodenough Island; Louisiade Archipelago.

NYCTIMENE MAJOR SCITULUS K. Andersen

1910. Nyetimene scitulus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 623. Aola, Guadalcanar Island, Solomon Islands. Range: Solomon Islands: Shortland; Alu; Florida; New Georgia; Guadalcanar; Choiseul; Malapa.

# Nyctimene cyclotis K. Andersen

NYCTIMENE CYCLOTIS CYCLOTIS K. Andersen

1910. Nyctimene cyclotis K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 623. Arfak Mountains, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

NYCTIMENE CYCLOTIS CERTANS K. Andersen

1912. Nyctimene certans K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 95. Mount Goliath, Netherlands New Guinea. Range: southern New Guinea.

# Nyctimene aello (Thomas)

NYCTIMENE AELLO AELLO (Thomas)

1900. Cephalotes aëllo Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 5: 216. Milne Bay, Papua. Range: eastern New Guinea.

NYCTIMENE AELLO CELAENO Thomas

1922. Nyctimene celaeno Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 262; Nova Guinea, 1922, 13: 724. Legare River, Geelvinck Bay, north-west Netherlands New Guinea. Range: western and north-western New Guinea; Halmahera.

#### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

Genus PARANYCTIMENE Tate

Lesser Tube-nosed Bat

1942. Paranyctimene Tate, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1204: 1. Type Paranyctimene raptor
Tate.

## Paranyctimene raptor Tate

1942. Paranyctimene raptor Tate, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1204: 1. Oroville camp, Fly River (about 4 miles below mouth of the Elavala River), Papua. Range: Papua and North-East New Guinea.

## Subfamily Harpyionycterinae

Genus HARPYIONYCTERIS Thomas

Harpy Fruit Bat

1896. Harpyionycteris Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 18: 243. Type Harpyionycteris whiteheadi Thomas.

Tate (1951) has published a short account of this genus.

## Harpyionycteris whiteheadi Thomas

(HARPYIONYCTERIS WHITEHEADI WIHITEHEADI Thomas. Extralimital)

1896. Harpyionycteris whiteheadi Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 18: 244; Trans. Zool Soc. Lond. 1898, 14, (6): 384, pl. 30, fig. 1, pl. 35, figs. 1-4. Mindanao Island, Philippine Islands, 5,000 ft.

### HARPYIONYCTERIS WHITEHEADI CELEBENSIS Miller & Hollister

1921. Harpyionycteris celebensis Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 99. Gimpoe, middle Celebes. Range: Celebes.

#### SUB-ORDER MICROCHIROPTERA

#### FAMILY EMBALLONURIDAE

#### Subfamily Emballonurinae

Genus **EMBALLONURA** Temminck Sheath-tailed Bat 1838. *Emballonura* Temminck, Tijdschr. Natuur. Gesch. 5: 22. Type *Emballonura* monticola Temminck.

Tate & Archbold (1939) have revised this genus. A key to *Emballonura nigrescens* and its allies is given by Thomas (1914).

#### Emballonura monticola Temminck

Emballonura monticola monticola Temminck

1838. Emballonura monticola Temminck, Tijdschr. Natuur. Gesch. 5: 25, pl. 2, figs. 1, 2. Mount Munara, Java.

Extralimital synonyms are given by Tate & Archbold (1939) and Chasen (1940). Range: Tate & Archbold (1939) record a specimen from south Celebes; extralimital.

#### CHIROPTERA - EMBALLONURIDAE

#### EMBALLONURA MONTICOLA RIVALIS Thomas

1915. Emballonura monticola rivalis Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 15: 140. Bida, Sarawak, Borneo. Range: Shamel (1940) records series from various localities in north Celebes and Peleng Island.

## Emballonura alecto (Eydoux & Gervais)

1836. Vespertilio (Nycticeus) alecto Eydoux & Gervais, Mamm. de la "Favourite" in Mag. Zool. Paris, 6: 7. Manila, Luzon.

Extralimital synonyms are given by Tate & Archbold (1939).

Range: north Celebes; Peleng Island; extralimital.

## Emballonura nigrescens (Gray)

Emballonura nigrescens nigrescens (Gray)

1843. Mosia nigrescens Gray, Ann. Mag. N.H. 11: 117. "South America." The correct type locality is doubtful, but may be Amboina as given on the label of the type specimen. Range: Amboina; Buru.

#### EMBALLONURA NIGRESCENS SOLOMONIS Thomas

1904. Emballonura nigrescens solomonis Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 14: 200. Florida Island, Solomon Islands. Range: Solomon Islands: Guadalcanar; Banika; Florida; Ugi; Shortland; Fauro; Savo; Pavuvo; Vella Lavella; San Christoval; Bougainville; Sohuna; New Britain; Duke of York Island; Woodlark Island; Admiralty Islands: Manus; Ruk.

#### EMBALLONURA NIGRESCENS PAPUANA Thomas

1914. Emballonura papuana Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 13: 443. Wakatimi, Mimika River, south-west Netherlands New Guinea. Range: Celebes; Halmahera group: Halmahera; Ternate; New Guinea; Schouten Islands (Geelvinck Bay); Kei Islands.

#### Emballonura beccarii Peters & Doria

EMBALLONURA BECCARII BECCARII Peters & Doria

1880. Emballonura beccarii Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 16: 693.

Ansus, Jobi (= Japen) Island, Geelvinck Bay, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

1920. Emballonura meeki locusta Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 534. Schouten Islands, Geelvinck Bay, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

Range: north-west New Guinea.

## EMBALLONURA BECCARII MEEKI Thomas

1896. Emballonura meeki Thomas, Novit. Zool. 3: 527. Kiriwina Island, Trobriand Islands. Range: Trobriand Islands; Papua.

### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

Emballonura beccarii clavium Thomas

1915. Emballonura meeki clavium Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 15: 137. Ara, Kei Islands. Range: Kei Islands.

## Emballonura raffrayana Dobson

Emballonura raffrayana raffrayana Dobson

1879. Emballonura raffrayana Dobson. P.Z.S. Lond. 876 (1878). "Gilolo." The correct type locality is Mefor (= Noemfor) Island, Geelvinck Bay, north-west Netherlands New Guinea (Thomas (1914)). Range: north-west New Guinea.

EMBALLONURA RAFFRAYANA STRESEMANNI Thomas

1914. Emballonura stresemanni Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 13: 442. Mount Lumutu (= Lamutai), west Ceram, 400 metres.

EMBALLONURA RAFFRAYANA COR Thomas

1915. Emballonura cor Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 15: 139. Choiseul Island, Solomon Islands. Range: Solomon Islands: Choiseul; Ysabel.

#### Emballonura furax Thomas

1911. Emballonura furax Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 384. Whitewater Camp, Kapari (= Kaparé) River, south-west Netherlands New Guinea, 400 ft.

## Genus TAPHOZOUS E. Geoffroy

1818. Taphozous E. Geoffroy, Description de l'Egypte, 2: 113. Type Taphozous perforatus E. Geoffroy.

1838. Saccolaimus Temminck, Tijdschr. Natuur. Gesch. 5: 14. Type Taphozous saccolaimus Temminck. Valid as a subgenus.

The members of this genus from New Guinea and Australia were revised in detail by Troughton (1925). Tate (1941) has reviewed the Oriental section of the genus.

Subgenus TAPHOZOUS E. Geoffroy

Tomb Bat

# Taphozous longimanus Hardwicke

(Taphozous longimanus longimanus Hardwicke. Extralimital)

1825. Taphozous longimanus Hardwicke, Trans. Linn. Soc. Lond. 14: 525. Calcutta, Bengal, India.

Extralimital synonyms are given by Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

TAPHOZOUS LONGIMANUS LEUCOPLEURUS Dobson

1878. Taphozous longimanus var. leucopleurus Dobson, Cat. Chirop. B.M. 385. Flores.

#### CHIROPTERA — MEGADERMATIDAE

## Taphozous melanopogon Temminck

(TAPHOZOUS MELANOPOGON MELANOPOGON Temminck. Extralimital)

1841. Taphozous melanopogon Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 2: 287, pl. 60, figs. 8, 9, Bantam, western Java.

Extralimital synonyms are given by Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

#### TAPHOZOUS MELANOPOGON ACHATES Thomas

1915. Taphozous achates Thomas, J. Bomb. N.H. Soc. 24: 60. Savu Island, near Timor. Range: Savu; Sumbawa; may include Lombok.

## Taphozous australis Gould

1854. Taphozous australis Gould, Mamm. Austr. 3, pl. 32, letterpress. Albany Island, Cape York, North Queensland, Australia.

Extralimital synonyms are given by Iredale & Troughton (1934).

Range: there appears to be only one record of australis in New Guinea, given by Dobson (1878) from a specimen labelled Port Moresby, now in the British Museum; Troughton (1925) suggested that it might be a specimen of Taphozous mixtus, but it is without doubt Taphozous australis.

Subgenus SACCOLAIMUS Temminck

Pouch-bearing Bat

## Taphozous nudicluniatus De Vis

1905. Taphozous nudicluniatus De Vis, Ann. Queensl. Mus. 6: 39. Gowrie Creek, Cardwell, Queensland, Australia.

1911. Taphozous granti Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 8: 378. Parimau, Mimika River, south Netherlands New Guinea.

Range: southern and eastern New Guinea; recorded by Sanborn and Beecher (1947) from Guadalcanar, Solomon Islands; extralimital.

# Taphozous mixtus (Troughton)

1925. Saccolaimus mixtus Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus. 14: 322. Port Moresby, Papua. Range: southern and eastern New Guinea; extralimital.

#### FAMILY MEGADERMATIDAE

Genus MEGADERMA E. Geoffroy False Vampire Bat

1810. Megaderma E. Geoffroy, Ann. Mus. H.N. Paris, 15: 197. Type Vespertilio spasma Linnaeus.

Subgenus MEGADERMA E. Geoffroy

Brief notes on this genus, with particular reference to the Oriental subgenera, are given by Tate (1941a). Andersen (1918) provides a key to forms named before that date.

## MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

## Megaderma spasma (Linnaeus)

MEGADERMA SPASMA (Linnaeus)

1758. Vespertilio spasma Linnaeus, Syst. Nat. 10th ed. 1: 32 (based on Seba, 1734, Thesaurus, 1:90, pl. 56, fig. 1). Ternate. Range: Halmahera group: Ternate; extralimital.

MEGADERMA SPASMA CELEBENSIS Shamel

1940. Megaderma spasma celebensis Shamel, J. Mamm. 21: 352. Likoepang, Celebes. Range: Celebes; Togian Island; Sula Islands: Taliaboe.

### FAMILY RHINOLOPHIDAE

Subfamily Rhinolophinae

Horseshoe Bats

Genus RHINOLOPHUS Lacépède

1799. Rhinolophus Lacépède, Tabl. Mamm. 15. Type Vespertilio ferrum-equinum Schreber.

Tate & Archbold (1939a) and Tate (1943) have given reviews of the Oriental section of this genus based largely on the studies of Andersen (1905, 1905a-d, 1918). The latter paper contains keys to all forms named before 1918.

# Rhinolophus simplex K. Andersen

1905. Rhinolophus simplex K. Andersen, P.Z.S. Lond. 2: 76, pl. 3, fig. 1. Lombok, 2,500 ft. Range: Lombok; Sumbawa.

# Rhinolophus megaphyllus Gray

(Rhinolophus megaphyllus megaphyllus Gray. Extralimital)

1834. Rhinolophus megaphyllus Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 52. Murrumbidgee River, New Holland (= New South Wales).

RHINOLOPHUS MEGAPHYLLUS MONACHUS K. Andersen

1905. Rhinolophus megaphyllus monachus K. Andersen, P.Z.S. London. 2: 80. St. Aignan's (= Misima) Island, Louisiade Archipelago.

RHINOLOPHUS MEGAPHYLLUS FALLAX K. Andersen

1906. Rhinolophus fallax K. Andersen, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 42: 1, pl. 3, figs. 1–7. Ighibirei, Kemp Welch River, some little way inland, Papua.

# Rhinolophus keyensis Peters

RHINOLOPHUS KEYENSIS KEYENSIS Peters

1871. Rhinolophus keyensis Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 307. A further description is given by Andersen, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 1906, 42: 4. Kei Islands. Range: Kei Islands.

#### CHIROPTERA - RHINOLOPHINAE

#### RHINOLOPHUS KEYENSIS TRUNCATUS Peters

1871. Rhinolophus truncatus Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 307. Batchian Island. Range: Halmahera group: Batchian.

### RHINOLOPHUS KEYENSIS NANUS K. Andersen

1905. Rhinolophus nanus K. Andersen, P.Z.S. Lond. 2: 82, pl. 3, fig. 3. Goram Island, south-east of Ceram.

### Rhinolophus celebensis K. Andersen

1905. Rhinolophus celebensis K. Andersen, P.Z.S. Lond. 2: 83, pl. 3, figs. 4a, 4b. Macassar, south Celebes. Range: Celebes.

## Rhinolophus affinis Horsfield

(Rhinolophus Affinis Affinis Horsfield. Extralimital)

1823. Rhinolophus affinis Horsfield, Zool. Res. Java, (6), pl. figs. a, b. Java.

## RHINOLOPHUS AFFINIS PRINCEPS K. Andersen

1905. Rhinolophus affinis princeps K. Andersen, P.Z.S. Lond. 2: 106, pl. 3, fig. 13. Lombok. Range: Lombok; Sumbawa; Sumba.

## Rhinolophus acuminatus Peters

(RHINOLOPHUS ACUMINATUS ACUMINATUS Peters. Extralimital)

1871. Rhinolophus acuminatus Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 308. Java.

### RHINOLOPHUS ACUMINATUS AUDAX K. Andersen

1905. Rhinolophus acuminatus audax K. Andersen, P.Z.S. Lond. 2: 133. Lombok. Range: Lombok; also extralimital.

# Rhinolophus philippinensis Waterhouse

(RHINOLOPHUS PHILIPPINENSIS PHILIPPINENSIS Waterhouse. Extralimital)

1843. Rhinolophus philippinensis Waterhouse, P.Z.S. Lond. 68. Luzon, Philippine Islands.

#### RHINOLOPHUS PHILIPPINENSIS ACHILLES Thomas

1900. Rhinolophus achilles Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 5: 145. Kei Islands. Range: Kei Islands.

### RHINOLOPHUS PHILIPPINENSIS MAROS Tate & Archbold

1939. Rhinolophus maros Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1036; 1, 9. Talassa, near Maros, south Celebes, 300 metres.

## Rhinolophus toxopeusi Hinton

1925. Rhinolophus toxopei Hinton, Ann. Mag. N.H. 16: 256. Buru, 1,400 metres.

## Rhinolophus euryotis Temminck

RHINOLOPHUS EURYOTIS EURYOTIS Temminck

1835. Rhinolophus euryotis Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 2: 26. Amboina. Range: Amboina; Čeram; Timor Laut.

### RHINOLOPHUS EURYOTIS TIMIDUS K. Andersen

1905. Rhinolophus euryotis timidus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 16: 285. Batchian. Range: Halmahera group: Batchian; north-west New Guinea.

#### RHINOLOPHUS EURYOTIS PRAESTANS K. Andersen

1905. Rhinolophus euryotis praestans K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 16: 286. Kei Islands. Range: Kei Islands.

#### RHINOLOPHUS EURYOTIS ARUENSIS K. Andersen

1907. Rhinolophus euryotis aruensis K. Andersen, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 43: 31. Aru Islands. Range: Aru Islands.

#### RHINOLOPHUS EURYOTIS BURIUS Hinton

1925. Rhinolophus euryotis burius Hinton, Ann. Mag. N.H. 16: 256. Lehsoela, Buru Island. Range: Buru.

## Subsamily Hipposiderinae

Leaf-nosed Bats

## Genus HIPPOSIDEROS Gray

1831. Hipposideros Gray, Zool. Misc. 37. Type Vespertilio speoris Schneider.

A review of this genus, with special reference to Indo-Australian forms, is given by Tate (1941b). Andersen (1918) provides a key to forms named before that date.

# Hipposideros bicolor (Temminck)

The valid races of bicolor in this area seem likely to be: bicolor, aruensis, saevus and macrobullatus. There are no specimens of amboinensis in the B.M. collection; Tate (1941b) considered the name to be a probable synonym of aruensis. As understood here saevus includes bats with forearm 40-45 mm., and maxillary toothrow 5.5-6.1 mm., while aruensis includes smaller bats with forearm 37-39 mm., and maxillary toothrow 5.1-5.3 mm. In northern Australia the bicolor group is represented by the race albanensis, the distribution of which was said by Andersen (1918) to include Ceram and New Guinea. It is closely related to aruensis and may indeed be synonymous with this race.

The distribution map given by Tate (1941b) for this group indicates that it extends through the Lesser Sunda Islands. We have been unable to find records of *bicolor* from these islands and Tate does not record the group from them in a later paper on the distribution of Australasian bats (1946).

#### CHIROPTERA - HIPPOSIDERINAE

(HIPPOSIDEROS BICOLOR BICOLOR (Temminck). Extralimital)

1834. *Rhinolophus bicolor* Temminck, Tijdschr. Natuur. Gesch. 1, i: 19, pl. 1, fig. 3. "Java, Amboina, Timor." Type locality restricted to Anjer coast, northwestern Java, by Tate (1941b).

HIPPOSIDEROS BICOLOR ARUENSIS Gray

1858. Hipposideros aruensis Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 107. Aru Islands.

(?) 1866. Hipposideros albanensis Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 220. Port Albany, north-west Queensland.

Range: Aru Islands; southern and north-western New Guinea; possibly northern Queensland.

[HIPPOSIDEROS BICOLOR AMBOINENSIS (Peters)]

1871. *Phyllorhina amboinensis* Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 323. Amboina. Range: Amboina.

HIPPOSIDEROS BICOLOR SAEVUS K. Andersen

1918. Hipposideros albanensis saevus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 380, 381. Kei Islands.

1940. Hipposideros gentilis toala Shamel, J. Mamm. 21: 352. Toeare, Celebes.

Range: Kei Islands; Buru; Ceram; Halmahera; Peleng Island; Celebes; possibly Sanghir and Talaut Islands.

HIPPOSIDEROS BICOLOR MACROBULLATUS Tate

1941. Hipposideros bicolor macrobullatus Tate, Bull. Amer. Mus. N.H. 78: 357. Talassa, near Maros, south Celebes, 300 metres.

# Hipposideros calcaratus (Dobson)

1877. Phyllorhina calcarata Dobson, P.Z.S. Lond. 122. Duke of York Island. Range: New Guinea; Bismarck Archipelago: Duke of York Island; Solomon Islands: Russell; New Georgia; Nissan.

# Hipposideros cupidus K. Andersen

1918. Hipposideros cupidus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 383. Eaga, Papua. Range: New Guinea; Japen Island; Bismarck Archipelago: Duke of York Island; Tabar Islands; Solomon Islands: New Georgia; Banika.

# Hipposideros galeritus Cantor

There seems to be some doubt about the correct distribution of this species. The typical race is rare in collections, and the skull of its type is of doubtful value as the skin and skull may be mismatched (Tate (1941b)). Chasen (1940) restricted H. g. galeritus to the Malay States and some small adjacent islands. H. g. labuanensis was considered by him to be confined to Borneo and to average slightly smaller than the typical race. A third race, H. g. schneideri, occurs in Sumatra. In recent years H. g. galeritus has been recorded from the Philippines by Sanborn (1952) and from Celebes by Shamel (1940).

Sanborn found his material to be identical in size with a series recorded as *H. galeritus* from Borneo by Lyon (1911). This series agrees with our specimens of *labuanensis* from north Borneo and must be regarded as belonging to this race: the range of *labuanensis* should therefore be extended to include the Philippines.

Shamel (1940) recorded *H. g. galeritus* from Peleng Island and middle Celebes. His material seems more likely to belong to *labuanensis* rather than to the geographically more distant *galeritus*, and this race is here tentatively recorded from Celebes.

The material from south Celebes identified as H. g. galeritus by Sody (1930) was

later named H. c. celebensis (Sody (1936)).

The distribution map for the group given by Tate (1941b) indicates occurrence in the Lesser Sunda Islands. We can find no records for these islands, and Tate does not record the group from them in a later paper on the distribution of Australasian bats (1946).

(HIPPOSIDEROS GALERITUS GALERITUS Cantor. Extralimital)

1846. Hipposideros galeritus Cantor, J. Asiat. Soc. Bengal, 15: 183. Penang, Malay States.

HIPPOSIDEROS GALERITUS LABUANENSIS (Tomes)

1859. Phyllorhina labuanensis Tomes, P.Z.S. Lond. 538 (1858). Labuan, Borneo. Range: may possibly extend to northern and central Celebes, see comments above; extralimital.

## Hipposideros cervinus (Gould)

H. cervinus is closely allied to H. galeritus and is included in the galeritus group of species. Tate (1941b: 366-369, 391-393, 365 distribution map for group) seems uncertain whether cervinus and its close allies should be treated as races of galeritus or should be retained as a species with races cervinus, batchianus, celebensis and insolens, extending from Australia to Borneo. The latter course is adopted here in order to retain the slightly less specialized eastern galeritus bats together: H. g. labuanensis, which occurs side by side with insolens in Borneo (and possibly also with celebensis in Celebes) forms a connecting link with the more specialized galeritus and allied species from the Greater Sunda Islands.

The name crumeniferus applied by Péron to Hipposideros from Timor is not certainly determinable: from Péron's plate the bat appears to belong to the galeritus group and to be most nearly allied to cervinus. Should discovery of the type or the collection of topotypes prove this so, crumeniferus will displace cervinus, used here as the provisional specific name for the eastern members of the group, and also galeritus as the group name. For the present, it must remain incertae sedis.

HIPPOSIDEROS CERVINUS CERVINUS (Gould)

1863. Rhinolophus cervinus Gould. Mamm. Austr. 3, pl. 34, letterpress. Cape York, northern Queensland. Range: New Guinea; Japen Island; Kei Islands; Aru Islands; Trobriand Islands: Kiriwina; Solomon Islands: Guadalcanar; Bougainville; Bismarck Archipelago: New Ireland; extralimital.

#### CHIROPTERA — HIPPOSIDERINAE

## HIPPOSIDEROS CERVINUS BATCHIANUS Matschie

1901. Hipposideros batchianus Matschie, Abhand. Senckenb. Naturf. Ges. 25: 273. Batchian Island.

### HIPPOSIDEROS CERVINUS CELEBENSIS Sody

1936. Hipposideros celebensis Sody, Natuur. Tijdschr. Ned.-Ind. 96: 47. Mampoe Cave, 20 kilometres north of Watoe Pone, south Celebes. Range: Celebes.

## [Hipposideros crumeniferus (Péron)]

1807. Rhinolophus crumeniferus Péron, Voyage Découv. Terres Australes, Atlas (plates by Lesueur & Petit), pl. 35. Timor.

## Hipposideros muscinus (Thomas & Doria)

HIPPOSIDEROS MUSCINUS MUSCINUS (Thomas & Doria)

1886. Phyllorhina muscina Thomas & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 4: 201. Fly River, Papua. Range: Papua and North-East New Guinea.

## Hipposideros wollastoni Thomas

1913. Hipposideros wollastoni Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 205. Camp 3, Utakwa River, south-west Netherlands New Guinea, 2,500 ft.

## Hipposideros larvatus (Horsfield)

HIPPOSIDEROS LARVATUS (Horsfield)

1823. Rhinolophus larvatus Horsfield, Zool. Res. Java, pt. 6, pl. 9. Java.

Extralimital synonyms given by Chasen (1940).

Range: recorded from Sumba by Forcart (1952).

# Hipposideros diadema (E. Geoffroy)

HIPPOSIDEROS DIADEMA DIADEMA (E. Geoffroy)

1813. Rhinolophus diadema E. Geoffroy, Ann. Mus. H.N. Paris, 20: 263. Timor. Range: Timor; Sumbawa; probably includes other Lesser Sunda Islands; extralimital.

### HIPPOSIDEROS DIADEMA OCEANITIS K. Andersen

1905. Hipposideros diadema oceanitis K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 16: 497. Guadalcanar, Solomon Islands. Range: Solomon Islands: Guadalcanar; Fauro; Vella Lavella; Ysabel; Bougainville.

## HIPPOSIDEROS DIADEMA PULLATUS K. Andersen

1905. Hipposideros diadema pullatus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 16: 498. Haveri, Papua, 700 metres. Range: New Guinea.

HIPPOSIDEROS DIADEMA EUOTIS K. Andersen

1905. Hipposideros euotis K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 16: 502. Batchian Island. Range: Halmahera group: Batchian. Tate (1941b: 391) lists specimens of euotis in the Archbold collections from north and south Celebes. Other references in the text (374, 383 under euotis, 374, 389 under speculator) show that his material is speculator erroneously listed as euotis.

HIPPOSIDEROS DIADEMA DEMISSUS K. Andersen

1909. Hipposideros demissus K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 3: 268. Yanuta, San Christoval Island, east Solomon Islands.

HIPPOSIDEROS DIADEMA MIRANDUS Thomas

1914. Hipposideros demissus mirandus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 13: 437. Manus Island, Admiralty Islands.

HIPPOSIDEROS DIADEMA CUSTOS K. Andersen

1918. Hipposideros diadema custos K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 381, 382. Ara, Kei Island. Range: Kei Islands.

HIPPOSIDEROS DIADEMA SPECULATOR K. Andersen

1918. Hipposideros diadema speculator K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 381, 382. Kalao Island, Flores Sea, south of Celebes. Range: Celebes; small islands near Celebes.

HIPPOSIDEROS DIADEMA TROBRIUS Troughton

1937. Hipposideros diadema trobrius Troughton, Austr. Zool. 8: 276. Kiriwina Island, Trobriand group, east of Papua.

HIPPOSIDEROS DIADEMA CERAMENSIS subsp. n.

Type locality: Teleoti Bay, south Ceram.

Type: Adult \$\varphi\$ B.M. 20. 7. 26. 3. Collected by the Pratt brothers in February, 1920. Collector's number, 133. Skin and skull in good condition.

A large-eared member of the diadema group, most closely allied to euotis. Skull similar to euotis, but palate wider and rostral hump narrower, the width of the facial region being similar to speculator. Upper canine teeth slightly longer than those of euotis.

Underside a light buffy brown faintly tinged with grey, and lighter in colour than euotis or speculator. Head light cream buff. Bases of hairs of dorsal surface cream buff tinged with silvery grey, tips of hairs warm seal brown: brown tipping increasing posteriorly to form the distinctive "horseshoe" of the diadema group, which in ceramensis is far more clearly marked than in euotis or speculator. Distinct creamy white flank patches and creamy white stripe bordering each side of the back.

A second specimen (skin in alcohol, skull extracted), an adult & from Lehsoela, Buru Island, is slightly larger than the type, but in all other respects is essentially similar.

Measurements in mm. of the type and paratype of ceramensis compared with those of euotis and speculator:

## CHIROPTERA - HIPPOSIDERINAE

Measurements in mm. of Hipposideros diadema ceramensis, H. d. euotis and H. d. speculator

Locality	C'eram	Buru	Batchian	Batchian	Kalao Island, south of Celebes	Kalao
Est	33	32	30*	31*	35	1
Готеатт	84.6	88.8	81.5	85.7	83.1	1
Vidth m 2 — m	11.8	2.2	9.11	11.4	11.5	9.11
Palatal length	12.7	13.2	13.0	13.8	11.2	8.11
Height of c1	6.4	6.4	6.2	1	5.3	5.5
Anteorbital dreadth	9.1	8.9	10.1	10.4	1.6	9.5
Interorbital hreadth	4.1	4.4		3.8	3.9	4.0
Sygomatic dibiw	0.61	18.1	-	19.4	16.8	17.5
Width across canine teeth	8.4	ဆို	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.1
c — w <sub>3</sub>	12.6	13.5	12.9	13.4	12.0	12.5
Condylobasal length	30.0	1	1	1	28.0	28.5
Total length	33.7	1	-	1	31.2	31.9
B.M. Registered	H. d. ceramensis 20, 7, 26, 3. Type	25. 6. 5. 25	H. d. euotis 7. 1. 1. 312 Type	60. 1. 10. 4	H. d. speculator 97. 1. 3. 20 Type	97. 1. 3. 5

\* Measurements taken from dry skin.

# Hipposideros dinops K. Andersen

1905. Hipposideros dinops K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. N.H. 16: 502. Rubiana Island, New Georgia group, Solomon Islands. Range: Bougainville; Rubiana Island.

## Hipposideros pelingensis Shamel

1940. Hipposideros pelingensis Shamel, J. Mamm. 21: 353. Peleng Island, east of Celebes.

## Hipposideros inexpectatus sp. n.

Type locality: Posso (= Poso), north Celebes.

Type: Adult & B.M. 25. 6. 5. 19. Received in exchange with the Amsterdam Museum, 1925. Original number, 119. Specimen in alcohol, skull extracted, condition good.

A giant species of the diadema group, allied to dinops and pelingensis. Skull larger and more powerfully built than dinops (the skull of pelingensis was said by Shamel (1940) to be equal in size to that of dinops) and distinguished by exceptionally heavy sagittal and lambdoid crests. In comparison with dinops, hitherto the largest known member of the diadema group, the skull of inexpectatus is considerably larger with more greatly expanded zygomata: the palate is both longer and wider and the braincase greater in width: the infraorbital foramina are longer and wider. The dentition is similar to dinots, but the toothrow is longer and the teeth are rather more massive in construction. Postorbital processes slightly projecting and making the naso-frontal region less rounded and more decidedly pentagonal than in other diadema bats. Sagittal crest enormously developed, crescent shaped, descending towards and merging into well-defined supraorbital ridges. Lambdoid crests well developed: more prominent than in diadema and its large allied species lankadiva and dinops. The mandible, when compared with the mandibles of diadema and its large allies, is considerably larger and much more heavily and powerfully built: its angular and coronoid processes are longer and more substantial. The total height of the mandible from the tip of the coronoid process to the tip of the angular process is far greater than that of the other large Asiatic Hipposiderines.

The nose leaf and ears are closely similar to dinops. Four supplementary lateral nose leaves: the fourth minute and the third reduced. The wing structure is essentially that found in the diadema group: the wings of inexpectatus are a little larger than those of dinops. The type and only specimen has been preserved in alcohol for twenty-seven years, and no idea of its true colour can be formed: in colour pattern inexpectatus

closely resembles dinops.

In the genus Hipposideros greatly developed sagittal crests have hitherto been found only in the giant African species commersoni. Apart from its typical diadema dentition, the skull of inexpectatus shows a remarkable resemblance to commersoni gigas by its generally massive build (it is in fact a little larger than gigas), large sagittal crest and massive mandible. The slightly pentagonal frontal region of inexpectatus shows a weak approach to the condition found in commersoni, in which the naso-frontal region is entirely pentagonal in outline. The mandible of inexpectatus is very similar in appearance to that of commersoni gigas.

Measurements in mm. of the type of inexpectatus compared with the type of dinops

and two specimens of commersoni gigas:

# CHIROPTERA — HIPPOSIDERINAE

Measurements in mm. of Hipposideros inexpectatus, H. dinops and H. commersoni gigas

Locality	Celebes	Solomon Is.	W. Africa	W. Africa
Forearm	100.8	96.5	1.76	98.6
Tibia	43.5	44.0	50.9	42.3
з.р. — с.р.	13.9	8.11	10.6	6.6
Bottom of condyle — tip of c.p.		8.2	8.3	7.8
Top of condyle — tip of a.p.		5.8	5.5	5.1
Total length of mandible	28.7	25.4	26.5	24.8
Length X width interorbital	3.9×1.1	2.7×0.8	3.1×0.8	2.9 × 0.9
Length × breadth	17.7 4.3×3.6 3.9×1.1 28.7	16.1 4.2×3.0 2.7×0.8 25.4	16.1 3.5×3.0 3.1×0.8 26.5	11.0 13.1 15.2 3.3×2.7 2.9×0.9 24.8
s m - 2	17.7	1.91	1.91	15.2
c m <sub>2</sub>	15.3	14.2	14.2	13.1
o — o	4.	0.01	5: 17	0.11
Width of braincase	15.4	14.3	15.2	15.0
Interorbital breadth	3.4	3.7	3.4	3.5
<sub>2</sub> w — <sub>2</sub> w	13.9	13.2	13.7	13.5
Anteorbital breadth	9.11	9.01	11.4	11.0
Sygomatic dibiw	22.4	20.7	21.8	20.7
Palatal length	14.7	13.8	12.7	12.6
Condylobasal length	35.4	33.0	34.3	32.7
Total length of skull	40.2	36.4	38.6	37.1
B.M. Registered	H. inexpectatus 25. 6. 5. 19 Type	H. dinops 88. 1. 5. 22 Type	H. commersoni gigas o. 2. 5. 9	11. 6. 10. 5

Abbreviations: a.p. — angular process c.p. — coronoid process

### Incertae sedis

## Hipposideros papua (Thomas & Doria)

1886. Phyllorhina papua Thomas & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 4: 204. Misori Island, Geelvinck Bay, Netherlands New Guinea.

#### Genus ANTHOPS Thomas

1888. Anthops Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 1: 156; P.Z.S. Lond. 1888: 477 (1889).

Type Anthops ornatus Thomas.

Brief notes on this genus are provided by Tate (1941a).

## Anthops ornatus Thomas

1888. Anthops ornatus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 1: 156; P.Z.S. Lond. 1888: 477, pl. 22, fig. 1 (1889). Aola, Guadalcanar, Solomon Islands. Range: Solomon Islands: Guadalcanar; Choiseul; Ysabel; Bougainville.

#### Genus ASELLISCUS Tate

1941. Aselliscus Tate, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1140: 2. Type Rhinolophus tricuspidatus
Temminck.

## Aselliscus tricuspidatus (Temminck)

1835. Rhinolophus tricuspidatus Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 2: 20, pl. 29, fig. 4, pl. 32, figs. 11, 12. Amboina. Range: Amboina; Goram Island; Ceram; Buru; Batchian; Morotai Island; Mysol Island; north coast of Netherlands New Guinea; Kei Island; Duke of York Island; New Britain; New Ireland; Woodlark Island; Trobriand Island; Solomon Islands: Guadalcanar; Banika; Russell; Ugi; extralimital.

#### FAMILY MOLOSSIDAE

## Genus TADARIDA Rafinesque

Free-tailed Bat

- 1814. Tadarida Rafinesque, Précis Som. 55. Type Cephalotes teniotis Rafinesque.
- 1842. Mops Lesson, Nouv. Tabl. Règn. Anim. 18. Type Mops indicus Lesson = Molossus mops Blainville (Dysopes mops F. Cuvier is a nom. nud.). Valid as a subgenus.

1874. Chaerephon Dobson, J. Asiat. Soc. Bengal, 43, 2: 144. Type Nyctinomus johorensis Dobson. Valid as a subgenus.

- 1941. Austronomus Troughton, Furred Animals of Australia, 1st ed. 360. Type Nyctinomus australis atratus Thomas = Molossus australis Gray. Valid as a subgenus.
- 1943. Micronomus Troughton, Furred Animals of Australia, 2nd ed. 361. Type Molossus norfolkensis Gray. Valid as a subgenus.

Notes on this genus are provided by Tate (1941c, 1952) and Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

#### CHIROPTERA - MOLOSSIDAE

Subgenus MOPS Lesson

## Tadarida sarasinorum (Meyer)

1899. Nyctinomus sarasinorum Meyer, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, 7, 7: 16, pl. 4, figs. 4–6, pl. 10, figs. 3, 4, 28, pl. 11, figs. 2, 2a. Batulappa, north of Lake Tempe, south-west central Celebes.

Subgenus CHAEREPHON Dobson

Wrinkle-lipped Bat

## Tadarida plicata (Buchanan)

(TADARIDA PLICATA PLICATA (Buchanan). Extralimital)

1800. Vespertilio plicatus Buchanan, Trans. Linn. Soc. Lond. 5: 261, pl. 13. Bengal, India.

Extralimital synonyms are given by Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

## TADARIDA PLICATA JOBENSIS (Miller)

1902. Nyctinomus jobensis Miller, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 15: 246. Ansus, Jobi Island, Geelvinck Bay, north-west Netherlands New Guinca.

Subgenus AUSTRONOMUS Troughton

Mastiff Bat

# Tadarida australis (Gray)

1838. Molossus australis Gray, Mag. Zool. Bot. 2: 501. New South Wales.

1884. Nyctinomus albidus Leche, P.Z.S. Lond. 58, fig. 3. South Australia.

1924. Nyctinomus australis atratus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 14: 456. Ooldea, south Australia.

Range: Papua; North-East New Guinea; extralimital.

Subgenus MICRONOMUS Troughton

# Tadarida norfolkensis (Gray)

(TADARIDA NORFOLKENSIS NORFOLKENSIS (Gray). Extralimital)

1839. Molossus norfolkensis Gray, Ann. Mag. N.H. 4: 7. Norfolk Island. Extralimital synonym given by Iredale & Troughton (1934).

# TADARIDA NORFOLKENSIS LORIAE (Thomas)

1897. Nyctinomus Ioriae Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 18: 609. Kamali, mouth of the Kemp Welch River, 10° 10' S., 147° 44' E., Papua. Range: Papua.

### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

### Tadarida beccarii (Peters)

TADARIDA BECCARII BECCARII (Peters)

1881. Mormopterus beccarii Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 484, fig. 5. Amboina. Range: Amboina.

## Tadarida beccarii astrolabiensis (Meyer)

1899. Nyctinomus astrolabiensis Meyer, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, 7, 7: 19, pl. 10, figs. 19, 30, pl. 11, fig. 6. Bongu, Astrolabe Bay, North-East New Guinea. Range: a small series in the B.M. collection from the Mimika River, Netherlands New Guinea, appear referable to this race.

### Genus OTOMOPS Thomas

Big-eared Mastiff Bat

1913. Otomops Thomas, J. Bomb. N.H. Soc. 22: 91. Type Nyctinomus wroughtoni
Thomas.

## Otomops papuensis Lawrence

1948. Otomops papuensis Lawrence, J. Mamm. 29: 413. Vailala River (flows into Gulf of Papua about 15 miles west of Kerema), western Papua.

## Otomops secundus Hayman

1952. Otomops secundus Hayman, in Laurie, Bull. Brit. Mus. N.H. Zool. 1: 314. Tapu, upper Ramu River plateau, North-East New Guinea.

#### Genus CHEIROMELES Horsfield

Hairless Bat

1824. Cheiromeles Horsfield, Zool. Res. Java, pt. 8. Type Cheiromeles torquatus Horsfield.

# Cheiromeles parvidens Miller & Hollister

1921. Cheiromeles parvidens Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 100. Pinedapa, middle Celebes.

#### FAMILY VESPERTILIONIDAE

Subfamily Vespertilioninae

# Genus PIPISTRELLUS Kaup

Pipistrelle

1829. Pipistrellus Kaup, Skizz. Europ. Thierw. 1: 98. Type Vespertilio pipistrellus Schreber.

The Asiatic and Australasian members of this genus are reviewed by Tate (1942a).

#### CHIROPTERA - VESPERTILIONINAE

## Subgenus PIPISTRELLUS Kaup

## Pipistrellus javanicus (Gray)

For many years Malaysian bats belonging to the *Pipistrellus abramus* (now *javanicus*) group have been referred to *Pipistrellus tralatitius* (Horsfield). However, the status of *Vespertilio tralatitius* Horsfield (Zool. Res. Java, 1824, pt. 8) is open to doubt (Tate

(1942a) pp. 237, 241, 242).

The B.M. collection received many of Horsfield's type specimens among the contents of the Museum of the East India Company (later the India Museum) in 1879. Two specimens from the East India collections have been selected as the type of Vespertilio tralatitius Horsfield. Thomas and Wroughton (1909) selected B.M. 79. 11. 21. 124 from Java (said to be specimen "A" of Horsfield's Catalogue of the Museum of the East India Company, 1851: 39) as the type. On further examination Thomas found this to be an example of Pipistrellus imbricatus (Horsfield) and selected B.M. 62a, also from Java, a specimen presented by the East India Company before 1879, which has Horsfield's native name for this bat, "Lowo-manir", marked on its original label, perhaps by Horsfield. Thomas did not publish his reasons for re-selection of the type, but has recorded them on the labels of these two specimens and in the margin of our copy of the Zool, Res. Java. A third specimen, B.M. 7. 1. 1. 414, from the Tomes collection, has a note on its label by Tomes: "From Mr. Horsfield. June 1855. Identical with the type in the E. Ind. Comp. Museum" and thus seems to have been associated with Horsfield's original specimen.

A comparison of specimen B.M. 62a with Horsfield's description reveals that it could not have been his type. Although the lower jaw and maxillary toothrows are all that remain of the skull, it is without doubt a *Pipistrellus*. The lower jaw cannot therefore agree with Horsfield's description of "six lower grinding teeth", of which the three premolars had simple points and were said to increase gradually in size from front to rear. The skin, which is in bad condition, is brownish and not sooty. The Tomes specimen, a skin and much damaged skull, is also a *Pipistrellus*. It seems clear that Thomas' selection of a lectotype must be disregarded, and further search among our collections having failed to reveal a specimen that could have

been Horsfield's type, it must be presumed lost.

Without the original specimen, the value of Vespertilio tralatitius Horsfield is difficult to assess. Horsfield may have described a Myotis and failed to count the minute p³ of this genus, as suggested by Tate (1942a): support is given to this by his dental formula ("molars 5-5/6-6") and his description of sooty pelage. It is worth noting that Horsfield has miscounted the upper teeth in his description of Vespertilio imbricatus and gives the dental formula for the grinding teeth as "molars 4-4/5-5"; examination of the type shows that it is a Pipistrellus with a minute p² almost invisible between the canine and p⁴. Temminck has also made the same mistake in describing Vespertilio horsfieldi, a Myotis. He gives the number of upper "molars" as five: Tate, who has examined the type, states (1941d) "p³ minute, concealed on the inner side of p² and p⁴". On the other hand, Horsfield may have described a Myotis mandible mismatched with the cranium of a Pipistrellus.

Although specimen B.M. 62a and the Tomes specimen B.M. 7. I. 1. 414 have skulls associated with the skins, only the uncleaned muzzle and mandible remain in each case. This suggests that they were originally "display" specimens. Specimens dating from the early nineteenth century were almost invariably mounted as "exhibition" or "display" specimens, in a lifelike position with the mouth open to show the teeth. During mounting the skull was rarely extracted, but was cut through just behind the palate and the braincase removed; the muzzle and lower jaw were left attached to the skin at the lips. The fragments that remain of these two skulls indicate that the specimens were treated in this way, and their present uncleaned condition suggests that the skins were "unstuffed" after arrival at this Museum, the skull fragments being too fragile to be cleaned. This view is also supported by the fact that although the skins have original labels by Horsfield & Tomes, the skulls have only B.M. labels written by Thomas. Had these skulls been in either Horsfield's or Tomes' collections as independent parts of the specimens, they would also have original labels. Thus, although it seems that both specimens were associated with the type, a direct comparison between their dentition and that of the type has probably never been made. Externally, Myotis muricola (Gray) is closely similar to the bat hitherto known as Pipistrellus tralatitius (Horsfield) and if Horsfield's type had been a specimen of Myotis muricola (Gray), specimens of Pipistrellus tralatitius (Horsfield) could quite easily have been identified with it if the dentitions were not compared. It seems, therefore, that Tate's suggestion should be adopted, and in view of the lack of the type and the inconsistencies in Horsfield's description, we suggest that Vespertilio tralatitius Horsfield be regarded as indeterminable.

Bats of the *Pipistrellus javanicus* (hitherto *abramus*) group from Malaysia are therefore left without a name. The next available name is *Scotophilus javanicus* Gray (Mag. Zool. Bot. 1838, 2: 498) based on a description by F. Cuvier (Nouv. Ann. Mus. d'H.N. 1832, 1:21), which antedates *abramus* by two years. *Pipistrellus tralatitius* Thomas (P.Z.S. Lond. 1928: 143) (*nee* Horsfield) from Tam Dao, Tonkin, becomes a synonym of *Pipistrellus javanicus javanicus* (Gray), together with *Pipistrellus tralatitius bancanus* Sody (Temminckia, 1937, 2:233) from Banka Island, which was considered by Chasen (1940) and Tate (1942a) to be identical with the Javan form.

# Pipistrellus Javanicus Javanicus (Gray)

1832. Vespertilion javanais F. Cuvier, Nouv. Ann. Mus. H.N. 1: 21. Java.

1838. Scotophilus javanicus Gray, Mag. Zool. Bot. 2: 498 (naming of Vespertilion javanais F. Cuvier).

1928. Pipistrellus tralatitius Thomas, P.Z.S. Lond. 143 (nec Horsfield). Tam Dao, Tonkin, 3,000 ft.

1937. Pipistrellus tralatitius bancanus Sody, Temminckia, 2: 233. Banka Island, off east coast of Sumatra.

Range: Sumba; Timor; probably includes other Lesser Sunda Islands; extralimital (Java; Borneo; Sumatra; Banka; Malay Peninsula; Indo-China).

#### CHIROPTERA - VESPERTILIONINAE

PIPISTRELLUS JAVANICUS ABRAMUS (Temminck)

1840. Vespertilio abramus Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 2: 232, pl. 58, figs. 1, 2. Nagasaki, Kiushiu, Japan.

Extralimital synonyms are given by Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

Range: recorded from Celebes by Shamel (1940); extralimital.

## Pipistrellus imbricatus (Horsfield)

PIPISTRELLUS IMBRICATUS IMBRICATUS (Horsfield)

1824. Vespetilio imbricatus Horsfield, Zool. Res. Java, pt. 8. Java. Range: Recorded from south Celebes by Tate (1942a); extralimital.

### Pipistrellus angulatus (Peters)

PIPISTRELLUS ANGULATUS ANGULATUS (Peters)

1880. Vesperugo angulatus Peters, S.B. Ges. Naturf. Fr. Berl. 122. Duke of York Island. Range: Bismarck Archipelago: Duke of York Island; Admiralty Islands: Manus.

#### PIPISTRELLUS ANGULATUS COLLINUS Thomas

1920. Pipistrellus papuanus collinus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 533. Bihagi, head of the Mambaré River, Papua. Range: New Guinea.

## PIPISTRELLUS ANGULATUS PONCELETI Troughton

1936. Pipistrellus ponceleti Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus. 19: 351. Bougainville Island, Solomon Islands. Range: Solomon Islands: Bougainville; Guadalcanar; Fauro.

# Pipistrellus papuanus (Peters & Doria)

1881. Vesperugo papuanus Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 16: 696. Salawatti, north-west New Guinea.

1899. Vesperugo papuanus orientalis Meyer, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, 7, 7: 14. Bongu, Astrolabe Bay, North-East New Guinea.

Range: New Guinea; Fergusson Island; Mysol Island; Dinner Island; Amboina; Aru Islands; Kei Islands; Ceram. A single specimen from north Celebes in the B.M. collection seems referable to this species. Specimens from Amboina and the Aru Islands are very slightly larger than from New Guinea.

# Pipistrellus petersi (Meyer)

1899. Vesperugo petersi Meyer, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, 7, 7: 13, pl. 4, fig. 2. Minahassa, north Celebes. Range: north Celebes; a single specimen from Buru in the B.M. collection is almost identical with the description and measurements given by Tate (1942a).

## Pipistrellus minahassae (Meyer)

1899. Vesperugo minahassae Meyer, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, 7, 7: 14, pl. 4, fig. 3. Tomohon, Minahassa, north Celebes. Range: north Celebes.

### Genus MYOTIS Kaup

Mouse-eared Bat

1829. Myotis Kaup, Skizz. Europ. Thierw. 1: 106. Type Vespertilio myotis Borkhausen. 1830. Leuconoe Boie, Isis, Jena, 256. Type Vespertilio daubentonii Kuhl. Valid as a subgenus.

1841. Selysius Bonaparte, Faun. Ital. 1: Introd. 3. Type Vespertilio mystacinus Kuhl.

Valid as a subgenus.

1910. Chrysopteron Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 32: 74. Type Kerivoula weberi Jentink. Valid as a subgenus.

Tate (1941d) has reviewed this genus in considerable detail, with particular attention to East Indian species.

Subgenus SELYSIUS Bonaparte

## Myotis mystacinus (Kuhl)

Whiskered Bat

(Myotis mystacinus mystacinus (Kuhl). Extralimital)

1819. Vespertilio mystacinus Kuhl, Ann. Wetterau Ges. Naturk. 4, 2: 202. Germany. Extralimital synonyms are given by Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

Myotis mystacinus muricola (Gray)

1840. Vespertilio tralatitius Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 2: 228, pl. 57, figs. 1-4. Java. (nec Horsfield.)

1841. Vespertilio muricola Hodgson, Calcutta J. N.H. 2: 212 (nom. nud.).

1846. Vespertilio muricola Gray, Cat. Hodgson Coll. B.M. 4. Nepal.

Extralimital synonym given by Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

Range: Sumba; Sumbawa; Flores; probably includes all Lesser Sunda Islands; extralimital.

Myotis mystacinus ater (Peters)

1866. Vespertilio ater Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 18. Ternate.

1866. Vespertilio adversus var. amboinensis Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 400. Amboina.

Range: Celebes; Vagian Island; Peleng Island; Amboina; Buru; Ceram; Halmahera group: Ternate; Papua.

Subgenus CHRYSOPTERON Jentink

## Myotis weberi (Jentink)

1890. Kerivoula weberi Jentink, Zool. Ergebn. Reise Niederl. Ost.-Indien, 1: 129, pl. 11. Loka, near Bonthain, south Celebes.

#### CHIROPTERA - VESPERTILIONINAE

Subgenus LEUCONOE Boie

## Myotis adversus (Horsfield)

(Myotis adversus adversus (Horsfield). Extralimital)

1824. Vespertilio adversus Horsfield, Zool. Res. Java, pt. 8. Java.

Myotis adversus moluccarum (Thomas)

1915. Leuconoe moluccarum Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 15: 170. Ara, Kei Islands. Range: Celebes; Peleng Island; Kei Islands; New Guinea; Solomon Islands; Nissan.

## Myotis stalkeri Thomas

1910. Myotis (Leuconoe) stalkeri Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 5: 384. Ara, Kei Islands.

#### Genus GLISCHROPUS Dobson

Thick-thumbed Pipistrelle

1875. Glischropus Dobson, P.Z.S. Lond. 472 (as a subgenus). Type (as restricted by Miller (1907) ) Vesperugo tylopus Dobson.

Notes on this genus are given by Tate (1942a).

## Glischropus tylopus (Dobson)

(Glischropus tylopus tylopus (Dobson). Extralimital)

1875. Vesperugo tylopus Dobson, P.Z.S. Lond. 473. North Borneo.

GLISCHROPUS TYLOPUS BATJANUS (Matschie)

1910. Vespertilio (Glischropus) batjanus Matschie, Abh. Senckenb. Naturf. Ges. 25: 277.
Batchian Island.

### Genus CHALINOLOBUS Peters

Lobe-lipped Bat

1866. Chalinolobus Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 679. Type Vespertilio tuberculatus Forster.

Notes on this genus are provided by Tate (1942a).

# Chalinolobus picatus (Gould)

1852. Scotophilus picatus Gould, Mamm. Austr. 3: pl. 43, letterpress. Central Australia (= Captain Sturt's Depôt, north-west New South Wales (Iredale & Troughton (1934) )).

Extralimital synonym given by Iredale & Troughton (1934).

Range: stated by Troughton (1926) to extend to New Guinea; extralimital.

#### Genus PHILETOR Thomas

1902. Philetor Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 220. Type Philetor rohui Thomas. A brief note on this genus appears in Tate (1942a).

#### Philetor rohui Thomas

1902. *Philetor rohui* Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 220. Albert Edward Range, eastern Papua, 6,000 ft. Range: New Guinea.

#### Genus TYLONYCTERIS Peters

Club-footed Bat

1872. Tylonycteris Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 703. Type Vespertilio pachypus Temminck.

Tate (1942a) has reviewed this genus.

## Tylonycteris robustula Thomas

1915. Tylonycteris robustula Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 15: 227. Upper Sarawak, Borneo. Range: Celebes; Peleng Island; Timor; extralimital.

### Genus NYCTICEIUS Rafinesque

- 1819. Nycticeius Rafinesque, J. Physique, 88: 417. Type Nycticeius humeralis Rafinesque.
- 1875. Scoteinus Dobson, P.Z.S. Lond. 371 (as a subgenus). Type Nycticejus emarginatus Dobson (designated by Miller (1907)). Valid as a subgenus.
- 1943. Scoteanax Troughton, Furred Animals of Australia, 2nd ed., 353. Type Nycticejus rüppellii Peters. Valid as a subgenus.
- 1943. Scotorepens Troughton, Furred Animals of Australia, 2nd ed., 354. Type Scoteinus orion Troughton. Valid as a subgenus.

Tate (1942a) has reviewed this genus in some detail. We have followed Hollister (1918) and Simpson (1945) in placing Scoteinus in Nycticeius.

## Subgenus SCOTOREPENS Troughton

Evening Bat

# Nycticeius greyi (Gray)

- 1843. Scotophilus greyii Gray, List Spec. Mamm. B.M. 30 (nom. nud.). Port Essington, Northern Territory, Australia.
- 1844. Scotophilus greyii Gray, Voy. "Erebus" and "Terror", Zool. pl. 20. Port Essington, Northern Territory, Australia.
- 1858. Scotophilus greyi Gray, Gould, Mamm. Austr. 3, pl. 45, letterpress.
- 1875. Scotophilus greyii Gray, Dobson, P.Z.S. Lond. 372 (re-description).

Range: Papua; Frederik Hendrik Island; extralimital.

#### CHIROPTERA - MINIOPTERINAE

## Nycticeius sanborni (Troughton)

1937. Scoteinus sanborni Troughton, Austr. Zool. 8: 280. East Cape, Papua. Range: Papua; extralimital; the series identified by Tate (1942a) as Scoteinus influatus Thomas, from various localities in Papua, has been redetermined as Scoteinus sanborni Troughton in his paper (Tate (1952)) on Queensland mammals.

#### Genus SCOTOPHILUS Leach

1821. Scotophilus Leach, Trans. Linn. Soc. Lond. 13: 69, 71. Type Scotophilus kuhlii Leach.

Tate (1942a) reviews the Indo-Malayan species.

## Scotophilus temmincki (Horsfield)

Lesser Yellow Bat

SCOTOPHILUS TEMMINCKI TEMMINCKI (Horsfield)

1824. Vespertilio temminckii Horsfield, Zool. Res. Java, pt. 8. Java. Type locality restricted to west Java by Sody (1936).

Extralimital synonyms are given by Chasen (1940).

Range: Sumba; Flores; recorded from Aru Islands and Timor by Jentink (1892); Sody (1928) includes Banda Islands in range.

## Scotophilus celebensis Sody

Greater Yellow Bat

1928. Scotophilus celebensis Sody, Natuurk. Tijdschr. Ned.-Ind. 88: 90. Toli Toli, Celebes.

# Subsamily Miniopterinae

# Genus MINIOPTERUS Bonaparte

Long-fingered Bat; Long-winged Bat

1837. Miniopterus Bonaparte, Fauna Ital. 1: fasc. 20, under Vespertilio emarginatus. Type Vespertilio ursinii Bonaparte = Vespertilio schreibersii Kuhl.

Tate (1941e) gives notes on the Asiatic and Australasian species.

## Miniopterus australis Tomes

MINIOPTERUS AUSTRALIS AUSTRALIS Tomes

1858. Miniopterus australis Tomes, P.Z.S. Lond. 125. Loyalty Islands, South Pacific.

1858. Vespertilio tibialis Tomes, P.Z.S. Lond. 126. Amboina.

1913. Miniopterus macrocneme Revilliod, in Sarasin & Roux, Nova Caledonia, Zool 1, 4: 360. New Caledonia (also Loyalty Islands).

MINIOPTERUS AUSTRALIS AUSTRALIS [contd.]

1913. Miniopterus paululus Hollister, Proc. U.S. Nat. Mus. 46: 311. Guimares Island, Philippine Islands. Range: Solomon Islands; New Guinea; Waigeu and Yule Islands; Kei Islands; Aru Islands; Amboina; Ceram; Batchian; Peleng Island; probably occurs in Buru and Bismarck and Admiralty groups; extralimital.

(MINIOPTERUS AUSTRALIS MINOR subsp. n. Extralimital)

Type locality: Kalipoetjang, Tji-Tandoei River, south Java.

Type: Adult & B.M. 9. 1. 5. 426. Collected by G. C. Shortridge on 3rd March, 1908 and presented by W. E. Balston. Collector's number, 1451. Skin (in alcohol) and skull in good condition.

Paratypes: 7 33 B.M. 9. 1. 5. 427–433, 10  $\Sigma$  B.M. 9. 1. 5. 434–443 (in alcohol). All from type locality.

These specimens had been identified by Thomas & Wroughton (1909) as Miniopterus tibialis Tomes, which is said to be distinguished from other species of Miniopterus by having the extremity of the tibia perfectly free of membranes for nearly a third of its length so that it appears like a slender shank. There is, however, no indication of this peculiarity in the topotype of tibialis in this Museum and it appears that the description of the type of tibialis may be misleading, this so-called distinguishing character probably being due to the state of preservation of the specimens. The measurements of the skin of the type and the skin and skull of the topotype of tibialis agree with those for australis with which it is now synonymized. This conclusion is supported by Sanborn (1952) who also synonymizes Miniopterus paululus Hollister from the Philippine Islands with australis.

In the above specimens from south Java, the wing membrane is inserted at the end of the tibia near the heel, and the os calcis with the tail membrane also starts from here. The specimens are also somewhat smaller than australis (= tibialis) (forearm c. 35 mm.—c. 42 mm.). The general colour of the fur of M. a. minor is very similar to that of M. a. australis, most of the specimens being decidedly rufous, perhaps more so than in M. a. australis. In the type specimen the head, nape and upper part of the back are rufous-brown, the lower part of the back chocolate-brown. The hairs on the underparts have chocolate-brown bases and rufous tips.

The skull is very similar to that of *M. a. australis*, but is definitely shorter: the total length of 16 specimens ranges from 12.8 to 13.3 mm., that of 30 specimens of *M. a. australis* from 13.4 to 14.7 mm.; the condylobasal length of 16 specimens ranges from 12.1 to 12.7 mm., that of 13 specimens of *M. a. australis* from 12.8 to 13.9 mm. The length of the toothrow c-m³ is also less, 4.8 to 5.0 mm. (16 specimens), compared with 5.1 to 5.6 mm. in *M. a. australis* (42 specimens). The width across the canines is usually less in *minor* though the measurements just overlap with those of *M. a. australis*, i.e. 3.2 to 3.6 mm. for 16 specimens of *minor* compared with 3.5 to 4.4 mm. for 38 specimens of *australis*.

Measurements in mm. of the type and five paratypes:

## CHIROPTERA - MINIOPTERINAE

Measurements in m.m. of Miniopterus australis minor

$m_3-m_3$	5-4	5.4	5. ts	5.5	5.1	5.4
Width across	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4
c — w <sub>3</sub>	4.8	4.9	5.0	8.4	4.9	4.9
Braincase breadth	7.0	6.9	6.7	8.9	6.7	6.8
Interorbital breadth	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.5
Condylobasal length	12.4	12.3	12.5	12.2	12.4	12.2
Total length	1.3.1	13.1	13.1	12.8	12.9	13.0
Forestm	35.5	34.4	35.7	34.7	35.1	34.7
Foot	10.5	10.0	10.5	10.0	10.5	10.5
Est	7	7	7	7	7	8
lisT	44	43	43	44	43	43
Length of head	44	45	46	44	43	45
Sex	*0	<sup>6</sup> 0	€0	0+	0+	0+
B.M. Registered	9. 1. 5. 426 Type	427	430	435	437	440

## Miniopterus schreibersi (Kuhl)

(Miniopterus schreibersi schreibersi (Kuhl). Extralimital)

1819. Vespertilio schreibersii Kuhl, Ann. Wetterau Ges. Naturk. 4, 2: 185. Kulmbazar Cave, mountains of southern Bannat, Hungary.

### MINIOPTERUS SCHREIBERSI BLEPOTIS (Temminck)

1840. Vespertilio blepotis Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 2: 212, pl. 53, figs. 1, 2. "Java; Banda; Amboina; Timor; Japan." Type locality restricted by Tate (1941e) to Java.

1909. Miniopterus medius Thomas & Wroughton, P.Z.S. Lond. 382. Kalipoetjang, Tji-Tandoei River, Java.

Extralimital synonyms given by Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

Range: south Celebes; Timor; Amboina; Kei Islands; New Guinea; Admiralty Islands; Solomon Islands; probably occurs on many other islands in Australasia; extralimital.

#### Miniopterus schreibersi magnater Sandorn

1913. Miniopterus schreibersii magnater Sanborn, Field Mus. N.H. Zool. 18, 2: 26. Marienberg, 40 miles up Sepik River, North-East New Guinea. Range: northern and north-eastern New Guinea.

### Miniopterus tristis (Waterhouse)

1845. Vespertilio tristis Waterhouse, P.Z.S. Lond. 3. Philippines. Range: Tate (1941e) records a series from Papua; a series in the B.M. collection (B.M. 1938. 8. 3. 20–33) from Lake Sentani, Cyclops Mountains, confirms its occurrence in New Guinea.

#### Subfamily Murininae

## Genus MURINA Gray

Tube-nosed Insectivorous Bat

1842. Murina Gray, Ann. Mag. N.H. 10: 258. Type Vespertilio suillus Temminck. The genus is reviewed by Tate (1941e).

#### Murina florium Thomas

MURINA FLORIUM FLORIUM Thomas

1908. Murina florium Thomas, Ann. Mat. N.H. 2: 371. Flores. Range: Flores; Sumbawa; Tate (1941e) records specimens from Peleng Island. Mertens (1936) records the closely-related species Murina suilla (Temminck) from Flores and Sumbawa. His record for Flores is based on Dobson (1878) but the single specimen recorded under Harpiocephalus suillus by Dobson from Flores was later made the type of Murina florium by Thomas. The material recorded by Mertens from Sumbawa is therefore most probably M. f. florium.

#### CHIROPTERA - KERIVOULINAE

MURINA FLORIUM LANOSA Thomas

1910. Murina lanosa Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 5: 534. Ceram. Range: Ceram; Goram Island.

MURINA FLORIUM TOXOPEUSI Thomas

1923. Murina toxopei Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 11: 254. En-Biloro, Buru.

#### Genus HARPIOCEPHALUS Gray

Hairy-winged Bat

1842. Harpiocephalus Gray, Ann. Mag. N.H. 10: 259. Type Vespertilio harpia Temminck.

A review of this genus is given by Tate (1941e).

## Harpiocephalus harpia (Temminck)

HARPIOCEPHALUS HARPIA HARPIA (Temminck)

1840. Vespertilio harpia Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 2: 219, pl. 55, figs. 5, 6. Mount Gede, Java.

Extralimital synonyms are given by Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

Range: A specimen in the B.M. collection, labelled "Amboina", is identical with material from Java; extralimital.

### Subfamily Kerivoulinae

## Genus KERIVOULA Gray

1842. Kerivoula Gray, Ann. Mag. N.H. 10: 258. Type Vespertilio pictus Pallas (designated by Peters (1866)).

1905. Phoniscus Miller, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 18: 229. Type Phoniscus atrox Miller. Valid as a subgenus.

The Oriental members of the genus are reviewed by Tate (1941e).

## Subgenus KERIVOULA Gray

## Kerivoula picta (Pallas)

Painted Bat

Kerivoula picta (Pallas)

1767. Vespertilio pictus Pallas, Spic. Zool. 3: 7 (based on Seba, 1734, Thesaurus, 1: 91, pl. 56, figs. 2, 3). Type locality most probably Ternate (Tate (1941e)).
 (?) 1792. Vespertilio pictus rubellus Kerr, Linn. Anim. Kingdom, 96. Type locality

unknown.

1832. Vespertilio kirivoula Cuvier, Nouv. Arch. Mus. H.N. Paris, 1: 9.

Range: Two specimens from the Lidth de Jeude collection now in the B.M. are considered by Thomas (1892) to be the originals of Seba's plate. They are labelled "Ternate". The B.M. collection also includes a specimen from Lombok; extralimital.

## Kerivoula hardwickei (Horsfield)

Hardwicke's Bat

KERIVOULA HARDWICKEI HARDWICKEI (Horsfield)

1824. Vespertilio hardwickii Horsfield, Zool. Res. Java, pt. 8. Java. Range: Celebes; Peleng Island; extralimital.

Extralimital synonym given by Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

## Kerivoula papillosa (Temminck)

(Kerivoula papillosa Papillosa (Temminck). Extralimital) 1840. Vespertilio papillosa Temminck, Mon. Mamm. 2: 220. Bantam, Java.

KERIVOULA PAPILLOSA FLORA Thomas

1914. Kerivoula flora Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 13: 441. South Flores. Range: Flores; Sumba; Sumbawa.

#### Kerivoula muscina Tate

1941. Kerivoula muscina Tate, Bull. Amer. Mus. N.H. 78: 586. Lake Daviumbu, middle Fly River, 6 miles above mouth of Strickland River, Western Division, Papua.

Incertae sedis

## Kerivoula aerosa Tomes

1858. Kerivoula aerosa Tomes, P.Z.S. Lond. 333. "East coast of South Africa."

Although Tomes described this form from South Africa, he later (P.Z.S. Lond. 1861: 32) recorded a specimen labelled "Gorantalo" in the Leiden Museum, which he had identified as aerosa. We have examined this specimen, which does not agree with the type of aerosa in size or dentition. Roberts (1951) has suggested that in fact aerosa may be Asiatic in origin.

R. W. Hayman has recently examined the syntypes of aerosa (now in the B.M.), and compared them with other African and Asiatic Kerivoula. In ten type specimens of African Kerivoula he has found the length of the outer upper incisor to be usually three-quarters of that of the inner upper incisor, while in nine type specimens of Asiatic Kerivoula examined this ratio was found to be less than half. In only two examples of Asiatic Kerivoula was the ratio greater than half, picta (two-thirds), and agnella (three-quarters). In aerosa the ratio between the lengths of the upper incisors is one-third or less.

This evidence, while by no means conclusive, suggests that *Kerivoula aerosa* may quite well refer to an Asiatic Bat, possibly from Celebes.

Subgenus PHONISCUS Miller

## Kerivoula papuensis Dobson

1878. Kerivoula papuensis Dobson, Cat. Chirop. B.M. 339. Port Moresby, Papua.

#### CHIROPTERA - NYCTOPHILINAE

### Kerivoula agnella Thomas

1908. Kerivoula agnella Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 372. St. Aignan's Island, south-east of New Guinea.

## Kerivoula myrella Thomas

1914. Kerivoula myrella Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 13: 438. Manus Island, Admiralty Islands. Range: Manus Island; Ruk Island; Duke of York Island.

### Kerivoula rapax (Miller)

1931. Phoniscus rapax Miller, J. Mamm. 12: 412. Palelah, north coast of north-east Celebes (about long. 122°).

### Genus ANAMYGDON Troughton

1929. Anamygdon Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus. 17: 87. Type Anamygdon solomonis
Troughton.

### Anamygdon solomonis Troughton

1929. Anamygdon solomonis Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus. 17: 89. Rovianna Island, New Georgia group, Solomon Islands.

# Subsamily Nyctophilinae

#### Genus NYCTOPHILUS Leach

Big-eared Bat

1827. Nyctophilus Leach, Trans. Linn. Soc. Lond. 13: 78. Type Nyctophilus geoffroyi Leach.

This genus has been reviewed in some detail by Tate (1941e).

## Nyctophilus timoriensis (E. Geoffroy)

1806. Vespertilio timoriensis E. Geoffroy, Ann. Mus. H.N. Paris, 8: 200. Type locality unknown; possibly Timor (Tate (1941e)).

# Nyctophilus microtis Thomas

NYCTOPHILUS MICROTIS MICROTIS Thomas

1888. Nyetophilus microtis Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 226. Sogeri, Astrolabe Range, Papua.

## NYCTOPHILUS MICROTIS BICOLOR Thomas\*

- 1915. Nyctophilus microtis bicolor Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 15: 498. Aroa River, near coast, Papua.
  - \* May be a synonym of N.m. microtis: main difference is in its colour.

#### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

### Nyctophilus microdon sp. n.

- Type locality: Welya, west of Hagen Range, central highlands, North-East New Guinea, 7,000 ft.
- Type: Adult & B.M. 53. 218. Collected by F. Shaw Mayer on 28th January, 1951. Collector's number, 1355. Specimen in alcohol, skull extracted, condition good.
- Paratypes: 3 33 B.M. 53. 212, 213, 214, 3 ♀ B.M. 53. 215, 216, 217, all from Welya, west of Hagen Range, central highlands, North-East New Guinea. All paratypes in alcohol, with skulls extracted.

This is a small bat about the same size as and resembling in general appearance *Nyctophilus microtis*, the only other species of *Nyctophilus* recorded from New Guinea (so far only from south-east Papua). There is nothing unusual about its pelage, which is dark chocolate-brown dorsally and lighter brown ventrally. The skull, however, differs markedly from that of *microtis* in the much smaller size of the teeth, especially in the height of the canines (1.8 mm., type of *microdon*; 2.4 mm., type of *microtis*; 2.5 mm., type of *m. bicolor*) and in the small size of the first premolar. There is no sign of the sagittal crest which is clearly developed in *microtis*.

Measurements in mm. of the type and paratypes:

Measurements in mm. of Nyctophilus microdon

Height canine thoot	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.7	6.1	6.1	1.9
m <sub>2</sub> — m <sub>3</sub>	6.2	6.4	6.1	6.5	6.3	6.2	9.9
Width across	3.8	4.2	3.8	4.2	4.0	3.8	4.2
c — w <sub>3</sub>	5.5	5.2	4.9	5.5	5.1	5.1	5.3
Braincase breadth	7.3	9.2	7.3	7.7	7.2	7.3	7.8
Sygomatic hybiw	8.8	I	1	9.2	ı	8.7	9.1
Interorbital hreadth	4.0	1.4	4.0	2.5	3.9	4.1	4.3
Condylobasal length	14.0	13.9	14.2	14.6	14.1	14.0	14.5
Total length of skull	15.2	15.4	15.6	15.6	15.4	15.3	16.0
Гогеатт	40.8	40.1	39.3	39.8	39.9	39.2	41.0
хэς	F0	*0	<sup>6</sup> 0	F0	0+	0+	0+
B.M. Registered	B.M. 53. 218 Type	214	213	9 10 10	215	216	217

### Genus PHAROTIS Thomas

Big-eared Bat

1914. Pharotis Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 14: 381. Type Pharotis imagene Thomas.

### Pharotis imogene Thomas

1914. Pharotis imogene Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 14: 381. Kamali, lower Kemp Welch River, Papuá.

### ORDER PRIMATES

SUB-ORDER PROSIMII

### FAMILY TARSIIDAE

#### Genus TARSIUS Storr

Tarsier

1780. Tarsius Storr, Prod. Meth. Mamm. 33. Type Lemur tarsier Erxleben = Simia syrichta Linnaeus.

Chasen (1940) listed the Malaysian forms of tarsier as races of Tarsius tarsier (Erxleben), a name which Elliot (1913) contended to be indeterminable, but which he admitted to apply to one of the Philippine forms. However, Cabrera (1923) has shown that Simia syrichta Linnaeus, with type locality Luzon, must replace Tarsius philippinensis Meyer. The name syrichta therefore becomes the specific name for the Philippine tarsiers, since it antedates tarsier by nineteen years. Recently, Osman Hill (1953) has fixed the type locality of Lemur spectrum Pallas on Macassar, south Celebes, and has shown that the Malaysian tarsiers must be separated specifically from those of the Philippines and Celebes under the name Tarsius bancanus Horsfield. The Philippine species will therefore be known as Tarsius syrichta (Linnaeus) and the Celebean species as Tarsius spectrum (Pallas).

## Tarsius spectrum (Pallas)

Tarsius spectrum spectrum (Pallas)

1779. Lemur spectrum Pallas, Nov. Spec. Quad. 275. Type locality fixed on Macassar, south Celebes, by Osman Hill (1953).

1804. Tarsius fuscus s. fuscomanus G. Fischer, Anatomie der Maki, 37, pls. 3-5. Macassar, south Celebes.

1804. Tarsius fischerii Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat. ed. 1, 24: 32; ibid. 24, Tabl. Méth. des Mamm. 10. "Madagascar."

1921. Tarsius fuscus dentatus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 103. Laboea Sore (north of Parigi), Celebes.

Range: Celebes; Savu Island; Saleyer Island.

Tarsius spectrum sangirensis Meyer

1897. Tarsius sangirensis Meyer, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, 6, 6: 9, pl. 4. Sanghir Islands. Range: Sanghir Islands.

#### PRIMATES - CERCOPITHECINAE

[Tarsius spectrum pumilus Miller & Hollister]

1921. Tarsius pumilus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 103. Rano Rano, middle Gelebes.

[TARSIUS SPECTRUM PELENGENSIS Sody]

1949. Tarsius fuscus pelengensis Sody, Treubia, 20: 143. Peleng Island, east of Celebes.

#### SUB-ORDER ANTHROPOIDEA

#### FAMILY CERCOPITHECIDAE

Subfamily Cercopithecinae

### Genus MACACA Lacépède

1799. Macaca Lacépède, Tabl. Mamm. 4. Type Simia inuus Linnaeus = Simia sylvanus Linnaeus.

The Celebean members of the genus have been studied and reviewed by numerous authors, including Hooijer (1950), Sody (1949), Pocock (1925), Büttikofer (1917) and Elliot (1913). Some notes on the races of *Macaca irus* from the Lesser Sunda Islands are given by Sody (1949).

#### Macaca irus F. Cuvier

Long-tailed Macaque

(MACACA IRUS IRUS F. Cuvier. Extralimital)

1775. Simia cynamolgus Schreber, Säugethiere, 1: 91 (not of Linnaeus, 1758).

1818. Macaca irus F. Cuvier, Mém. Mus. H.N. Paris, 4: 120. Type locality restricted to Sumatra by Cabrera (1910). (Substitute for cynamolgus Schreber.)

Extralimital synonyms are given by Chasen (1940).

Macaca irus limitis (Schwarz)

1912. Pithecus fascicularis aff. limitis Schwarz, Die Sunda-Expedition, 2: 304 (nom. nud.).

1913. Pithecus fascicularis limitis Schwarz, Ann. Mag. N.H. 11: 298. Leloguma, Timor.

Range: Timor.

Macaga irus sublimitis Sody

1933. Macaca irus sublimitis Sody, Natuurk. Tijdschr. Ned.-Ind. 92: 338. Sumba. Range: Sumba, Flores; Sumbawa; Pulau Kambing; Lombok. According to Mertens (1930) the macaque is not indigenous to Pulau Kambing, but has been introduced by the Rajah.

### Macaca maurus F. Cuvier

Celebes or Moor Macaque

MACACA MAURUS MAURUS F. Cuvier

- 1823. Macacus maurus F. Cuvier, in E. Geoffroy and F. Cuvier, H.N. Mamm. pt. 40. "India."
- 1829. Simia cuvieri Fischer, Syn. Mamm. 30. "Indies Orientales."
- 1840. Papio ochreatus Ogilby, P.Z.S. Lond. 56. Type locality unknown.
- 1844. Macacus fusco-ater Schinz, Syn. Mamm. 1: 58. "Celebes?"
- 1866. Macacus (Gymnopyga) inornatus Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 202, pl. 19. "Borneo."
- 1899. Macacus tonkeanus Meyer, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, 7, 7: 3. Tonkean, Celebes.
- 1901. Papio (Inuus) tonsus Matschie, Abh. Senckenb. Naturf. Ges. 25: 261. Type locality unknown.
- 1901. Papio (Inuus) hypomelas Matschie, Abh. Senckenb. Naturf. Ges. 25: 262. Type locality unknown.

Range: southern and central Celebes.

MACACA MAURUS BRUNNESCENS (Matschie)

1901. Papio (Inuus) brunnescens Matschie, Abh. Senckenb. Naturf. Ges. 25: 265. Buton Island, south-east Celebes. Range: Muna and Buton Islands.

Macaca maurus togeanus (Sody)

1949. Cynopithecus togeanus Sody, Treubia, 20: 138. Malengi Island, Togean group, Tomini Gulf, north-east Celebes.

# Genus CYNOPITHECUS Geoffroy

1835. Cynopithecus Geoffroy, in Gervais, Résumé Leçons Mamm. 16. Type Cynocephalus niger Desmarest.

Numerous authors have published studies of this genus, sometimes incorporating into it the macaques listed here under *Macaca maurus*. Recent studies and reviews include Hooijer (1950), Sody (1949), de Beaux (1929), Pocock (1925), Büttikofer (1917), Elliot (1913) and Matschie (1901).

## Cynopithecus niger (Desmarest)

Crested Celebes Macaque

Cynopithecus niger niger (Desmarest)

- 1822. Cynocephalus niger Desmarest, Ency. Méth. 2: 534 (supplement). "One of the islands of the Indian archipelago."
- 1824. Cynocephalus malayanus Desmoulins, Dict. Class. H.N. 5: 262. "Philippines."
- 1849. Papio nigrescens Temminck, Coup d'oeil, Possess. Neerd. 3: 111. Celèbes.
   1863. Cynopithecus aethiops Reichenbach, Die vollständigste Naturgeschicte der Affen,
   163, figs. 404–407. "Celebes, Philippines, Moluccas."
- 1901. Papio (Imus) hecki Matschie, Abh. Senckenb. Naturf. Ges. 25: 257. Buol, north-western Celebes.
- 1944. Cynopithecus niger becki Tate, List Mamm. Japanese War Area, pt. 3: 8. Batchian (nom. nud., misprint for hecki Matschie).

#### CARNIVORA - VIVERRINAE

Range: northern peninsula of Celebes and some small adjacent islands; Batchian (Hooijer (1950) suggests that the crested macaque has most probably been introduced to Batchian by man).

CYNOPITHECUS NIGER LEMBICUS Miller

1931. Cynopithecus lembicus Miller, J. Mamm. 12: 413. Pulo Lembeh, off northeastern Celebes.

### Subfamily Colobinae

#### Genus PRESBYTIS Eschscholtz

1821. Presbytis Eschscholtz, in Kotzebue Reise, 3: 196, pl. Type Presbytis mitratus Eschscholtz = Simia aygula Linnaeus.

Species occurring to the east of the Bay of Bengal are reviewed by Pocock (1935).

### Prebytis cristatus (Raffles)

Silvered Leaf Monkey

(Presbytis cristatus cristatus (Raffles). Extralimital)

1821. Simia cristata Raffles, Trans. Linn. Soc. Lond. 13: 244. Bencoolen, Sumatra.

Extralimital synonyms are given by Chasen (1940). Simia cristata Raffles antedates by two years Semnopithecus pyrrhus Horsfield, which was used by Pocock (1935) and Chasen (1940) for this section of the genus (Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951)).

PRESBYTIS CRISTATUS KOHLBRUGGEI (Sody)

1931. Pithecus pyrrhus kohlbruggei Sody, Natuurk. Tijdschr. Ned.-Ind. 91: 349. Bali. Extralimital synonym given by Chasen (1940).

Range: Lombok (most probably introduced by man); extralimital.

# ORDER CARNIVORA

# FAMILY VIVERRIDAE

Subfamily Viverrinae

#### Genus VIVERRA Linnaeus

1758. Viverra Linnaeus, Syst. Nat. 10th ed. 1: 43. Type Viverra zibetha Linnaeus.

The genus has been reviewed by Pocock (1933). Notes on Viverra tangalunga from the East Indies are given by Sody (1949).

Subgenus VIVERRA Linnaeus

# Viverra tangalunga Gray

Malay Civet

VIVERRA TANGALUNGA TANGALUNGA Gray

1832. Viverra tangalunga Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 63. West Sumatra (according to Chasen (1940)). Range: Celebes; Buru; Amboina; extralimital.

#### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

### Genus VIVERRICULA Hodgson

1838. Viverricula Hodgson, Ann. Mag. N.H. 1: 152. Type Civetta indica Geoffroy (Viverra indica Desmarest).

Pocock (1933) reviewed the genus. Sody (1949) gives notes on forms from Java, Bali and Sumbawa. Reasons for the choice of *indica* as the specific name for the small Indian civet are discussed by Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

### Viverricula indica (Desmarest)

Rasse or Small Indian Civet

(VIVERRICULA INDICA INDICA (Desmarest). Extralimital) 1817. Viverra indica Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. H.N. 7: 170. India.

VIVERRICULA INDICA RASSE (Horsfield)

1823. Viverra rasse Horsfield, Zool. Res. Java, pt. 6, pl. Java. Extralimital synonym given by Chasen (1940).

Range: Sumbawa; extralimital. Sody (1949) states that material from Sumbawa does not show the characters on which its geographically nearer neighbour *V. i. baliensis* Sody is based, but is nearer to material from Java. The small civet has not been recorded from Lombok, and it seems that it has been introduced to Sumbawa from Java.

### Subfamily Paradoxurinae

#### Genus PARADOXURUS F. Cuvier

1821. Paradoxurus F. Cuvier, in F. Cuvier & E. Geoffroy, H.N. Mamm. 2, 24: Martre des Palmiers, 5. Type Paradoxurus typus F. Cuvier = Viverra hermaphrodita Pallas.

Members of the genus occurring to the east of the Bay of Bengal are reviewed in considerable detail by Pocock (1934).

Paradoxurus hermaphroditus (Pallas) Common Palm Civet or Toddy Cat (Paradoxurus hermaphroditus hermaphroditus (Pallas). Extralimital)

1777. Viverra hermaphrodita Pallas, in Schreber, Säugeth. 3: 426. India (?). Extralimital synonyms given by Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

Paradoxurus hermaphroditus setosus Jaquinot & Pucheran 1853. Paradoxurus setosus Jaquinot & Pucheran, in D. D'Urville, Voyage au Pôle Sud. Zool. 3: 25. Ceram.

#### CARNIVORA - PARADOXURINAE

(?) 1867. Paradoxurus refulgens Rosenberg, Reis Zuidoostereilanden, 32 (nom. nud.). Wonumbay, Wokam Island and also Trangan Island, Aru Islands (see Brongersma (1936)).

1911. Paradoxurus celebensis Schwarz, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 634. Bonthain, south

Celebes.

Range: Ceram; Aru Islands; Kei Islands; Sula Islands; south Celebes. Schwarz, in Pocock (1934: 660, footnote) doubts the accuracy of the type locality of *celebensis*: the type appears to be the only specimen recorded from Celebes. Dammerman (1939) suggests that the palm civet is a very recent introduction into the Celebes.

#### PARADOXURUS HERMAPHRODITUS SUMBANUS Schwarz

1910. Paradoxurus sumbanus Schwarz, Ann. Mag. N.H. 5: 422. Sumba Island. Range: Sumba.

#### PARADOXURUS HERMAPHRODITUS HANIELI Schwarz

1912. Paradoxurus hermaphroditus hanieli Schwarz, Ann. Mag. N.H. 10: 131. Baung, Amarassie, Timor. Range: Timor.

#### PARADOXURUS HERMAPHRODITUS RINDJANICUS Mertens

1929. Paradoxurus hermaphroditus rindjanicus Mertens, Zool. Anz. 84: 333. Rindjani, Sembaloen-Hochebene, Lombok, 1,200 metres. Range: Lombok.

#### Paradoxurus hermaphroditus lehmanni Mertens

1929. Paradoxurus hermaphroditus lehmanni Mertens, Zool. Anz. 84: 334. Sumbawa-Besar, west Sumbawa. Range: Sumbawa; Flores; Komodo Island; possibly also Saleyer Island.

#### Genus MACROGALIDIA Schwarz

1910. Macrogalidia Schwarz, Ann. Mag. N.H. 5: 423. Type Paradoxurus musschenbroekii Schlegel.

Notes on this genus and the description of a subfossil subspecies, *Macrogalidia* musschenbroeki meridionalis Hooijer appear in Hooijer (1950).

# Macrogalidia musschenbroeki (Schlegel)

Brown Palm Civet

Macrogalidia musschenbroeki musschenbroeki (Schlegel)

1879. Paradoxurus musschenbroekii Schlegel, Notes Leyden Mus. 1: 43. "Northern parts of the isle of Celebes." Range: north-eastern Celebes. The description by Hooijer of a subfossil race from Bola Batoe cave in central Bone, south Celebes shows that Macrogalidia musschenbroeki formerly occurred throughout the island.

## ORDER ARTIODACTYLA

#### SUB-ORDER SUIFORMES

#### FAMILY SUIDAE

#### Genus SUS Linnaeus

1758. Sus Linnaeus, Syst. Nat. 10th ed. 1: 49. Type Sus scrofa Linnaeus.

We have very little material from the East Indies and the treatment of this genus is entirely provisional. Revisions have been provided by Major (1897), Jentink (1905) and Lydekker (1915). Some notes on Sus from Celebes are given by Hooijer (1950).

#### Sus scrofa Linnaeus

Wild Pig

(Sus scrofa scrofa Linnaeus. Extralimital)

1758. Sus scrofa Linnaeus, Syst. Nat. 10th ed. 1: 49. Germany.

Extralimital synonyms are given by Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

#### Sus scrofa papuensis Lesson & Garnot

- 1826. Sus papuensis Lesson & Garnot, Bull. Sci. Nat. 8: 96. "Passir Point," north coast of New Guinea.
- 1877. Sus ternatensis Rolleston, Trans. Linn. Soc. Lond. 2, 1: 276. Ternate.
- 1878. Sus aruensis Rosenberg, Malay Archipelago, 362. Aru and Kei Islands.
- 1878. Sus ceramensis Rosenberg, Malay Archipelago, 362. Ceram.
- 1886. Sus niger Finsch, P.Z.S. Lond. 217. Hihiaura, 6 miles east of Bentley Bay, south-east Papua.
- 1915. Sus aramensis Lydekker, Cat. Ung. Mamm. B.M. 4: 330 (nom. nud., misprint for ceramensis Rosenberg).
- Range: New Guinea; Admiralty Islands; Bismarck Islands; Louisiade Archipelago; Solomon Islands; Japen; Waigeu; Yule Island; Mysol; Ternate; Salawatti; Tidore; Ceram; Batanta; Aru Islands; Kei Islands.

# Sus scrofa timoriensis Müller & Schlegel

1845. Sus timoriensis Müller & Schlegel, in C. J. Temminck, Verh. Nat. Ges. Ned. Overz. Bezitt. Zool. 1: 173, 178, pl. 31, figs. 1-3. Timor. Range: Timor and Rotti Islands.

## Sus scrofa floresianus Jentink

1905. Sus floresianus Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 26: 178. Flores. Range: Flores.

Pigs of the "vittatus" group ( = scrofa group) have also been recorded from Sumba (Dammerman (1928)), Sumbawa (Mertens (1936)), and probably occur on Lombok (Pohle (1950)).

Pigs of the scrofa group, found throughout the Archipelago, appear to be the feral descendants of pigs carried from island to island by human agency. They are in some cases semi-domesticated

Sus verrucosus Müller & Schlegel

Java Pig

(Sus verrucosus verrucosus Müller & Schlegel. Extralimital)

1845. Sus verrucosus Müller & Schlegel, in C. J. Temminck, Verh. Nat. Ges. Ned. Overz. Bezitt. Zool. 1: 172, 175, pl. 28, pl. 32, figs. 1-4. Java.

Extralimital synonym given by Chasen (1940).

Sus verrucosus celebensis Müller & Schlegel

1845. Sus celebensis Müller & Schlegel, in C. J. Temminck, Verh. Nat. Ges. Ned. Overz. Bezitt. Zool. 1: 172, 177, pl. 28 bis, figs. 1-3. Celebes. Range: northern Celebes; Halmahera group: Halmahera; Ternate; Morotai; Batchian.

Sus verrucosus ceramicus Grav

1868. Sus verrucosus var. ceramica Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 24. Ceram. Range: Ceram.

Sus verrucosus amboinensis Major

1897. Sus verrucosus amboinensis Major, Ann. Mag. N.H. 19: 528. Amboina. Range: Amboina.

Sus verrucosus maritimus (Heude)

1899. Microsus maritimus Heude, Mém. H.N. Emp. Chinois, 4: 115, pl. 30, figs. 1, 2, 7a, 9a. Macassar, south Celebes.

1899. Microsus macassaricus Heude, Mém. H.N. Emp. Chinois, 4: 115, pl. 30,

figs. 3, 4, 5, 12. Macassar, south Celebes.

1905. Sus nehringii Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 26: 186, pl. 11. Various localities in southern Celebes: Loka, near Bonthain; Kadjang; Pare Pare; Doodengrot, near Bira.

1935. Sus maritanus Raven, Bull. Amer. Mus. N.H. 68: 262. Macassar, south Celebes (nom. nud., probable misprint for maritimus Heude).

Range: southern Celebes.

Sus verrucosus weberi Jentink

1905. Sus weberi Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 26: 187, pl. 12. Saleyer Island, southeast of Celebes. Range: Saleyer Island.

## Genus **BABYROUSA** Perry

Babirusa

1775. Babirussa Frisch, Das Natur-System Vierfüss. Thiere, in Tabellen, 3, Tab. Gen. (not nomenclatorially available).

1811. Babyrousa Perry, Arcana, sig. C, recto. Type Babyrousa quadricornua Perry ( = Sus babyrussa Linnaeus).

Various authors (Stresemann (1925), Hooijer (1950) ) have used Babirussa alfurus Lesson as the name for the Celebes race, on the grounds that Lesson's description refers to the Celebes animal, although there is no doubt that Lesson meant this name to apply to the Babirusa from Buru, and not that from Celebes. He specifically

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says that it "inhabits the swampy forests of the interior of Buru" and appears to have proposed alfurus as a new name for Sus babyrussa Linnaeus to avoid the combination Babirussa babyrussa Linnaeus.

Notes on Babyrousa appear in Sody (1949) and Hooijer (1950).

## Babyrousa babyrussa (Linnaeus)

BABYROUSA BABYRUSSA BABYRUSSA (Linnaeus)

- 1758. Sus babyrussa Linnaeus, Syst. Nat. 10th ed. 1: 50. "Borneo" (error for Buru).
- 1762. Aper orientalis Brisson, Regn. Anim. 76. East Indies.
- 1811. Babyrousa quadricornua Perry, Arcana, sig. C, recto.
- 1827. Babirussa alfurus Lesson, Manuel de Mammalogie, 338. Buru.

Range: Buru.

Babyrousa Babyrussa Celebensis Deninger

1910. Babirusa celebensis Deninger, Ber. Ges. Nat. Freiburg, 18: 4, 7, pl. 1, figs. 1-3, pl. 2, figs. 3-4. Celebes. Range: northern and central Celebes.

Babyrousa Babyrussa frosti Thomas

1920. Babirussa frosti Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 5: 187. Taliaboe Island, Sula Islands, east of Celebes. Range: Sula Islands.

BABYROUSA BABYRUSSA TONGEANENSIS SOdy

1949. Babirussa babyrussa tongeanensis Sody, Treubia, 20: 187. Malengi Island, Togian group, north Celebes.

# SUB-ORDER RUMINANTIA

### FAMILY CERVIDAE

Subfamily Muntiacinae

Genus MUNTIACUS Rafinesque

Muntjak or Barking Deer

1815. Muntiacus Rafinesque, Analyse de la Nature, 56. Type Cervus muntjak Zimmerman. For notes on the nomenclatorial availability of this name see Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951: 4).

The genus has been revised by Van Bemmel (1952).

# Muntiacus muntjak (Zimmerman)

(Muntiacus muntjak muntjak (Zimmerman). Extralimital) 1780. Cervus muntjak Zimmerman, Geogr. Gesch. 2: 131. Java.

#### ARTIODACTYLA - CERVIDAE

MUNTIACUS MUNTJAK NAINGGOLANI Sody

1932. Muntiacus muntjak nainggolani Sody, Natuurk. Tijdschr. Ned.-Ind. 92: 337.
Sendang, north-west Bali. Range: Lombok; extralimital (Bali). Everett
(1896) suggested that the muntjak was imported into Lombok by the
Balinese Rajahs.

#### Subfamily Cervinae

#### Genus CERVUS Linnaeus

Deer

1758. Cervus Linnaeus, Syst. Nat. 10th ed. 1: 66. Type Cervus elaphus Linnaeus.

1827. Rusa Hamilton Smith, Griffith's Cuvier Anim. Kingdom, 4: 105. Type Cervus unicolor Kerr. Valid as a subgenus.

The rusine deer of the Indo-Australian archipelago are revised in considerable detail by Van Bemmel (1949) and (1951).

### Subgenus RUSA Hamilton Smith

Rusa

#### Cervus timorensis Blainville

CERVUS TIMORENSIS TIMORENSIS Blainville

1822. Cervus timorensis Blainville, J. de Physique, de Chimie et d'Hist. Nat. 94: 267. Timor.

1825. Cervus peronii Cuvier, Ossemens Fossiles, ed. 3, 4: 46. Timor.

Range: Timor; Rotti Island; Semau Island; Pulau Kambing; Alor Island; Pantar Island; Pulau Rusa (west of Pantar).

CERVUS TIMORENSIS MOLUCCENSIS Quoy & Gaimard

1830. Cervus moluccensis Quoy & Gaimard, in D. D'Urville, Voy. "Astrolabe", Zool. 1: 133, 134, pl. 24. Buru.

1896. Hippelaphus buruensis Heude, Mém. H.N. Emp. Chinois, 3: 92, 93, pl. 16, figs. 1-5. Buru.

1896. Hippelaphus hoevellianus Heude, Mém. H.N. Emp. Chinois, 3: 94, pl. 16, figs. 6–10. Buru.

Range: Sula Islands: Sanana; Taliaboe; Sula Mangoli; Ternate; Mareh Island; Moti Island; Halmahera; Batchian; Parapottan Island; Buru; Amboina; Ceram; Saparua Island; Banda Islands.

CERVUS TIMORENSIS MACASSARICUS (Heude)

1896. Hippelaphus macassaricus Heude, Mém. H.N. Nat. Emp. Chinois, 3: 50, pl. 13.

Gowa, near Macassar, Celebes.

1896. Hippelaphus menadensis Heude, Mém. H.N. Emp. Chinois, 3: 50, pl. 12. Menado, northern Celebes. (Considered by Van Bemmel (1949) to be possibly a cross between C. t. macassaricus and C. t. russa. C. t. russa may have been imported into Celebes from Java.)

CERVUS TIMORENSIS MACASSARICUS [contd.]

1896. Cervus (Rusa) sp. celebensis? Rörig, Geweihsammlung Kön. Landw. Hochsch. Berlin, 49, fig. 19. Type locality uncertain. This reference has not been seen and this name may take precedence over macassaricus. We have been unable to ascertain the respective dates of publication.

Range: Celebes; probably also on Banggai Island and Saleyer Island.

CERVUS TIMORENSIS FLORESIENSIS (Heude)

1896. Hippelaphus floresiensis Heude, Mém. H.N. Emp Chinois, 3: 92, pl. 15, figs. 1-4. Adonara Island and Ilimandiri, Flores.

1896. Hippelaphus sumbavanus Heude, Mém. H.N. Emp. Chinois, 3: 92, pl. 15, fig. 5. Sumbawa.

Range: Lombok; Sumbawa; Rintja Island; Komodo Island; Flores; Adonara Island; Solor Island; Sumba.

CERVUS TIMORENSIS DJONGA (Bemmel)

1949. Rusa timorensis djonga Bemmel, Treubia, 20: 255. Muna Island, off south-east Celebes.

Range: Muna and Buton Islands, off south-east Celebes.

The importation of deer into islands previously uninhabited by deer seems to have taken place frequently in the Archipelago. Cervus timorensis moluccensis has been imported into: Obi group of islands (1930), Aru Islands (from Ceram, 1855), western part of Onin Peninsula (from Ceram, 1913), Momi, Manokwari, Maturi River, Rumberpon Island, west coast of Geelvinck Bay and Hollandia (from Halmahera, 1920). Van Bemmel (1949) suggests that the deer of Amboina are the descendants of seventeenth-century imports of Cervus timorensis russa from Java and Cervus timorensis macassaricus from Celebes. This conclusion is supported by Valentijn, who in 1726 mentioned such imports. C. t. russa seems also to have been imported into northern Celebes (Graafland (1898)). Several authors, among them Raven (1935) and Dammerman (1939) suggest that deer did not originally occur in Celebes and that all have been imported, a view supported by the absence of deer remains in prehistoric cave deposits in Celebes. It is also of interest to note that Van Bemmel (1949) has pointed out that crosses between C. t. russa and C. t. macassaricus seem to occur in material from northern Celebes.

### FAMILY BOVIDAE

Subfamily Bovinae

### Genus ANOA Hamilton Smith

Anoa

1827. Anna Hamilton Smith, Griffith's Cuvier Anim. Kingdom, 3: 355 (as a subgenus). Type Antilope depressicornis Hamilton Smith.

#### RODENTIA — HYSTRICIDAE

Anoa depressicornis (Hamilton Smith)

Anoa depressicornis depressicornis (Hamilton Smith)

1827. Antilope depressicornis Hamilton Smith, Griffith's Cuvier Anim. Kingdom, 4: 293, 5: 355. Celebes.

1865. Probubalus celebensis Rütimeyer, Verhandl. Natuur. Ges. Basel, 2, 4: 331, 334. Celebes.

Anoa depressicornis fergusoni (Lydekker)

1905. Bos (Bubalus) depressicornis fergusoni Lydekker, Field, 106:378. No certain type locality: based on animals in Zoological Gardens at Trivandrum, India.

Anoa depressicornis quarlesi Ouwens

1911. Anoa quarlesi Ouwens, Teysmannia, 22: 453, pl. 1. Toradja Mountains, Celebes. We have very little available material and the arrangement of this genus must be considered provisional. Some notes on Anoa are given by Hooijer (1950).

## ORDER RODENTIA

In general the classification of the rodents follows that given by Ellerman (1940, 1941, 1949) and Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951). A systematic account of the Muridae of New Guinea with keys to the various genera and races is given by Rümmler (1938) and Tate (1951a) gives a most useful review of the rodents of Australia and New Guinea.

### FAMILY HYSTRICIDAE

Genus HYSTRIX Linnaeus

1758. Hystrix Linnaeus, Syst. Nat. 10th ed. 1: 56. Type Hystrix cristata Linnaeus. 1823. Acanthion F. Cuvier, Mém. Mus. H.N. Paris, 9: 425, 431. Type Acanthion javanicum F. Cuvier. Valid as a subgenus.

Subgenus ACANTHION F. Cuvier

Although Chasen (1940) listed *H. javanica* as a race of *H. brachyura* from Malaya, Ellerman (1940) and Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951) regard it as a valid species.

Hystrix javanica (F. Cuvier)

Javan Porcupine

HYSTRIX JAVANICA JAVANICA (F. Cuvier)

1823. Acanthion javanicum F. Cuvier, Mém. Mus. H.N. Paris, 9: 431. Java. Extralimital synonyms are given by Ellerman (1940) and Chasen (1940).

Range: Lombok; Flores; Tanah Djampea Island (between Flores and Celebes); south Celebes; extralimital.

Hystrix Javanica sumbawae (Schwarz)

1911. Acanthion sumbawae Schwarz, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 639. Dompu, Sumbawa. Range: Sumbawa.

#### FAMILY SCIURIDAE

### Genus PROSCIURILLUS Ellerman

1947. Prosciurillus Ellerman, P.Z.S. Lond. 117: 259. Type Sciurus murinus Forsten, in Müller & Schlegel.

## Prosciurillus murinus (Forsten)

Dwarf Squirrel

Prosciurillus murinus murinus (Forsten)

1844. Sciurus murinus Forsten, in Müller & Schlegel, in C. J. Temminck, Verh. Nat. Ges. Ned. Overz. Bezitt. Zool. 1: 87. "Celebes." Type locality restricted to north-east Celebes by Sody (1949).

(?) 1921. Sciurus evidens Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 99. Puloh Lembeh, off the shore of north-eastern Celebes.

1040. Sciurillus murinus griseus Sody, Treubia, 20: 77. Bumbulan, Menado Residency. north Celebes.

Range: north-east Celebes; Lembeh Island, off north-east coast of Celebes.

Prosciurillus murinus necopinus (Miller & Hollister)

1921. Sciurus murinus necopinus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 98. Goenoeng Lehio (south-west of Lake Lindoe), middle Celebes.

### Genus CALLOSCIURUS Gray

1867. Callosciurus Gray, Ann. Mag. N.H. 20: 277. Type Sciurus rafflesii Vigors & Horsfield.

Subgenus CALLOSCIURUS Gray

# Callosciurus prevosti (Desmarest)

Prévost Squirrel

(CALLOSCIURUS PREVOSTI PREVOSTI (Desmarest). Extralimital)

1822. Sciurus prevostii Desmarest, Ency. Méth. (Mamm.), 335. Malacca. Extralimital synonym given by Chasen (1040).

Callosciurus prevosti erythromelas (Temminck)

1853. Sciurus erythromelas Temminck, Esq. Zool. Côte de Guiné, 248. Gorantalo and Kema, Celebes.

CALLOSCIURUS PREVOSTI SCHLEGELI (Grav)

1867. Sciurus schlegeli Gray, Ann. Mag. N.H. 20: 278. Koma, Celebes.

## Callosciurus notatus (Boddaert)

Plantain Squirrel

(Callosciurus notatus notatus (Boddaert). Extralimital)

1785. Sciurus notatus Boddaert, Elench. Anim. 119. West Java. Extralimital synonyms given by Chasen (1940).

CALLOSCIURUS NOTATUS MICROTIS (Jentink)

1879. Sciurus (Rheithrosciurus) microtis Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 1: 41. Saleyer Island, south of Celebes, Java Sea.

#### RODENTIA — SCIURIDAE

### Callosciurus leucomus (Forsten)

CALLOSCIURUS LEUCOMUS (Forsten)

1844. Sciurus leucomus Forsten, in Müller & Schlegel, in C. J. Temminck, Verh. Nat. Ges. Ned. Overz. Bezitt. Zool. 1: 87. "Celebes." Type locality restricted to Minahassa, north-eastern Celebes, by Meyer (1898).

### CALLOSCIURUS LEUCOMUS ROSENBERGI (Jentink)

1879. Sciurus rosenbergii Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 1: 37. Siao, Sanghir Islands.

## CALLOSCIURUS LEUCOMUS WEBERI (Jentink)

1890. Sciurus weberi Jentink, Weber's Zool. Ergebn. 1: 115, pl. 8, pl. 10 figs. 1–3. Luwu, near Palopo, central Celebes.

### Callosciurus Leucomus tonkeanus (Meyer)

1896. Sciurus tonkeanus Meyer, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, 6, 6: 25, pl. 10, fig. 1. Tonkean, south-east central Celebes. Range: south-east Celebes; recorded from the island of Buton by Sody (1949).

## Callosciurus leucomus tingahi (Meyer)

1896. Sciurus tingahi Meyer, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, 6, 6: 27, pl. 10, fig. 4. Tagalunda and Ruang, Sanghir Islands.

## Callosciurus leucomus occidentalis (Meyer)

1898. Sciurus leucomus occidentalis Meyer, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, 7, 4: 2. Between Kottabangon and Bolang Mongondo, north-western Celebes.

1946. Callosciurus leucomus hirsutus Hayman, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 576 (1945). Tamalanti, west Celebes, 3,300 ft.

Range: western and north-western Celebes.

## CALLOSCIURUS LEUCOMUS TOPAPUENSIS (Roux)

1910. Sciurus topapuensis Roux, Zool. Anz. 35: 516, 518. Mount Topapu, central Celebes, 1,550 metres.

# Callosciurus mowewensis (Roux)

1910. Sciurus mowewensis Roux, Zool. Anz. 35: 516, 519. Mowewe, south-east Celebes.

## Callosciurus elbertae (Schwarz)

1911. Sciurus elbertae Schwarz, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 639. Eempuhu, East Kabaëna, off the south-western coast of Celebes.

# Callosciurus sarasinorum (Meyer)

1898. Sciurus sarasinorum Meyer, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, 7, 4: 1; ibid. 1899, 7, 7: 21, pl. 5. Ussu, northern end of Gulf of Boni, and Mapane, southern end of Gulf of Tomini, Celebes.

### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

The diagnosis and name of the following subgenus are by J. R. Ellerman.

RUBRISCIURUS subgen. n.

Type species: Sciurus rubriventer Forsten

The British Museum possesses three measurable skulls of Callosciurus rubriventer. the occipitonasal length of which varies between 63.8 and 68.3 mm. We have nine hundred and forty skulls for the other species of the genera Callosciurus and (Palaearctic) Sciurus, and not one of them reaches 60 mm. in length. Therefore there is a sharp distinction in size between C. rubriventer and all its allies. The size of the skull in C. rubriventer agrees with such genera as Ratufa and Rheithrosciurus, which are not normally below 60 mm. in occipitonasal length. C. rubriventer differs from Ratufa in having a long sagittal crest, much narrower frontals (their width about a third of the occipitonasal length or slightly less), and a proportionately longer palate. We have about a hundred and ninety measurable skulls of Ratufa in the British Museum, in all races of which the frontals average in width at least 37 per cent (sometimes over 40 per cent) of the occipitonasal length, the palate is relatively shorter, there is no sagittal crest and there are only 4 upper cheekteeth (C. rubriventer retains 5 upper cheekteeth). The generic position of C. rubriventer is not very clear as I do not think the structure of its baculum has been recorded, and Callosciurus essentially only differs from Sciurus in the structure of its baculum and its Indomalayan (instead of Palaearctic or American) habitat. But whatever the structure of the baculum in C. rubriventer, it stands so sharply apart from all other Sciurus and Callosciurus species of Europe and Asia that at least subgeneric rank seems required for it.

# Callosciurus rubriventer (Forsten)

1844. Sciurus rubriventer Forsten, in Müller and Schlegel, in C. J. Temminck, Verh. Nat. Ges. Ned. Overz. Bezitt. Zool. 1: 86. Minahassa, north Celebes. Range: northern and central Celebes.

Genus **HYOSCIURUS** Archbold & Tate Long-snouted Squirrel
1935. *Hyosciurus* Archbold & Tate, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 801: 2. Type *Hyosciurus*heinrichi Archbold & Tate.

## Hyosciurus heinrichi Archbold & Tate

Hyosciurus heinrichi heinrichi Archbold & Tate

1935. Hyosciurus heinrichi Archbold & Tate, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 801: 2. Latimodjong Mountains, south Celebes, 2,300 metres.

Hyosciurus heinrichi ileile Tate & Archbold

1936. Hyosciurus heinrichi ileile Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 846: 1. Ile Ile, north Celebes, 1,700 metres.

#### RODENTIA - MURINAE

### FAMILY MURIDAE

#### Subfamily Murinae

#### Genus ANISOMYS Thomas

1904. Anisomys Thomas, P.Z.S. Lond. 1903, 2: 199 (1904). Type Anisomys imitator Thomas.

### Anisomys imitator Thomas

1904. Anisomys imitator Thomas, P.Z.S. Lond. 1903, 2: 200 (1904). Avera, Aroa River, Papua. Range: apparently distributed throughout the rain forests of New Guinea at altitudes between 3,000 and 9,000 ft. Not recorded from the Vogelkop.

#### Genus POGONOMYS Milne-Edwards

Prehensile-tailed Rat

1877. Pogonomys Milne-Edwards, C. R. Acad. Sci. Paris, 85: 1081 (described as a subgenus). Type Mus (Pogonomys) macrourus Milne-Edwards.

1888. Chiruromys Thomas, P.Z.S. Lond. 237. Type Chiruromys forbesi Thomas. Valid as a subgenus.

## Subgenus POGONOMYS Milne-Edwards

### Pogonomys macrourus (Milne-Edwards)

1877. Mus (Pogonomys) macrourus Milne-Edwards, C.R. Acad. Sci. Paris, 85: 1081.
Amberbaki, Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, western Netherlands New Guinea.

1897. Pogonomys lepidus Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 18: 614. Haveri, 9° 25' S., 147° 35' E., "among the mountains behind the Astrolabe Range, near Mount Wori Wori", Papua, 700 metres.

1935. Pogonomys lepidus huon Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 803: 6. Sevia, Cromwell Mountains, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea.

1935. Pogonomys lepidus derimapa Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 803: 6.
Mount Derimapa, Gebroeders Gebirge, Netherlands New Guinea, 1,600
metres.

Range: throughout New Guinea, Japen Island and New Britain, with an altitudinal range from almost sea level to 6,000 ft.

# Pogonomys sylvestris Thomas

1920. Pogonomys sylvestris Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 534. Rawlinson Mountains, North-East New Guinea, 1,500 metres. Range: highlands of New Guinea; recorded from Arfak Mountains; Lake Habbema; Hagen Range; Bismarck Range; Huon Peninsula; south-eastern Papua.

## Pogonomys mollipilosus (Peters & Doria)

Pogonomys mollipilosus (Peters & Doria)

1881. Mus mollipilosus Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 16: 698. Katau,
Papua (for location of Katau see Pteropus macrotis epularius Ramsay, p. 38).

### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

POGONOMYS MOLLIPILOSUS [contd.]

1897. Pogonomys loriae Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 18: 613. Haveri, 9° 25' S., 147° 35' E., "among the mountains behind the Astrolabe Range, near Mount Wori Wori", Papua, 700 metres.

1904. Pogonomys dryas Thomas, Novit. Zool. 11: 600. Dinawa, Owen Stanley Range,

Papua.

Range: apparently generally distributed throughout most of New Guinea from sea level to 9,000 ft.; not recorded from the Vogelkop.

### Pogonomys fergussoniensis Laurie

1952. Pogonomys fergussoniensis Laurie, Bull. Brit. Mus. (N.H.), Zool. 1: 299. Taibutu, Faralulu district, west Fergusson Island.

Subgenus CHIRUROMYS Thomas

### Pogonomys forbesi (Thomas)

1888. Chiruromys forbesi Thomas, P.Z.S. Lond. 239. Sogere, Astrolabe Range, Papua, 1,750 ft.

1895. Chiruromys pulcher Thomas, Novit. Zool. 2: 164. Fergusson Island, off the coast of North-East New Guinea.

1920. Pogonomys forbesi vulturnus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 535. Bara Bara, Milne Bay, extreme south-east Papua.

1920. Pogonomys forbesi mambatus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 536. Kokoda, Mam-

baré River, north-east Papua, 1,000 ft.

1935. Pogonomys (Chiruromys) forbesi satisfactus Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 803: 7. Goodenough (= Dauila) Island, D'Entrecasteaux group, east of New Guinea.

1935. Pogonomys (Chiruromys) pulcher major Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 803: 8. Goodenough (= Dauila) Island, D'Entrecasteaux group, east

of New Guinea.

Range: south-eastern Papua between sea level and 1,000 ft.; south-eastern North-East New Guinea between 2,500 and 3,000 ft.; lowlands of the Huon Peninsula; Goodenough Island; Fergusson Island.

# Pogonomys shawmayeri Laurie

1952. Pogonomys shawmayeri Laurie, Bull. Brit. Mus. (N.H.), Zool. 1: 300. Taibutu, Faralulu district, west Fergusson Island.

# Pogonomys lamia Thomas

1897. Pogonomys lamia Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 18: 615. Ighibirei, lower Kemp Welch River, Papua. Range: southern Papua.

# Pogonomys kagi Tate

1951. Pogonomys kagi Tate, Bull. Amer. Mus. N.H. 97: 278, 282. Kagi, south side of central range, near Mount Albert Edward, on Moresby–Kokoda track, Papua, 5,000 ft.

### Pogonomys vates Thomas

1908. Pogonomys vates Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 2: 495. Madeu, upper St. Joseph's River (= Angabunga River), about 50 miles north-east of Hall Sound, Papua, 2,000–3,000 ft. Range: Tate (1951) doubtfully refers a specimen from Fly River to this species.

#### Genus **LENOMYS** Thomas

Trefoil-toothed Giant Rat

1898. Lenomys Thomas, Trans. Zool. Soc. Lond. 14: 409. Type Mus meyeri Jentink. Notes on Lenomys are given by Hooijer (1950, 1952) and Tate (1936).

## Lenomys meyeri (Jentink)

LENOMYS MEYERI MEYERI (Jentink)

1879. Mus meyeri Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 1: 12. Menado, north Celebes.

1921. Lenomys longicaudus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 95. Gimpoe, middle Celebes.

Range: central and north Celebes.

LENOMYS MEYERI LAMPO Tate & Archbold

1935. Lenomys meyeri lampo Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 803: 5. Wawa Karaing, Mount Lampobatang, south Celebes, 2,200 metres. Range: south Celebes.

### (?) Lenomys callitrichus (Jentink)

1879. Mus callitrichus Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 1: 12. Menado, Celebes. See also Jentink, in Weber's Zool. Ergebn. 1890, 1: 120, pl. 10, figs. 4–6 (material from Pare Pare, south Celebes).

### Genus HYOMYS Thomas

Giant Rat

1904. Hyomys Thomas, P.Z.S. Lond. 1903, 2: 198 (1904). Type Hyomys meeki Thomas.

# Hyomys goliath (Milne-Edwards)

HYOMYS GOLIATH GOLIATH (Milne-Edwards)

1900. Mus goliath Milne-Edwards, Bull. Mus. H.N. Paris, 6: 165. Highlands of the Aroa River basin, Papua.

1904. Hyomys meeki Thomas, P.Z.S. Lond. 1903, 2: 198 (1904). Avera, Aroa River, Papua.

### HYOMYS GOLIATH DAMMERMANI Stein

1933. Hyomys meeki dammermani Stein, Z. Säugetierk. 8: 95. Kunupi Mountain, Weyland Range, Netherlands New Guinea. Range: recorded from Lake Habbema by Tate (1951).

### HYOMYS GOLIATH STROBILURUS Rümmler

1933. Hyomys strobilurus Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk, 8: 96. Sattelberg, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea. Genus LORENTZIMYS Jentink

Jumping Mouse

1911. Lorentzimys Jentink, Nova Guinea, g. 166, 174. Type Lorentzimys nouhuysii Jentink.

## Lorentzimys nouhuysi Jentink

Jumping Mouse

LORENTZIMYS NOUHUYSI NOUHUYSI Jentink

1911. Lorentzimys nouhuysii Jentink, Nova Guinea, 9: 166, 174, pl. 7, figs. g-k. Bivak 2, Noord River, Netherlands New Guinea, 400 metres. Range: lowland slopes of the central mountain range in Netherlands New Guinea from sea level to 3,000 ft.

### LORENTZIMYS NOUHUYSI ALTICOLA Tate & Archbold

1941. Lorentzimys nouhuysii alticola Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1101: 4.
Nine kilometres north-east of Lake Habbema, Mount Wilhelmina, Netherlands New Guinea, 2,700 metres. Range: high mountain slopes of Netherlands New Guinea, Papua and North-East New Guinea, between 2,000 and 10,000 ft.

#### Genus MALLOMYS Thomas

1898. Mallomys Thomas, Novit. Zool. 5: 1. Type Mallomys rothschildi Thomas.

### Mallomys rothschildi Thomas

1898. Mallomys rothschildi Thomas, Novit. Zool. 5: 2. Between Mount Musgrave and Mount Scratchley, Owen Stanley Range, Papua, 5,000–6,000 ft.

1907. Dendrosminthus aroaensis de Vis, Ann. Qd. Mus. 7: 11. Head of the Aroa River, Papua.

1912. Mallomys hercules Thomas, Novit. Zool. 19: 92. Rawlinson Mountains, North-

East New Guinea.

1932. Mallomys weylandi Rothschild & Dollman, Abstr. P.Z.S. Lond. No. 353: 13 (November 29, 1932); P.Z.S. Lond. 1932: 1083 (1933); P.Z.S. Lond. 1933: 212, pl. 4, fig. 7. The Gebroeders, Weyland Range, western Netherlands New Guinea, 7,000 ft.

1932. Mallomys argeniaia Rothschild & Dollman, Abstr. P.Z.S. Lond. No. 353: 14 (November 29, 1932); P.Z.S. Lond. 1932: 1083 (1933); P.Z.S. Lond. 1933: 212, pl. 4, figs. 8, 9. The Gebroeders, Weyland Range, western Netherlands

New Guinea, 7,000 ft.

Range: most of New Guinea between 4,500 and 9,000 ft.

## Genus PAPAGOMYS Sody

1941. Papagomys Sody, Treubia, 18: 322. Type Mus armandvillei Jentink.

This form has not been seen, but perhaps should be separated generically from the New Guinea *Mallomys* as suggested by Sody.

# Papagomys armandvillei (Jentink)

1892. Mus armandvillei Jentink, Weber's Zool. Ergebn. 3: 79, pl. 5, figs. 1-7. Flores.

## Genus CONILURUS Ogilby

Rabbit Rat

1838. Conilurus Ogilby, Trans. Linn. Soc. Lond. 18: 124. Type Conilurus constructor Ogilby = Hapalotis albipes Lichtenstein.

## Conilurus penicillatus (Gould)

(Conilurus penicillatus penicillatus (Gould). Extralimital)

1842. Mus penicillatus Gould, P.Z.S. Lond. 12. Port Essington, North Australia. Extralimital synonym given by Iredale & Troughton (1934).

### Conilurus penicillatus randi Tate & Archbold

1938. Conilurus randi Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 982: 1. Penzara, between Wasi Kussa and Morehead River, Western Division, Papua, 20 metres.

### Genus EROPEPLUS Miller & Hollister

Grey Rat

1921. Eropeplus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 94. Type Eropeplus canus Miller & Hollister.

## Eropeplus canus Miller & Hollister

1921. Eropeplus canus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 94, 95. Goenoeng Lehio (south-west of Lake Lindoe), middle Celebes, above 6,000 ft.

### Genus RATTUS Fischer

1775. Rattus Frisch, Natur-System der vierfüss Thiere, 7 (not nomenclatorially available).

1803. Rattus Fischer, National Mus. Nat. Paris, 2: 128 (misprinted Ruttus). Type

Mus decumanus Pallas = Mus norvegicus Berkenhout.

1903. Lenothrix Miller, Proc. U.S. Nat. Mus. 26: 466. Type Lenothrix canus Miller. Valid as a subgenus.

1910. Stenomys Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 507. Type Mus verecundus Thomas. Valid as a subgenus.

1936. Maxomys Sody, Natuurk. Tidjschr. Ned.-Ind. 96: 55. Type Mus bartelsi Jentink. Valid as a subgenus.

# Subgenus RATTUS Fischer

# Rattus rattus (Linnaeus)

House Rat; Black Rat

RATTUS RATTUS (Linnaeus)

1758. Mus rattus Linnaeus, Syst. Nat. 10th ed. 1: 61. Sweden.

1881. Mus beccarii Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 16: 700 (nec Jentink). Sorong, Vogelkop, Netherlands New Guinea.

RATTUS RATTUS [contd.]

1897. Mus (Epimys) doriae Trouessart, Cat. Mamm. 1: 472 (new name for beccarii Peters & Doria).

Numerous extralimital synonyms are given by Ellerman (1941) and Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

Range: recorded from numerous localities throughout Indo-Australia; a commensal form introduced by man.

## RATTUS RATTUS FRUGIVORUS (Rafinesque)

1814. Musculus frugivorus Rafinesque, Précis des Découv. et Trav. Somiol. 13. Sicily. Extralimital synonyms given by Ellerman (1941) and Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

Range: intermittently distributed in Indo-Australia; a commensal form introduced by man.

## RATTUS RATTUS ALEXANDRINUS (Desmarest)

<sup>1</sup> 1803. Mus alexandrinus E. Geoffroy, Cat. Mam. Mus. N.H. Paris, 192. Alexandria, Egypt.

1819. Mus alexandrinus Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. H.N. ed. 2, 29: 47. Alexandria, Egypt. Numerous extralimital synonyms are given by Ellerman (1941) and Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

Range: recorded from various localities throughout Indo-Australia; a commensal form introduced by man.

## RATTUS RATTUS DIARDI (Jentink)

1879. Mus diardii Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 2: 13. West Java.

1879. Mus neglectus Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 2: 14. Banjermassing, Borneo, and Batchian Island.

1903. Mus griseiventer Bonhote, Fasciculi Malayenses, Zool. 1: 30. Bidor, south Perak, Malay States.

1932. Rattus rattus samati Sody, Natuurh. Maandbl. Maastricht, 21: 159. Boeleling, North Bali.

1935. Rattus rattus palembang, Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 802: 1.
Morcarah Doewa, Palembang, south Sumatra.

Range: Celebes; Saleyer Island; Lombok; Sumbawa; Flores; Batchian; Talaud Islands; Netherlands New Guinea; extralimital.

## RATTUS RATTUS ARGENTIVENTER (Robinson & Kloss)

1916. Epimys rattus argentiventer Robinson & Kloss, J. Str. Br. Roy. Asiatic. Soc. 73: 274. Pasir Ganting, coast of west Sumatra, 2° 7' S.

1918. Ratius brevicaudatus Horst & de Raadt. Zool. Meded. Leiden, 4: 69. Java. 1922. Rattus rattus bali Kloss, Treubia, 2: 123. Lamboean Amok and Kloengkoeng, Bali.

Range: southern Celebes; Lombok; Sumbawa; Flores; possibly includes Timor and southern New Guinea; extralimital.

<sup>1</sup> This work is not nomenclatorially available as only a few copies were printed which Geoffroy gave privately to colleagues (see Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951: 282.)).

RATTUS RATTUS MANUSELAE Thomas

1920. Rattus manuselae Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 5: 424. Mount Manusela, Ceram, 4,000 ft.

RATTUS RATTUS DAMMERMANI Thomas

1921. Rattus dammermani Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 247. Wadjo, at the north-west corner of the Gulf of Tomini, north Celebes.

RATTUS RATTUS PESTICULUS Thomas

1921. Rattus pesticulus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 248. Menado, north Celebes.

RATTUS RATTUS SUMBAE Sody

1930. Rattus rattus sumbae Sody, Zool. Meded. Leiden, 13: 98. Mao-Marroe, east Sumba Island, 450 metres.

RATTUS RATTUS SANTALUM Sody

1932. Rattus rattus santalum Sody, Natuurh. Maandbl. Maastricht, 21: 159. Waingapoe, Sumba Island. Range: Sumba; Flores; Timor. Specimens from Flores and Timor are said by Sody (1941) to be intermediate in size between R. r. diardi and R. r. santalum. The range may include the small islands of Lomblen and Alor.

RATTUS RATTUS MOLUCCARIUS Sody

1933. Rattus rattus moluccarius Sody, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 437. Buru. Range: Buru.

RATTUS RATTUS SEPTICUS Sody

1933. Rattus rattus septicus Sody, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 437. Banda Islands. Range: Banda Islands; Kei Islands; Tenimber Islands; north-west Netherlands New Guinea; possibly includes Ceram.

RATTUS RATTUS MAKASSARIUS Sody

1941. Rattus rattus makassarius Sody, Treubia, 18: 266. Macassar, south Celebes. Range: south Celebes; Muna and Buton Islands, off south coast of Celebes; Togean Islands.

RATTUS RATTUS PELENGENSIS Sody

1941. Rattus rattus pelengensis Sody, Treubia, 18: 267. Peleng Island, east of Celebes.

RATTUS RATTUS OBIENSIS SOdy

1941. Rattus rattus obiensis Sody, Treubia, 18: 268. Obi Island, Molucca Islands. Range: Obi Island; Ternate; possibly includes Halmahera.

RATTUS RATTUS SATURNUS SOdy

1941. Rattus rattus saturnus Sody, Treubia, 18: 269. Melolo, Sumba Island. Range: Sumba; possibly includes Timor.

[RATTUS RATTUS ARGYRACEUS Sody]

1941. Rattus rattus argyraceus Sody, Treubia, 18: 275. Mangapat, north Celebes.

RATTUS RATTUS TALAUDENSIS Sody

1941. Rattus rattus talaudensis Sody, Treubia, 18: 276. Liroeng, Talaud Islands. Range: Talaud Islands.

[RATTUS RATTUS BARUSSANOIDES Sody]

1941. Rattus rattus barussanoides Sody, Treubia, 18: 276. Macassar, south Celebes.

RATTUS RATTUS (?) LALOLIS Tate & Archbold

1935. Rattus lalolis Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 802: 2. Lalolis, 30 miles south-east of the Mengkoka Mountains, south-east Celebes, 300 metres.

The exact status of this form is unknown: see Ellerman (1949, 3: 61-63).

Rats of the *R. rattus* group are recorded by Sody (1941) from the Sanghir Islands and from Taliaboe Islands.

RATTUS RATTUS AMBOINENSIS SUBSP. n.

Type locality: Pokka, Amboina.

Type: Adult & B.M. 11. 7. 12. 39. Collected by C. B. Kloss on 8th April, 1911 and presented by the subscribers to the British Ornithological Union Expedition to Netherlands New Guinea. Skin and skull in good condition. Collector's number, 28.

Paratypes: 3 33 B.M. 11. 7. 12. 37, 38, 40, 8 ♀ B.M. 11. 7. 12. 41–48. Pokka, Amboina.

These rats seem to be most closely related to *Rattus rattus moluccarius* from Buru. They are about the same size as *moluccarius* and have rather similar thin coarse pelage, but the general colour is much brighter. The dorsal pelage is bright tawny finely streaked with black; most of the hairs are grey based tipped with ochraceous tawny. There is generally a sharp line of demarcation between the dorsal and ventral pelage but the colour of the underparts varies considerably from mixtures of pure white hairs and grey based hairs tipped with white or buffy, to whitish grey and buffy grey hairs with a slight tinge of tawny where the line of demarcation between the dorsal and ventral pelage is indistinct. In *moluccarius* the colour of the ventral pelage is a dirty greyish white and is not sharply defined from the dorsal pelage. The forefeet of *amboinensis* are covered with short, fine white hairs and a median band of dark hairs which is continuous with the dark pelage of the fore limb. The hindfeet are also covered with short, fine white hairs, but the dark median band is rather diffuse. The ears and tail are fuscous. The mammary formula is 2 + 3 = 10 (2 + 3 = 10). It. 7. 12. 48), which is common for the *rattus* group.

The skull is distinguished from that of *moluccarius* by the shorter, broader rostrum, the much wider nasals and wider zygomatic plate. In all these characters it resembles *Rattus hoffmanni*, but is distinguished from it by the much larger bullae, slightly wider palate and narrower molar teeth, all of which are as for the *rattus* group.

Measurements in mm. of the type and seven paratypes (skin measurements from the flesh):

Measurements in mm. of Rattus rattus amboinensis

ε−1 UI	9.7	7.3	7.4	9.2	7.9	7.2	7.3	7.5
Diastema	12.2	9.01	11.5	0.11	12.0	10.9	10.2	12.2
Palatal length	26.9	23.2	24.9	25.7	25.3	23.6	23.5	26.2
Length × breadth of palatal foramen	7.8 × 3.4	7.2 × 2.4	$8.0 \times 2.9$	$8.6 \times 3.3$	8.1×3.4	8.0×3.1	7.5×2.7	8.7×3.3
Length X nasals	18.0×6.8	15.6×5.2	16.9×5.3	17.3×5.4	17.2×5.6	15.8×4.3	15.2×4.8	17.2×5.7
Interorbital breadth	7.5	6.7	6.9	7.2	7.4	6.3	7.2	7.1
Braincase breadth	17.7	16.3	17.0	6.91	17.6	15.8	17.0	1
Sygomatic hreadth	23.0	9.61	21.2	22.2	22.2	19.8	20.6	21.1
Condylobasal length	45.3	39.6	42.2	43.7	43.6	40.0	40.4	1
Total length of	46.8	42.0	44.1	45.4	45.5	41.7	42.6	
Ear	22.5	21	21	22	21	22	20	22.5
100lbniH	37	37	37	36	36	35	37	38
ligT	202	186	180	161	204	177	178	961
Head and body	961	170	192	189	661	173	170	161
хəS	*0	*0	*0	*0	0+	0+	0+	0+
B.M. Registered	и. 7. 12. 39 Туре	37	38	40	41	45	47	48

## Rattus hoffmanni (Matschie)

RATTUS HOFFMANNI HOFFMANNI (Matschie)

1887. Mus rattus var. celebensis Hoffmann, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, No. 3: 17, 18, fig. 4 (nec Gray). Minahassa, north Celebes.

1901. Mus hoffmanni Matschie, Abh. Senckenb. Naturf. Ges. 25: 284 (new name for celebensis Hoffmann).

### RATTUS HOFFMANNI LINDUENSIS Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus hoffmanni linduensis Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 70. Tomado, Lake Lindoe, middle Celebes.

### RATTUS HOFFMANNI SUBDITIVUS Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus hoffmanni subditivus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 70. Toware, Bada, middle Celebes.

#### RATTUS HOFFMANNI MENGKOKA Tate & Archbold

1935. Rattus hoffmanni mengkoka Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 802: 3. Wawo, Mengkoka Mountains, south-east Celebes, 50 metres.

## RATTUS HOFFMANNI (?) PALELAE Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus palelae Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 69. Palelah Island, north coast of Celebes.

# Rattus hoffmanni (?) mollicomus Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus mollicomus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 71. Goenoeng Kalabat, north-eastern Celebes, 6,500 ft.

# RATTUS HOFFMANNI (?) MOLLICOMULUS Tate & Archbold

1935. Rattus mollicomulus Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 802: 4. Wawa Karaing, Mount Lampobatang, south Celebes, 1,500 metres.

Exact status of these three forms uncertain: see Ellerman (1949, 3: 61-63).

# Rattus norvegicus (Berkenhout)

Norway Rat; Brown Rat

RATTUS NORVEGICUS NORVEGICUS (Berkenhout)

1769. Mus norvegicus Berkenhout, Outlines N.H. Gt. Britain and Ireland, 1: 5 (not seen). Great Britain.

Numerous extralimital synonyms are given by Ellerman (1941) and Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

Range: throughout Indo-Australia; extralimital; introduced by man.

RATTUS NORVEGICUS (?) PRAESTANS (Trouessart)

1887. Mus decumanus var. major Hoffmann, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, No. 3: 17, 18 (nec Radde, nec Severtzoff). Gorantalo, north Celebes, and Macassar, south Celebes. Probably based on introduced specimens: see Ellerman (1949, 3: 66).

1904. Epimys norvegicus hoffmanni Trouessart, Cat. Mamm. Suppl. 365 (nec Matschie).

(New name for major Hoffmann.)

1904. Mus norvegicus praestans Trouessart, Čat. Mamm. Suppl. 546 (footnote). (New name for hoffmanni Trouessart.)

## Rattus exulans (Peale)

Pacific Rat

(RATTUS EXULANS EXULANS (Peale). Extralimital)

1848. Mus exulans Peale, U.S. Explor. Exped. 8: 47 (not seen). Tahiti (fide Cassin, ibid. 1858, Mamm., 38).

Extralimital synonyms are given by Ellerman (1941).

RATTUS EXULANS BROWNI (Alston)

1877. Mus browni Alston, P.Z.S. Lond. 123, 743. Duke of York Island, or adjacent parts of New Britain or New Ireland. Type locality restricted to Duke of York Island by Tate (1951a).

1877. Mus echimyoides Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 2: 15. Duke of

York Island.

1933. Rattus concolor lassaquèrei Sody, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 433. Anggi Guyi Mountain, near Manokwari, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea, 1,800 metres.

1934. Rattus concolor manoquarius Sody, Natuurk. Tijdschr. Ned.-Ind. 94: 175.

Amberbaki, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

1937. Rattus browni praecelsus Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 20: 121. Upper Wahgi River valley, about 15 miles south-east of Mount Hagen, in the south-east of the Sepik Division, North-East New Guinea, 5,000–6,000 ft.

1937. Rattus browni aitape Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 20: 122. Aitape, on the north

coast of the Sepik Division of North-East New Guinea.

1937. Rattus browni suffectus Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 20: 122. Mount Lamington district, on the southern border of the Northern Division of Papua.

1937. Rattus browni tibicen Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus. 20: 123. Fyfe Bay, near Isudau, on the southern coast towards the eastern extremity of Papua.

- 1945. Rattus browni gawae Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 21: 374. Gawa Island, Marshall Bennett Islands (between Trobriand Islands and Woodlark Island), east of New Guinea.
- Range: Bismarck Archipelago; western Solomon Islands; Marshall Bennett Islands; south-eastern Papua; North-East New Guinea; Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea. Tate (1951a) restricted browni to the type locality (Duke of York Island), the Bismarcks and the western Solomon Islands; the races synonymized above he considered doubtfully distinct.

### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

RATTUS EXULANS EPHIPPIUM (Jentink)

1880. Mus ephippium Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 15. Sumatra.

1933. Rattus schuitemakeri Sody, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 431. Pontianak, west Borneo.

Range: Lombok; Sumbawa; Flores; Sumba; Timor; Celebes; Ternate; Batchian; Amboina; Ceram; Kalao Island (south of Celebes); extralimital.

RATTUS EXULANS WICHMANNI (Jentink)

1890. Mus wichmanni Jentink, Weber's Zool. Ergebn. 1: 120, 121, pl. 10, fig. 7. Flores.

RATTUS EXULANS AEMULI (Thomas)

1896. Mus aemuli Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 18: 249. Aemuli, Jampea Island, Saleyer group, off south Celebes.

RATTUS EXULANS BURUENSIS (J. A. Allen)

1911. Mus buruensis J. A. Allen, Bull. Amer. Mus. N.H. 30: 366. Buru Island. Range: Buru; Taliaboe and Sula Islands.

RATTUS EXULANS RAVENI Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus raveni Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 68. Toli Toli, north Celebes. Range: north and middle Celebes.

RATTUS EXULANS EUROUS Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus raveni eurous Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 69. Molengkapoti, Kwandang, north Celebes. Range: extensively throughout Celebes.

RATTUS EXULANS MALENGIENSIS SODY

1941. Rattus concolor malengiensis Sody, Treubia, 18: 281. Malengi Island, Togian group, east of Celebes.

RATTUS EXULANS SOLATUS Kellogg

1945. Rattus concolor solatus Kellogg, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 58: 65. Morotai Island, Gilolo group, Moluccas, Netherlands East Indies.

Rattus tatei Ellerman

1941. Rattus tatei Ellerman, The Families and Genera of Living Rodents, 2: 215. Tamalanti, middle Celebes.

Rattus rennelli Troughton

1945. Rattus rennelli Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 21: 375. Rennell Island, 90 miles south-westward of San Christobal Island, eastern Solomon Islands.

# Rattus xanthurus (Gray)

RATTUS XANTHURUS XANTHURUS (Gray)

1867. Mus xanthura Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 598. Tondano, north Celebes, 3,600 ft. Range: northern Celebes.

### RATTUS XANTHURUS BONTANUS Thomas

1911. Mus (Epimys) xanthurus orientalis Revilliod, Zool. Anz. 37: 513 (nec Desmarest). South-east Celebes.

1921. Rattus bontanus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 245. Indrulaman, Mount Bonthain, south Celebes, 2,000 ft.

Range: southern and south-eastern Celebes.

### RATTUS XANTHURUS MARMOSURUS Thomas

1921. Rattus marmosurus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 246. Mount Masarang, Minahassa, north Celebes, 2,000 ft.

## Rattus paraxanthus (Sody)

1941. Taeromys paraxanthus Sody, Treubia, 18: 313. Toelap West, Tonsealama, Tonsea district, north Celebes.

# Rattus celebensis (Gray)

RATTUS CELEBENSIS CELEBENSIS (Gray)

1867. Mus (Gymnomys) celebensis Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 598. Menado, north Celebes. Range: Celebes.

# [Rattus simpsoni Ellerman]

1941. Taeromys tatei Sody, Treubia, 18: 313 (nec Ellerman). Toelap West, Tonsealama, Tonsea district, north Celebes.

1949. Rattus simpsoni Ellerman, The Families and Genera of Living Rodents, 3: 191 (new name for tatei Sody).

The exact status of the following seven forms is unknown: see Ellerman (1949, 3:66).

#### Rattus facetus Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus facetus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 96. South-west of Lake Lindoe, middle Celebes, above 6,000 feet.

### Rattus hamatus Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus hamatus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 97. Goenoing Lehio, middle Celebes.

## Rattus punicans Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus punicans Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 98. Pinedapa, middle Celebes.

### Rattus taerae Sody

1932. Rattus taerae Sody, Natuurh. Maandbl. Maastricht. 21: 158. Lembean, east of Tondano, north Celebes.

### Rattus tondanus Sody

1932. Rattus tondanus Sody, Natuurh. Maandbl. Maastricht, 21: 158. Tondano, north Celebes.

#### Rattus salocco Tate & Archbold

1935. Rattus salocco Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 802: 7. Tanka Salocco, Mengkoka Range, south-east Celebes, 1,500 metres.

#### Rattus arcuatus Tate & Archbold

1935. Rattus arcuatus Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 802: 9. Tanka Salocco, Mengkoka Range, south-eastern Celebes, 1,500 metres.

## Rattus adspersus Miller & Hollister

RATTUS ADSPERSUS ADSPERSUS Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus adspersus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 71. Pinedapa, middle Celebes.

#### RATTUS ADSPERSUS PENITUS Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus penitus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 72. Goenoeng Lehio (south-west from Lake Lindoe), middle Celebes.

#### RATTUS ADSPERSUS SERICATUS Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus sericatus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 73. Rano Rano (east of Lake Lindoe and north of Lake Paso), middle Celebes, above 6,000 ft.

# RATTUS ADSPERSUS INFERIOR Tate & Archbold

1935. Rattus penitus inferior Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 802: 6. Wawo, Mengkoka Mountains, south-eastern Celebes, 50 metres.

#### RATTUS ADSPERSUS HEINRICHI Tate & Archbold

1935. Rattus penitus heinrichi Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 802: 6. Lambasang, Mount Lampobatang, south Celebes, 1,100 metres.

RATTUS ADSPERSUS (?) NIGELLUS Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus nigellus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 72. Bumbaroedjaba (near Toboli), northern middle Celebes.

RATTUS ADSPERSUS (?) RALLUS Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus rallus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 73. Gimpoe, middle Celebes.

RATTUS ADSPERSUS (?) BREVIMOLARIS Tate & Archbold

1935. Rattus brevimolaris Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 802: 7. Lalolis, 30 miles south-east of Mengkoka Mountains, south-eastern Celebes, 300 metres.

## Rattus andrewsi (J. A. Allen)

1911. Mus andrewsi J. A. Allen, Bull. Amer. Mus. N.H. 30: 366. Buton Island, off south Celebes.

Not seen. Exact status unknown (Ellerman (1949)).

# Rattus coelestis (Thomas)

RATTUS COELESTIS COELESTIS (Thomas)

1896. Mus coelestis Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 18: 248. Bonthain Peak, south Celebes.

RATTUS COELESTIS KOKA (Tate & Archbold)

1935. Bunomys coelestis koka Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 803: 1. Tanka Salocco, Mengkoka Mountains, south-eastern Celebes, 1,500 metres.

# Rattus sordidus (Gould)

(RATTUS SORDIDUS SORDIDUS (Gould). Extralimital)

1858. Mus sordidus Gould, P.Z.S. Lond. 242 (1857); Mamm. Austr. 1858, 3: pl. 17, letterpress. Darling Downs, south Queensland.

RATTUS SORDIDUS GESTROI (Thomas)

1897. Mus gestri Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 18: 611. Kapa Kapa,

9° 50' S., 147° 30' E., Papua. 1935. *Rattus brachyrhinus* Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 802: 4. Baroka, near mouth of Angabunga River ( = St. Joseph's River), Central Division, Papua, 30 metres.

[RATTUS SORDIDUS ARAMIA Troughton]

1937. Rattus gestri aramia Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 20: 119. Aramia Lakes district, near the mouth of the Aramia River, in the Western Division of Papua.

[RATTUS SORDIDUS (?) BUNAE Troughton]

1946. Rattus gestri bunae Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 21: 408. Dobodura district, Northern Division, Papua.

# [Rattus vanheurni Sody]

1933. Rattus vanheurni Sody, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 435. Vicinity of Manokwari, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

The type is a young specimen: according to Tate (1951a) the name is probably a synonym of one of the *Rattus* known on the Vogelkop.

## Subgenus STENOMYS Thomas

# Rattus ruber (Jentink)

RATTUS RUBER RUBER (Jentink)

1879. Mus ruber Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 2: 18. Doreh (= Manokwari), Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

RATTUS RUBER RINGENS (Peters & Doria)

1881. Mus ringens Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 16: 700. Fly River, south New Guinea.

1908. Mus ratticolor Jentink, Nova Guinea, 9: 3, 7, pl. 1, fig. 11. Van Weel's Camp, junction of Reiger and Lorentz Rivers, south-west Netherlands New Guinea.

Range: southern and south-western New Guinea; Japen Island; from sea level to 700 ft.

RATTUS RUBER PRAETOR (Thomas)

1888. Mus praetor Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 1: 158; P.Z.S. Lond. 1888: 481, pl. 22, fig. 6 (1889). Aola, Guadalcanar Island, Solomon Islands.

RATTUS RUBER MORDAX (Thomas)

1904. Mus mordax Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 14: 398. 8° 30' S., 148° 20' E. (i.e. Kumusi River), Papua, 565 ft. The accuracy of this type locality is queried by Tate (1951a).

RATTUS RUBER FELICEUS Thomas

1920. Rattus feliceus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 423. Mount Manusela, Ceram, 6,000 ft.

RATTUS RUBER TRAMITIUS Thomas

1922. Rattus mordax tramitius Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 262; Nova Guinea, 13: 727.

Doormanpad-bivak, 3° 30′ S., 138° 30′ E., Netherlands New Guinea, 1,410 metres.

1935. Ratius leucopus utakwa Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 115. Camp No. 3, Utakwa River, Netherlands New Guinea, 2,500 ft.

1937. Rattus mordax hageni Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 20: 120. Upper Wahgi River valley, on the south slopes of Mount Hagen, in the south-east corner of the Sepik Division, North-East New Guinea.

Range: central mountain ranges of central and eastern New Guinea.

#### RATTUS RUBER COENORUM Thomas

1922. Rattus coenorum Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 262; Nova Guinea, 13: 727.
Pionier-bivak, 2° 20' S., 138° 0' E., Mamberano River, Netherlands New Guinea, 200 ft.

1922. Rattus bandiculus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 262; Nova Guinea, 13: 728.
Pionier-bivak, 2° 20' S., 138° o' E., Mamberano River, Netherlands New

Guinea, 200 ft.

Range: lowlands of northern New Guinea.

#### RATTUS RUBER STEINI Rümmler

1935. Rattus leucopus steini Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 115. Kunupi Mountain, Weyland Mountains, western Netherlands New Guinea, 1,400–1,800 metres. Range: highlands of western New Guinea; not recorded from Vogelkop.

# RATTUS RUBER JOBIENSIS Rümmler

1935. Rattus ruber jobiensis Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 116. Japen Island, Geelvinck Bay, Netherlands New Guinea.

1946. Rattus sansapor Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 21: 409. Sansapor, north-west coast of the Vogelkop, Netherlands New Guinea.

1946. Rattus biakensis Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 21: 409. Biak Island, Schouten Islands, Geelvinck Bay, Netherlands New Guinea.

Range: north-west Vogelkop; Japen and Biak Island.

# RATTUS RUBER MEDIOCRIS Troughton

1936. Rattus praetor mediocris Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 19: 343. Buin, Bougainville Island, Solomon Islands.

#### RATTUS RUBER ROSALINDA Hinton

1943. Rattus rosalinda Hinton, Ann. Mag. N.H. 10: 557. Tapu, upper Ramu River plateau, North-East New Guinea, 6,000 ft.

# RATTUS RUBER DOBODURAE Troughton

1946. Rattus ringens dobodurae Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 21: 407. Dobodura, Northern Division of Papua. Range: eastern New Guinea, both north and south of the central mountain range.

# RATTUS RUBER PURDIENSIS Troughton

1946. Rattus purdiensis Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 21: 408. Bat Island, Purdy group, adjacent to the Admiralty group.

RATTUS RUBER FERGUSSONIENSIS Laurie

1952. Rattus ruber fergussoniensis Laurie, Bull. Brit. Mus. (N.H.), Zool. 1: 304. Faralulu district, west Fergusson Island, south-east New Guinea, about 200 ft.

RATTUS RUBER MELANURUS subsp. n.

Type locality: Alpine grassland, Mount Giluwe, central highlands, North-East New Guinea, 11,000–12,000 ft.

Type: Adult & B.M. 53. 256. Collected by F. Shaw Mayer on 2nd June, 1951. Skin and skull in good condition. Collector's number, 1430.

Paratypes: Three ♂ B.M. 53.257 (young), 258, 259. Five ♀ B.M. 53. 260 (young), 261–264, all from the type locality. One ♀ B.M. 53. 265 from the adjoining Lamende Range, North-East New Guinea, 11,000–12,000 ft. All paratypes collected by F. Shaw Mayer.

This rat seems to be most closely related to R. r. rosalinda, another highland race which apparently does not occur at such high altitudes as melanurus. It is readily distinguished from other races of ruber (including rosalinda) by the short, evenlycoloured, blackish-brown tail (in one young specimen, ♀ B.M. 1953. 265, it is not quite so dark) and by the blackish-brown fore and hind feet. The dorsal pelage is long and soft, particularly on the lower part of the back, where it is about 21 mm. long. There are also some much longer guard hairs which are about 33 mm. long on the lower part of the back. The general colour is a bright yellowish brown, slightly lighter on the sides of the body; most of the hairs are dark grey tipped with yellow, others are entirely black, the general appearance being somewhat similar to the brightest specimens of R. r. tramitius in our collection. The ventral pelage is thicker and longer than in other races of ruber; the hairs are grey based and tipped with yellow so that the whole of the ventral surface is washed with yellow. The skull is very similar to that of rosalinda. It differs from it in the length of the palatine foramina, these are longer and straighter than in rosalinda; in the larger interparietal and in the larger auditory bullae.

Measurements in mm. of the type and nine paratypes (skin measurements from the flesh):

Measurements in mm. of Rattus ruber melanurus

Length bullae	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.3	6.2	6.5	6.3	6.0	6.0
Interparietal length × breadth	9.8×4.3	8.5×4.8	9.7×4.9	9.6×4.4	9.1×4.7	9.1×4.7	9.5×4.4	9.4×4.5	9.0×4.7	8.7×4.9
Palatal breadth m <sup>3</sup> — m <sup>3</sup>	4.3	4.2	4.9	4.2	4.4	4.2	4.8	4.3	4.6	4.1
Palatal breadth $m^1 - m^2$	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.1	3.4	2.6
<sup>2-1</sup> m	6.7	6.7	6.8	6.8	9.9	8.9	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.9
Palatal foramina	7.1	6.7	7.2	7.1	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.7	7.2	6.9
Palatal length	20.0	0.61	20.7	20.0	20.0	19.9	19.8	19.4	20.0	18.8
Diastema	8.9	8.5	9.5	9.0	9.0	9.1	8.8	8.9	9.0	8.5
Interorbital breadth	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.5	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.7	5.8
Length X breadth of nasals	13.6×4.1	12.4×3.7	14.0×4.0	13.9×3.8	13.7×3.9	13.8×3.9	13.8×3.9	12.8×3.7	13.2×3.8	12.4×3.7
Sygomatic breadth	18.7	18.2	1.61	18.2	1	1	ı	18.3	0.61	1
Condylobasal length	34.3	32.5	35.6	34.4	34.5	34.2	33.4	33.0	34.4	32.4
Ear	17	17	17.5	18	17	18	18	18	81	17
Hindfoot	29	28	31	29	29	28.5	27	28	28	28
lisT	98	96	84	101	108	103	88	98	102	92
Head and body	148	139	156	146	147	147	143	138	148	133
Sex	*0	10	10	10	0+	0+	0+	0+	0+	0+
B.M. Registered	53. 256 Type	(young) 257	258	259	(young) 260	261	262	263	264	(young) 265

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## Rattus doboensis (de Beaufort)

1911. Mus doboensis de Beaufort, Abh. Senckenb. Naturf. Ges. 34: 112. Aru Islands. Range: Aru Islands. (Possibly a race of ruber.)

# Rattus morotaiensis Kellogg

1945. Rattus morotaiensis Kellogg, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 58: 66. Morotai Island, Gilolo group, Moluccas, Netherlands East Indies.

According to the type description R. morotaiensis is most closely related to R. r. coenorum.

## Rattus verecundus (Thomas)

RATTUS VERECUNDUS VERECUNDUS (Thomas)

1904. Stenomys verecundus Thomas, Novit. Zool. 11: 598. Avera, Aroa River, southeast Papua. Range: slopes of the central mountain range, including the Astrolabe Range, south-eastern Papua.

# RATTUS VERECUNDUS MOLLIS (Rümmler)

1935. Stenomys verecundus mollis Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 116. Morobe, Mount Misim, North-East New Guinea, 5,850 ft. Range: northern slopes of the central mountain range in north-eastern Papua and south-eastern North-East New Guinea.

# RATTUS VERECUNDUS FOERSTERI (Rümmler)

1935. Stenomys verecundus försteri Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 117. Bulung River, Saruwaged Mountains, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea, 1,800– 2,000 metres. Range: slopes of Saruwaged Mountains.

# RATTUS VERECUNDUS UNICOLOR (Rümmler)

1935. Stenomys verecundus unicolor Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 117. Kunupi Mountain, Weyland Mountains, western Netherlands New Guinea, 1,400–1,800 metres. Range: slopes of the central mountain range in western Netherlands New Guinea.

## RATTUS VERECUNDUS TOMBA Laurie

1952. Rattus verecundus tomba Laurie, Bull. Brit. Mus. (N.H.) Zool. 1: 305. Tomba, south-west slopes Hagen Range, central highlands, North-East New Guinea, 8,500 ft. Range: Hagen and Bismarck Ranges.

# Rattus owiensis Troughton

1946. Rattus owiensis Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 21: 374. Owi Island, Schouten group, Geelvinck Bay, Netherlands New Guinea. (Possibly a race of verecundus.)

### Rattus maculipilis sp. n.

Type locality: Rurukan, Minahassa, north Celebes, 3,500 ft.

Type: Adult 5 B.M. 97. 1. 2. 26. Collected by Charles Hose on 1st November, 1895. Skin, in poor condition, and skull.

Paratype: Q B.M. 97. 1. 2. 27, Rurukan, Minahassa, north Celebes, 3,500 ft.

These two specimens and the two specimens of the race described below had been wrongly identified as *Mus callitrichus* Jentink and so led Ellerman (1949) to refer *callitrichus* to *Rattus* instead of to *Lenomys* to which it appears to belong (Tate (1936)).

Rattus maculipilis appears to belong to the subgenus Stenomys. In general appearance it is somewhat similar to Rattus infraluteus from Kina Balu, Borneo. It is, however, smaller, the general colour is a lighter brown and the tail, instead of being completely black, is black basally and white terminally. The pelage is rather long and soft; dorsally it is 20 mm. or more in length and is a slightly speckled buffy brown, the bases of most of the hairs being grey; ventrally the hairs are grey based and are tipped with white or buffy white. The feet are covered with dark brown hairs, but over the light yellow claws there are a few long white hairs. The tail is covered with short, fine white hairs, the basal third or slightly more black, the rest white. There are about 8–10 rings of scales per centimetre.

The skull is very similar to that of *R*. infraluteus only it is smaller. It is characterized by the rather large teeth, small, rather flat bullae and fairly long palatal foramina which reach to within a millimetre or less of m<sup>1</sup>.

Measurements of the type and paratype appear below.

RATTUS MACULIPILIS JENTINKI SUBSP. n.

Type locality: Koelawi, middle Celebes, 2,500 ft.

Type: Adult & B.M. 40, 388. Collected by W. J. C. Frost on 30th December, 1938. Collector's number, 101. Skin and skull in good condition.

Paratype: 3 B.M. 40. 389, Tamalanti, middle Celebes, 3,300 ft.

These two specimens, collected by Mr. Frost in middle Celebes, had been wrongly identified as Mus callitrichus Jentink and were thought to be the same as the specimens described above, of which, however, they appear to be a race. The general colour of the dorsal pelage is a little greyer, and the ventral pelage, which consists of grey-based hairs tipped with white, is a little whiter than in maculipilis. The feet are covered with dark brown hairs and the claws with long white hairs as in maculipilis. The tail, however, is definitely longer than the combined length of the head and body, and though generally similar to the shorter tail of maculipilis more than half of the basal part is black (less than half in maculipilis); terminally it is white.

The skull is very similar to that of *maculipilis*, but the palatal foramina are a little smaller, the diastema shorter and the molar teeth larger. The length of the diastema in the lower jaw is also less than in the lower jaw of *maculipilis*.

Measurements in mm. of the type and paratypes of R. maculipilis and R. m. jentinki (skin measurements from the flesh unless otherwise stated):

Measurements in mm. of Rattus maculifilis and R. m. jentinki

Locality	Rurukan, N. Celebes	Rurukan, N. Celebes	Koelawi, Middle Celebes	Tamalanti, Middle Celebes	
°m − °m dibiW	5.5	5.2	5.6	5-5	
Width m1-m2	4.6	4.2	4.6	4.6	
Diastema (wet jaw)	7.1	7.0	9.9	6.6	
Diastema (waj repper jaw)	13.2	12.0	12.5	12.4	
Width m <sup>3</sup>	W		9. 8.		
Width m <sup>1</sup>	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1	
m1-3 at alveoli	9.3	9.4	8.6	9.8	
Length of palatal foramina	8.1	7.9	7.7	7.7	
Breadth of braincase	18.8	9.61	19.6	19.1	
Length × breadth of nasals	20.2 × 5.3	18.5×5.1	19.0×5.2	19.2×4.8	
Interorbital breadth	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.8	
Sygomatic breadth	25.7	22.6	24.7	23.5	
Condylobasal	47.3	44-4	46.8	46.5	
Ear	25	21	28	25	
toofbniH	47	46	35	45	
lisT	226	220*	230	220	
Head and body	240	217*	210	200	
Sex	*0	0+	<b>f</b> 0	F0	
B.M. Registered	R. maculipilis 97. 1. 2. 26 Type	97. 1. 2. 27 (young)	R. m. jentinki 40. 388 Type	40.389	

\* Indicates measurements from dry skin.

The diagnosis and name of the following subgenus are by J. R. Ellerman.

### PARUROMYS subgen. n.

Type species: Rattus dominator Thomas

Similar to normal members of the subgenus Stenomys as defined by Ellerman (1949, 3: 38), but differing in having the palatal foramina much shortened, on average only about 12 per cent of the occipitonasal length (the other rats referred to Stenomys have the palatal foramina long, averaging at least 15 per cent of the occipitonasal length). Rattus dominator is at extreme development the largest species referable to Rattus, our largest skull having an occipitonasal length of 62.5 mm. In its combination of long palate, short palatal foramina and small bullae with large size it is distinctly reminiscent of the genus Uromys, which, however, carries reduction of bullae and lengthening of the palate considerably further, has an extremely naked tail and normally a larger skull. It seems that on account of the reduction of its palatal foramina Rattus dominator Thomas, its ally Rattus frosti Ellerman and (from descriptions) Rattus microbullatus Tate & Archbold (which I have not seen) from Celebes merit subgeneric rank. In other characters they are nearest the Rattus bowersi-muelleri group.

#### Rattus dominator Thomas

RATTUS DOMINATOR DOMINATOR Thomas

1921. Rattus dominator Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 244. Mount Masarang, Minahassa, north Celebes, 4,000 ft. Range: north Celebes.

RATTUS DOMINATOR CAMURUS Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus dominator camurus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 96. Pinedapa, middle Celebes. Range: central Celebes.

RATTUS DOMINATOR URSINUS (Sody)

1941. Taeromys dominator ursinus Sody, Treubia, 18: 312. Wawa Karaeng, Lampobatang, south Celebes, 2,200 metres. Range: south Celebes.

#### Rattus frosti Ellerman

1941. Rattus frosti Ellerman, The Families and Genera of Living Rodents, 2: 216.

Tamalanti, middle Celebes.

## Rattus microbullatus Tate & Archbold

1935. Rattus microbullatus Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 802: 8. Tanka Salocco, Mengkoka Range, south-eastern Celebes, 1,500 metres.

No specimens have been seen, but it probably belongs here.

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# Subgenus MAXOMYS Sody

# Rattus chrysocomus (Hoffmann)

1887. Mus chrysocomus Hoffmann, Abh. Zool. Anthrop.-Ethn. Mus. Dresden, No. 3: 17, 20, figs. 1a-f. Minahassa, north Celebes.

1896. Mus fratrorum Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 18: 246. Rurukan, north Celebes.

Range: central and north Celebes.

# Rattus beccarii (Jentink)

1879. Mus beccarii Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 2: 11. Menado, north Celebes. (See Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 1878, 1: 8, under Mus leucopus (Gray).)

1932. Rattus thysanurus Sody, Natuurh. Maandbl. Maastricht, 21: 157. Toemaratas, Sapoetan Mountains, Minahassa, north Celebes.

Range: north Celebes.

# Rattus shawmayeri Hinton

1943. Rattus shawmayeri Hinton, Ann. Mag. N.H 10: 556. Baiyanka, Purari-Ramu Divide, south-east Bismarck Range, North-East New Guinea, 8,000 ft. Range: Bismarck Range, North-East New Guinea. A remarkable form, very different from other New Guinea Rattus. It is smaller than Rattus eha eha from Nepal and Sikkim, India, to which it is perhaps most closely related.

## Subgenus LENOTHRIX Miller

# Rattus niobe (Thomas)

RATTUS NIOBE NIOBE (Thomas)

1906. Mus niobe Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 17: 327. Owgarra, Angabunga River, south-eastern Papua. Range: central mountain ranges of eastern New Guinea, including the Bismarck Range, between 5,000 and 12,000 ft.

# RATTUS NIOBE HAYMANI Ellerman

1913. Stenomys klossi Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 207 (nec Bonhote). "Camp No. 9," upper Utakwa River, southern slope of Charles Louis Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea, 5,500 ft.

1941. Rattus niobe haymani Ellerman, The Families and Genera of Living Rodents, 2: 206 (new name for klossi Thomas).

Range: southern slopes of the central mountain range, western Netherlands New Guinea.

# RATTUS NIOBE ARROGANS (Thomas)

1922. Stenomys arrogans Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 263; Nova Guinea, 13: 728.

Doormanpad-bivak, 3° 30' S., 138° 30' E., Netherlands New Guinea, 2,400 metres. Range: slopes of the central mountain range in Netherlands New Guinea between 7,000 and 13,000 ft.

RATTUS NIOBE RUFULUS (Thomas)

1922. Stenomys rufulus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 669. Saruwaged Mountains, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea, 4,000 metres.

[RATTUS NIOBE STEVENSI (Rümmler)]

1935. Stenomys niobe stevensi Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 117. Morobe, Mount Misim, North-East New Guinea, 7,000 ft.

RATTUS NIOBE ARFAKIENSIS (Rümmler)

1935. Stenomys niobe arfakiensis Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 118. Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea, 2,000 metres.

RATTUS NIOBE POCOCKI Ellerman

1935. Stenomys niobe clarae Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 118 (nec Miller). Sumuri Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea, 2,500 metres.

1941. Rattus niobe pococki Ellerman, The Families and Genera of Living Rodents, 2: 206 (footnote). (New name for clarae Rümmler.)

Range: north and west slopes of the central mountain range in Netherlands New Guinea.

#### Rattus richardsoni Tate

1949. Rattus richardsoni Tate, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1421: 1. Near Lake Habbema, north of Mount Wilhelmina, Netherlands New Guinea, 3,225 metres.

Not seen: probably related to niobe (Tate (1951)).

# Rattus musschenbroeki (Jentink)

RATTUS MUSSCHENBROEKI MUSSCHENBROEKI (Jentink)

1879. Mus musschenbroekii Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 1: 10. Menado, north Celebes. Range: north Celebes.

RATTUS MUSSCHENBROEKI TETRICUS Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus musschenbroekii tetricus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 68. Gimpoe (south-west of Lake Lindoe), middle Celebes.

RATTUS MUSSCHENBROEKI LALAWORA SOdy

1941. Rattus musschenbroekii lalawora Sody, Treubia, 18: 305. Tangka Salocco, Mengkoka Mountains, south-east Celebes, 2,000 metres.

RATTUS MUSSCHENBROEKI (?) ASPINATUS Tate & Archbold

1935. Rattus aspinatus Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 802: 9. Ile Ile, north Celebes.

This form has not been seen.

# Rattus hellwaldi (Jentink)

RATTUS HELLWALDI HELLWALDI (Jentink)

1879. Mus hellwaldii Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 1: 11. Menado, north Celebes.

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RATTUS HELLWALDI LOCALIS Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus hellwaldii localis Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 74. Laboea Sore (north of Parigi), Celebes.

RATTUS HELLWALDI CEREUS Miller & Hollister

1921. Rattus hellwaldii cereus Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 74. Toli Toli, north-western Celebes.

RATTUS HELLWALDI DOLLMANI Ellerman

1941. Rattus hellwaldi dollmani Ellerman, The Families and Genera of Living Rodents, 2: 218. Rantekaroa, Quarles Mountains, middle Celebes.

RATTUS HELLWALDI GRISEOGENYS SOdy

1941. Rattus hellwardi griseogenus Sody, Treubia, 18: 305 (evident lapsus for Rattus hellwaldi griseogenys). Masembo, Mengkoka Mountains, south-east Celebes, 550 metres.

# Incertae sedis

The following forms have not been seen:

Rattus faberi (Jentink)

1883. Mus faberi Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus. 5: 176. North Celebes.

Rattus masaretes Sody

1937. Rattus masaretes Sody, Temminckia, 2: 217. Buru Island.

Rattus sapoensis Sody

1941. Rattus sapoensis Sody, Treubia, 18: 306. Malengi, Togian Islands, east of Celebes.

Rattus biformatus Sody

1941. Rattus biformatus Sody, Treubia, 18: 306. Malengi, Togian Islands, east of Celebes.

Rattus elaphinus Sody

1941. Rattus elaphinus Sody, Treubia, 18: 307. Taliaboe, Soela Islands, east of Celebes.

# Rattus foramineus Sody

RATTUS FORAMINEUS FORAMINEUS SOdy

1941. Rattus foramineus Sody, Treubia, 18: 308. Boeloekoemba, south Celebes.

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RATTUS FORAMINEUS PELURUS SOdy

1941. Rattus foramineus pelurus Sody, Treubia, 18: 308. Peleng Island, east of Celebes.

## Rattus toxi Sody

1941. Rattus toxi Sody, Treubia, 18: 309. Wadjo, south-west peninsula of Celebes.

# Rattus rintjanus Sody

1941. Rattus rintjanus Sody, Treubia, 18: 310. Lohoboeaja, Rintja Island, west of Flores.

Sody (1941) has proposed a number of generic names for rats from Indo-Australia. These names have not been applied in the present list for the reasons given by Ellerman (1949, 3: 188).

### Genus MELOMYS Thomas

Naked-tailed Rat

1922. Melomys Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 261. Type Uromys rufescens Alston.

# Melomys albidens Tate

1951. Melomys albidens Tate, Bull. Amer. Mus. N.H. 97: 286. Lake Habbema, 15 miles north of Lake Wilhelmina, Netherlands New Guinea, 3,225 metres.

# Melomys fellowsi Hinton

1943. Melomys fellowsi Hinton, Ann. Mag. N.H. 10: 554. Baiyanka, Purari-Ramu Divide, North-East New Guinea, 8,000 ft. Range: mountains of North-East New Guinea.

# Melomys levipes (Thomas)

Melomys Levipes Levipes (Thomas)

1897. Uromys levipes Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 18: 617. Haveri, 9° 25' S., 147° 35' E., "among the mountains behind the Astrolabe Range, near Mount Wori Wori", Papua, 700 metres.

1935. Melomys levipes meeki Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 108. Head of the Aroa River, Central Division, Papua.

Range: southern slopes of the central mountain range in south-eastern Papua.

# Melomys Levipes Lorentzi (Jentink)

1908. Pogonomys lorentzii Jentink, Nova Guinea, 9: 3, 8, pl. 1, fig. 12. Resi Camp, Lorentz River, Netherlands New Guinea, 900 metres. Range: foothills of the central mountain range in the Lorentz and Fly River areas.

# Melomys Levipes NASO (Thomas)

1911. Uromys naso Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 386. Whitewater Camp, Kafari ( = Kaparé) River (in foothills of Nassau Range, see Wollaston (1912: 159)), south-west Netherlands New Guinea, 400 ft.

Melomys levipes mollis (Thomas)

1913. Uromys mollis Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 210. Camp Padang, 6c, south slope of Mount Carstenz, on upper Utakwa River, Nassau Range, Netherlands New Guinea, 5,500 ft.

Melomys Levipes rattoides Thomas

1922. Melomys rattoides Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 263; Nova Guinea, 13: 729.
Pionier-bivak, 2° 20' S., 138° 0' E., Mamberano River, north-east Netherlands New Guinea. Range: north-east Netherlands New Guinea from 200 to 4,700 ft.

Melomys Levipes Lanosus Thomas

1922. Melomys lanosus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 263; Nova Guinea, 13: 729. Doormanpad-bivak, 3° 30' S., 138° 30' E., Netherlands New Guinea, 2,400 metres. Range: highlands of central Netherlands New Guinea; Cyclops Mountains; eastern Netherlands New Guinea; Hagen Range, central highlands, North-East New Guinea; 3,500–9,000 ft.

Melomys Levipes arfakianus Rümmler

1935. Melomys levipes arfakianus Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 107. Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea, 2,000 metres.

Melomys Levipes Weylandi Rümmler

1935. Melomys levipes weylandi Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 107. Kunupi Mountain, Weyland Mountains, western Netherlands New Guinea, 1,400–1,800 metres.

Melomys Levipes Clarae Rümmler

1935. Melomys levipes clarae Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 108. Sumuri Mountains, Weyland Mountains, western Netherlands New Guinea, 2,000–2,600 metres.

Melomys Levipes Stevensi Rümmler

1935. Melomys levipes stevensi Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 109. Morobe, Mount Misim, North-East New Guinea, 6,700 ft.

Melomys Levipes shawmayeri Rümmler

1935. Melomys levipes shawmayeri Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 109. Buntibasa district, Kratke Mountains, North-East New Guinea, 4,000–5,000 ft. Range: mountains of North-East New Guinea, 4,000–9,000 ft.

Very similar to M. l. lanosus; similar, exceptionally low mammary formula: o - 1 = 2.

Melomys aerosus (Thomas)

1920. Uromys aerosus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 428. Mount Manusela, central Ceram, 6,000 ft.

Melomys rubicola Thomas

1924. Melomys rubicola Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 13: 298. Bramble Cay, Gulf of Papua (about 9° S., 144° E., off mouth of Fly River, Papua).

# Melomys moncktoni (Thomas)

MELOMYS MONCKTONI MONCKTONI (Thomas)

1904. Uromys monchtoni Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 14: 399. 8° 30′ S., 148° 20′ E. (i.e. Kumusi River), north-east Papua, 700 ft. Range: eastern Papua, extending on north side of central highlands to the mountains of North-East New Guinea.

MELOMYS MONCKTONI SHAWI Tate & Archbold

1935. Melomys shawi Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 803: 2. Weyland Mountains, western Netherlands New Guinea, 1,200 metres.

Melomys moncktoni intermedius Rümmler

1935. Melomys moncktoni intermedius Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 110. Camp No. 3, Utakwa River, south-west Netherlands New Guinea, 2,500 ft.

MELOMYS MONCKTONI STURTI Tate

1951. Melomys moncktoni sturti Tate, Bull. Amer. Mus. N.H. 97: 296. Sturt Island Camp, lower Fly River, Papua.

## Melomys obiensis (Thomas)

1911. Uromys obiensis Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 208. Obi Island, Halmahera group.

# Melomys platyops (Thomas)

MELOMYS PLATYOPS PLATYOPS (Thomas)

1906. Uromys platyops Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 17: 327. Head of Aroa River, south-east Papua. Range: lowlands, and foothills of the central highlands up to 5,000 ft., in south-eastern Papua.

Melomys platyops fuscus Rümmler

1935. Melomys moncktoni fuscus Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 110. Prauwen-bivak, 3° 15' S., 138° 30' E., Idenburg River, Netherlands New Guinea, about 70 metres.

1937. Mélomys platyops mamberanus Sody, Temminckia, 2: 218. Pionier-bivak, 2° 20' S., 138° o' E., Mamberano River, Netherlands New Guinea, 60 metres.

Range: northern New Guinea, from sea level to 5,000 ft.

MELOMYS PLATYOPS ARFAKIENSIS Rümmler

1935. Melomys moncktoni arfakiensis Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 111. Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-western Netherlands New Guinea, 2,000 metres.

MELOMYS PLATYOPS JOBIENSIS Rümmler

1935. Melomys moncktoni jobiensis Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 114. Japen Island, Geelvinck Bay, north-western Netherlands New Guinea, 850 metres.

## Melomys rubex Thomas

Melomys rubex rubex Thomas

1922. Melomys rubex Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 263; Nova Guinea, 13: 730. Doormanpad-bivak, 3° 30' S., 138° 30' E., Netherlands New Guinea, 1,410 metres.

Tate (1951a) considers that it is improbable that all the following races of *Melomys* rubex can be maintained as distinct.

Melomys Rubex Tafa Tate & Archbold

1935. Melomys tafa Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 803: 1. Mount Tafa, 30 miles south-west of Mount Albert Edward, Papua, 2,400 metres.

Melomys rubex steini Rümmler

1935. Melomys moncktoni steini Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 111. Sumuri Mountain, Weyland Mountains, western Netherlands New Guinea, 2,000–2,600 metres.

Melomys rubex rutilus Rümmler

1935. Melomys moncktoni rutilus Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 112. Camp No. 9, Utakwa River, south-west Netherlands New Guinea, 5,500 ft.

Melomys rubex alleni Rümmler

1935. Melomys monchtoni alleni Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 112. Morobe, Mount Misim, North-East New Guinea, 6,700 ft.

Melomys Rubex Clarus Rümmler

1935. Melonys monchtoni clarus Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 113. Buntibasa district, Kratke Mountains, North-East New Guinea, 4,000–5,000 ft.

Melomys Rubex Stresemanni Rümmler

1935. Melomys moncktoni stresemanni Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 113. Kalungtufu, Saruwaged Mountains, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea, 1,520 metres.

Melomys rubex pohlei Rümmler

1935. Melomys moncktoni pohlei Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 114. Hunstein Spitze (Hunstein Mountains, 4°-5° S., 142°-143° E.), North-East New Guinea, 1,543 metres.

# Melomys lutillus (Thomas)

MELOMYS LUTILLUS LUTILLUS (Thomas)

1913. Uromys lutillus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 216. Owgarra, Angabunga River, south-east Papua. Range: south-eastern and eastern Papua.

Melomys lutillus muscalis (Thomas)

1913. Uromys muscalis Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 217. Lower Fly River, Papua. Range: southern New Guinea.

#### MELOMYS LUTILLUS HINTONI Rümmler

1935. Melomys lutillus hintoni Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 106. Lake Sentani, Hollandia, north coast of Netherlands New Guinea.

## [MELOMYS LUTILLUS FROGGATTI Troughton]

1937. Melomys muscalis froggatti Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 20: 123. Strickland River, 100 miles above junction with Fly River, south New Guinea.

Probably synonymous with M. l. muscalis.

#### MELOMYS LUTILLUS FRIGICOLA Tate

1951. Melomys lutillus frigicola Tate, Bull. Amer. Mus. N.H. 97: 303. Bele River, 18 kilometres north of Lake Habbema, near Mount Wilhelmina, Netherlands New Guinea, 2,200 metres.

## Melomys rufescens (Alston)

### MELOMYS RUFESCENS RUFESCENS (Alston)

1877. Uromys rufescens Alston, P.Z.S. Lond. 124, 743. "Duke of York Island, or adjacent parts of New Britain or New Ireland."

1877. Mus musavora Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 2: 16. Duke of York Island.

Range: Duke of York Island; probably includes New Ireland and New Britain; mountains of North-East New Guinea and eastern Papua.

# Melomys rufescens stalkeri (Thomas)

1904. Uromys stalkeri Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 14: 202. Gira River, 8°-9°S, 147°-148° E., between Ioma and Morobe, Northern Division, Papua, 200 metres.

# Melomys rufescens gracilis (Thomas)

1906. Uromys gracilis Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 17: 328. Owgarra, Angabunga River, south-east Papua.

1935. Melonys rufescens dollmani Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 106. Buntibasa district, Kratke Mountains, North-East New Guinea, 4,000–5,000 ft.

Range: mountains of south-east Papua and North-East New Guinea.

# Melomys rufescens sexplicatus (Jentink)

1907. Pogonomys sexplicatus Jentink, Nova Guinea, 5: 366, pl. 16, figs. 1–3. Sentani Lake, Hollandia, north coast of Netherlands New Guinea. Range: Netherlands New Guinea north of the central mountain range up to 7,000 ft.

# [MELOMYS RUFESCENS CALIDIOR (Thomas)]

1911. Uromys stalkeri calidior Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 387. Mimika River, south-west Netherlands New Guinea, 420 ft. Range: western Netherlands New Guinea.

Melomys rufescens bougainville Troughton

1936. Melomys bougainville Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus. 19: 344. Bouin, Bougainville Island, Solomon Islands.

Melomys rufescens hageni Troughton

1937. Melomys hageni Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 20: 124. Upper Wahgi River valley, near Mount Hagen, in the south-east corner of the Sepik Division, North-East New Guinea, 5,000-6,000 ft. Range: mountains of central New Guinea.

Melomys rufescens niviventer Tate

1951. Melomys rufescens niviventer Tate, Bull. Amer. Mus. N.H. 97: 306. Sturt Island Camp, left bank of lower Fly River, Papua. Range: southern New Guinea.

# Melomys leucogaster (Jentink)

Melomys Leucogaster Leucogaster (Jentink)

1908. Pogonomys leucogaster Jentink, Nova Guinea, 9: 3, 9, pl. 1, fig. 13; ibid. 9: 173. Alkmaar, Lorentz River, south Netherlands New Guinea, 300 metres. Range: Netherlands New Guinea: recorded from Hollandia on north coast and as far west as the Lorentz River; extends into Papua in the Fly River basin.

Melomys Leucogaster Latipes Tate & Archbold

1935. Melomys latipes Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 803: 3. Baroka, Mekeo district, Central Division, Papua, nearly at sea level. Range: eastern Papua.

Tate (1951a) considers that it is possibly synonymous with M. l. leucogaster.

# Melomys fulgens (Thomas)

Melomys fulgens fulgens (Thomas)

1920. Uromys fulgens Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 426. Teleoti Bay, south Ceram.

Melomys fulgens talaudium (Thomas)

1921. Uromys talaudium Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 248. Liroeng, Talaud Islands.

Melomys fulgens caurinus (Thomas)

1921. Uromys caurinus Thomas, Treubia, 2: 112. Talaud Islands.

# Melomys arcium (Thomas)

1913. Uromys arcium Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 214. Rossel Island, D'Entrecasteaux group, off the eastern end of New Guinea.

# Melomys porculus (Thomas)

1904. Uromys porčulus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 14: 400. Aola, Guadalcanar Island, Solomon Islands.

## Melomys fraterculus (Thomas)

1920. Uromys fraterculus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 428. Mount Manusela, central Ceram, 6,000 ft.

#### Genus POGONOMELOMYS Rümmler

1936. Pogonomelomys Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 11: 248 (as a subgenus). Type Melomys mayeri Rümmler.

## Pogonomelomys mayeri (Rothschild & Dollman)

1932. Melomys mayeri Rothschild & Dollman, Abstr. P.Z.S. Lond. No. 353: 14 (November 29, 1932); P.Z.S. Lond. 1932: 1083 (1933); P.Z.S. Lond. 1933: 214. The Gebroeders, Weyland Range, western Netherlands New Guinea, 5,000 feet.

## Pogonomelomys bruijni (Peters & Doria)

Pogonomelomys bruijni bruijni (Peters & Doria)

1876. Uromys bruijnii Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 8: 336. Salawatti, north-west Vogelkop, Netherlands New Guinea. Range: Vogelkop. Apparently a lowland, rain-forest species.

# Pogonomelomys bruijni brassi Tate & Archbold

1941. Pogonomelomys bruijnii brassi Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1101: 6.
Oroville Camp, upper Fly River, 30 miles above D'Albertis Junction,
60 metres. Range: lowlands of southern New Guinea.

# Pogonomelomys sevia (Tate & Archbold)

Pogonomelomys sevia sevia (Tate & Archbold)

1935. Melomys sevia Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 803: 3. Sevia, Cromwell Range, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea, 1,400 metres.

### POGONOMELOMYS SEVIA TATEI Hinton

1943. Pogonomelomys tatei Hinton, Ann. Mag. N.H. 10: 554. Baiyanka, Purari-Ramu Divide, south-east Bismarck Range, North-East New Guinea, 8,000 ft. Range: Hagen and Bismarck Ranges, between 8,000 and 10,000 ft.

# Pogonomelomys ruemmleri Tate & Archbold

1941. Pogonomelomys rümmleri Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1101: 6. Lake Habbema, north slope of Mount Wilhelmina, Netherlands New Guinea, 3,225 metres. Range: highlands of Netherlands New Guinea near Mount Wilhelmina, between 9,000 and 11,500 ft.

### Genus SOLOMYS Thomas

1922. Solomys Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 261. Type Uromys sapientis Thomas.
1935. Unicomys Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 19: 259. Type Unicomys ponceleti
Troughton. Valid as a subgenus.

Ellerman (1941) and Frechkop (1948) follow Rümmler (1938) in placing Solomys in Melomys. We do not agree with this; Solomys is a much larger animal and has a larger and much heavier skull with large bullae. Tate (1951a), on the other hand, considers that there is little difference between Solomys and Uromys and that sapientis and salebrosus are species of Uromys. No specimens of salebrosus have been seen, but it seems difficult to regard sapientis as a Uromys on account of obvious differences in the skull such as the very much larger inflated bullae, very long toothrow which is 20 per cent of the occipitonasal length (average of type and two other adult specimens), V-shaped back of the palate which extends to the anterior edge of m³, and the almost straight anterior edge of the zygomatic plate.

Subgenus SOLOMYS Thomas

## Solomys sapientis (Thomas)

1902. Uromys sapientis Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 446. Santa Ysabel Island, Solomon Islands.

# Solomys salebrosus Troughton

1936. Solomys salebrosus Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 19: 436. Bougainville Island, Solomon Islands.

Subgenus UNICOMYS Troughton

# Solomys ponceleti (Troughton)

1935. Unicomys ponceleti Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 19: 260, pl. 19, figs. 1-8. About 10 miles inland from Buin, south side of Bougainville Island, Solomon Islands.

#### Genus UROMYS Peters

Giant Naked-tailed Rat

1867. Uromys Peters, M.B. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 343. Type Mus macropus Gray = Hapalotis caudimaculatus Krefft.

# Uromys caudimaculatus (Krefft)

(Uromys caudimaculatus caudimaculatus (Krefft). Extralimital)

1866. Mus macropus Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 221 (nec Hodgson). Port Albany, northern Queensland, Australia.

1867. Hapalotis caudimaculatus Krefft, P.Z.S. Lond. 316. Cape York, northern Oueensland, Australia.

Extralimital synonyms are given by Tate (1951a).

UROMYS CAUDIMACULATUS ARUENSIS Gray

1873. Uromys aruensis Gray, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 418. Aru Islands (not also from Celebes, see Meyer, Ann. Mag. N.H. 1876, 17: 145).

1876. Uromys papuanus Meyer, Ann. Mag. N.H. 17: 145 (nom. nud.). Near Rubi, south point of Geelvinck Bay, Netherlands New Guinea.

- 1881. Uromys validus Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 36: 703. Katau, near the mouth of the Oriomo River, south New Guinea.
- 1883. Hapalotis papuanus Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 8: 18. No type locality; probably near Port Moresby or lower slopes of Astrolabe Range.
- 1913. Uromys nero Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 208. Camp No. 3, Utakwa River, south-west Netherlands New Guinea, 2,500 feet.
- 1913. Uromys scaphax Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 209. Canoe Camp, lower Setakwa River, south-west Netherlands New Guinea, 150 ft.
- 1913. *Uromys prolixus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 213. Haveri, 9°25' S., 147°25' E., Papua, 700 metres.
- 1913. Uromys ductor Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 213. Avera, Aroa River, Papua. 1923. Uromys siebersi Thomas, Treubia, 3: 422. Gunung Daab, Great Kei Island.
- 1937. Uromys lamington Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 20: 126. Mount Lamington district, on the southern border of the Northern Division of Papua.

Range: includes the whole of New Guinea south of the central mountain range; extends along the north coast of Papua to the mountains of North-East New Guinea; Aru Islands; Kei Islands; sea level to 6,000 ft.

# UROMYS CAUDIMACULATUS MULTIPLICATUS (Jentink)

- 1907. Pogonomys multiplicatus Jentink, Nova Guinea, 5: 367, pl. 16, figs. 4–6. Sentani Lake, north Netherlands New Guinea.
- 1932. Uromys waigeuensis Frechkop, Bull. Mus. H.N. Belg. 8, 28: 11. Waigeu Island.

Range: Netherlands New Guinea north of the central mountain range; Waigeu Island.

# Uromys anak Thomas

- 1907. Uromys anak Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 20: 72. Ifogi, Brown River, north-east Papua, "not less than 4,000 ft".
- 1912. Uromys rothschildi Thomas, Novit. Zool. 19: 91. Rawlinson Mountains, northwest Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea.

Range: central mountain range in Papua and Netherlands New Guinea; mountains of North-East New Guinea; from 2,500 to 8,500 ft.

# Uromys neobritannicus Tate & Archbold

1935. Uromys neobrittanicus Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 803: 4 (misspelling for neobritannicus). New Britain.

# Uromys rex (Thomas)

1888. Mus rex Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 1: 157; P.Z.S. Lond. 1888: 480, pl. 22, figs. 4, 5 (1889). Aola, Guadalcanar Island, Solomon Islands.

## Uromys imperator (Thomas)

1888. Mus imperator Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 1: 157; P.Z.S. Lond. 1888: 479, pl. 22, figs. 2, 3 (1889). Aola, Guadalcanar Island, Solomon Islands.

# Uromys salamonis (Ramsay)

1883. Mus salamonis Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 7: 43. Type locality given originally as Ugi Island but corrected by errata slip of volume to Florida Island, Solomon Islands.

### Genus HAEROMYS Thomas

Pygmy Tree Rat

1911. Haeromys Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 7: 207. Type Mus margarettae Thomas.

## Haeromys minahassae (Thomas)

1896. Mus minahassae Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 18: 247. Rurukan, Minahassa, north Celebes. Range: north Celebes.

#### Genus MUS Linnaeus

1758. Mus Linnaeus, Syst. Nat. 10th ed. 1: 59. Type Mus musculus Linnaeus.

### Mus musculus Linnaeus

Common Mouse; House Mouse

This species has been reviewed by Schwarz & Schwarz (1943). The arrangement proposed by them has been adopted here.

(Mus musculus musculus Linnaeus. Extralimital)

1758. Mus musculus Linnaeus, Syst. Nat. 10th ed. 1: 62. Upsala, Sweden. Extralimital synonyms are given by Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951).

# Mus musculus castaneus Waterhouse

1843. Mus castaneus Waterhouse, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 134. Philippine Islands.

1881. Mus albertisii Peters & Doria, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 16: 702. Sorong, west Vogelkop, western Netherlands New Guinea.

1923. Mus mystacinus Mohr, Mitt. Zool. Staatsin. Zool. Mus. Hamburg, 40: 77 (nec Danford & Alston). New Britain.

1923. Mus dunckeri Mohr, Mitt. Zool. Staatsin. Zool. Mus. Hamburg, 40: 77. St. Matthias Island, Bismarck Archipelago.

1933. Mus musculus fredericae Sody, Ann. Mag. N.H. 12: 438. Poso, middle Celebes. 1941. Mus musculus (?) mohri Ellerman, The Families and Genera of Living Rodents, 2: 246 (new name for mystacinus Mohr).

Extralimital synonyms given by Schwarz & Schwarz (1943).

Range: Celebes; New Guinea; Sanghir Islands; Amboina; Obi Island; Buru; Boeton Island; Lomblem and Timor Islands; Bismarck Archipelago; probably occurs on many other small islands in the Austro-Malayan Archipelago; extra-limital. A commensal form introduced and distributed by man.

Mus musculus homourus Hodgson

1845. Mus homourus Hodgson, Ann. Mag. N.H. 15: 268. Nepal, India.

Extralimital synonyms given by Schwarz & Schwarz (1943).

Range: Lombok; Sumbawa; Flores; extralimital. A commensal form probably introduced from Java.

#### Genus NESOROMYS Thomas

1922. Nesoromys Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 263 (footnote). Type Stenomys ceramicus
Thomas.

## Nesoromys ceramicus (Thomas)

1920. Stenomys ceramicus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 6: 425. Mount Manusela, Ceram, 6,000 ft.

#### Genus MACRUROMYS Stein

1933. Macruromys Stein, Z. Säugetierk. 8: 94. Type Macruromys elegans Stein.

## Macruromys elegans Stein

1933. Macruromys elegans Stein, Z. Säugetierk. 8: 95. Kunupi Mountain, Weyland Mountains, western Netherlands New Guinea, 1,400–1,800 metres.

## Macruromys major Rümmler

1935. Macruromys major Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 10: 105. Buntibasa district, Kratke Mountains, North-East New Guinea, 4,000-5,000 ft. Range: northern slopes of central mountain range from headwaters of Mamberano River to the Kratke Mountains.

### Genus ECHIOTHRIX Gray

Shrew Rat

1867. Echiothrix Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 599. Type Echiothrix leucura Gray.

# Echiothrix leucura Gray

Echiothrix Leucura Leucura Gray

1867. Echiothrix leucura Gray, P.Z.S. Lond. 600. "Australia." Type locality probably north Celebes.

# ECHIOTHRIX LEUCURA CENTROSA Miller & Hollister

1921. Echiothrix centrosa Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 67. Winatoe (between Koelawi and Gimpoe), middle Celebes.

## ECHIOTHRIX LEUCURA BREVICULA Miller & Hollister

1921. Echiothrix brevicula Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 67. Pinedapa (about 5 miles inland from the Gulf of Tomini, near Mapane), middle Celebes.

### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

Genus MELASMOTHRIX Miller & Hollister Lesser Shrew Rat

1921. Melasmothrix Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 93. Type Melasmothrix naso Miller & Hollister.

### Melasmothrix naso Miller & Hollister

1921. Melasmothrix naso Miller & Hollister, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 34: 93, 94. Rano Rano, middle Celebes.

## Subfamily Hydromyinae

### Genus **LEPTOMYS** Thomas

Water Rat

1897. Leptomys Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 18: 610. Type Leptomys elegans Thomas.

## Leptomys elegans Thomas

LEPTOMYS ELEGANS ELEGANS Thomas

1897. Leptomys elegans Thomas, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 18: 610. Papua, no exact locality given. Range: south slopes of the central mountain range in eastern Papua between 1,000 and 5,500 ft.

### LEPTOMYS ELEGANS ERNSTMAYRI Rümmler

1932. Leptomys ernstmayri Rümmler, Das Aquarium, 6: 131, 135. Ogeramnang, Saruwaged Mountains, Huon Peninsula, North-East New Guinea, 1,785 metres. Range: mountain slopes of North-East New Guinea between 1,000 and 10,000 ft.; Rümmler (1938) records a specimen from the Arfak Mountains, Vogelkop, north-west Netherlands New Guinea.

## LEPTOMYS ELEGANS SIGNATUS Tate & Archbold

1938. Leptomys signatus Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 982: 2. Sturt Island Camp, north bank of Fly River, near Fairfax Island, Western Division, Papua, sea level.

# Genus PARALEPTOMYS Tate & Archbold

1941. Paraleptomys Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1101: 1. Type Paraleptomys wilhelmina Tate & Archbold.

# Paraleptomys wilhelmina Tate & Archbold

1941. Paraleptomys wilhelmina Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1101: 1.
9 kilometres north-east of Lake Habbema, near Mount Wilhelmina,
Netherlands New Guinea, 2,800 metres. Range: central mountain range in
central Netherlands New Guinea, 6,000-9,000 ft.

# Paraleptomys rufilatus Osgood

1945. Paraleptomys rufilatus Osgood, Fieldiana, Zool. 31: 1. Mount Dafonsero, Cyclops Mountains, north-east Netherlands New Guinea, 4,700 ft.

#### RODENTIA - HYDROMYINAE

#### Genus PSEUDOHYDROMYS Rümmler

1934. Pseudohydromys Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 9: 47. Type Pseudohydromys murinus Rümmler.

### Pseudohydromys murinus Rümmler

1934. Pseudohydromys murinus Rümmler, Z. Säugetierk. 9: 48. Morobe, Mount Misim, North-East New Guinea, 7,000 ft. Range: high mountain slopes of North-East New Guinea, 7,000–9,000 ft.

(See Plates I, II and III for figures of the skull.)

### Pseudohydromys occidentalis Tate

1951. Pseudohydromys occidentalis Tate, Bull.Amer. Mus. N.H. 97: 224. Lake Habbema, north of Mount Wilhelmina, Netherlands New Guinea, 3,225 metres.

#### Genus MICROHYDROMYS Tate & Archbold

1941. Microhydromys Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1101: 2. Type Microhydromys richardsoni Tate & Archbold.

### Microhydromys richardsoni Tate & Archbold

1941. Microhydromys richardsoni Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. No. 1101: 2. 4 kilometres south-west of Bernhard Camp, Idenburg River, Netherlands New Guinea, 850 metres.

#### Genus NEOHYDROMYS Laurie

1952. Neohydromys Laurie, Bull. Brit. Mus. (N.H.), Zool. 1: 311. Type Neohydromys fuscus Laurie.

# Neohydromys fuscus Laurie

1952. Neohydromys fuscus Laurie, Bull. Brit. Mus. (N.H.), Zool. 1: 311. High northern slopes of Mount Wilhelm, Bismarck Range, North-East New Guinea, 9,000–10,000 ft. Range: high mountain slopes of North-East New Guinea between 8,000 and 10,000 ft.

(See Plates I, II and III for figures of the skull.)

# MAYERMYS gen. n.

The discovery of this new Hydromyine, collected by Mr. F. Shaw Mayer from the highlands of North-East New Guinea, is of particular interest as the molar teeth are minute and are reduced to  $\frac{1}{2}$ , one on each side of the upper and lower jaws, a condition which has not been previously recorded in any rodent or other mammal (see Plates I, II and III). The interparietal is considerably shortened anteroposteriorly so that it is minute or obsolete as in *Pseudohydromys occidentalis*. The skull is about the same size as that of *Neohydromys*, but is much flatter, and the braincase is rather square in outline. The incisor teeth are well developed, the upper slightly pro-odont and not grooved; the palatal foramina are small as in *Pseudohydromys* and

Neohydromys. The bullae are small and flattened. As in Pseudohydromys the pterygoidalisphenoid region is swollen and the angular projection of the mandible is well pronounced. In external appearance this murid is very similar to Neohydromys.

This new genus is named in honour of F. Shaw Mayer, and the species in honour of J. R. Ellerman.

Type species: Mayermys ellermani sp. n.

# Mayermys ellermani sp. n.

Type locality: Northern slopes of Mount Wilhelm, Bismarck Range, North-East New Guinea, 8,000 ft.

Type: Adult & B.M. 53. 277. Collected by F. Shaw Mayer on 22nd May, 1950. Skin and skull in good condition. Collector's number, 1196.

Paratypes: 2 33 B.M. 53. 278, 279 from Welya, forested ridges west Hagen Range, central highlands, North-East New Guinea, 8,000–9,000 ft; 3 B.M. 53. 280 from the forested northern slopes of Mount Giluwe, central highlands, North-East New Guinea, 8,000–9,000 ft. All paratypes collected by F. Shaw Mayer.

In external appearance this small murid is very similar to Neohydromys fuscus, the most obvious difference being that the tail is longer than the total length of the head and body whereas in N. fuscus it is shorter. The pelage is smoky grey above with one or two faint flecks of white; it is only slightly lighter ventrally. Two specimens. 53. 278 and 279 have a small white spot in the middle of the chest. The ears are about the same colour as the body. The fore and hind feet are slender and are lightly covered with short white hairs. The feet are very similar to those of Pseudohydromys and Neohydromys and are of the terrestrial type but, as in Pseudohydromys and Neohydromys, there is a slight but definite membrane between the fingers and toes. There are a few white hairs on the wrists of the type specimen; in 53, 278 the wrists are encircled with white hairs. The tail is brownish both above and below and is lightly covered with short, fine, white hairs which are generally longer than the tail scales. These hairs are more numerous towards the tip of the tail which according to Shaw Mayer was white for 15 mm. The number of rings of scales per centimetre is about 15-16. Shaw Mayer also remarks on one specimen, 53, 278, that the "tail is somewhat flattened on all four sides". It is difficult to judge from the dry specimens whether this "flattening" is really pronounced. In some specimens there is a slight keel along the upper and lower surface of the tail. This keel, however, is not only peculiar to Mayermys but also occurs in Pseudohydromys and Neohydromys. The skull (Plates I, II and III) is about the same size as that of Neohydromys fuscus, but is much flatter. The incisor teeth are well developed and are slightly pro-odont, but the skull is at once distinguished from that of any other rodent by the minute molars of which there are only four, two in the upper and two in the lower jaw. The bullae are smaller and flatter than those of N. fuscus; and the pterygoid-alisphenoid region is swollen as in Pseudohydromys.

Measurements of the type and paratypes in mm. (skin measurements from the flesh):

Measurements in mm. of Mayermys ellermani

	1.5	HIDROMIINAE					
Length X	0.8 × 0.6	o.7 × o.6	0.8×0.6	0.9 × 0.5			
Greatest length of mandible (ex- cept incisors)	13.1	12.9	12.8	13.7			
Length $\times$ m <sup>1</sup> m <sup>2</sup>	0.9×0.6	0.8 × 0.6	1.1 × 0.6	1.0×0.6			
Palatal breadth	6; 6;	2.3	2.3	.: I			
Distance between bullac	2.5	2.1	65	2.5			
Length × breadth of bullac	3.2 × 2.7	3.1×2.7	3.0 × 2.8	3.3 × 2.7			
Length X breadth of nasals	7.5×2.6	6.5×2.5	6.7 × 2.5	7.3×2.7			
Length of palatal	6,	23	6.1	4.			
Diastema	7.8	7.3	7.2	7.8			
Interorbital breadth	4.3	4.2	4.5	4.3			
Palatal length	12.3	12.1	11.7	12.6			
Zygomatic breadth	10.8	1	10.8	11.0			
Condylobasal length	23.7	23.2	22.8	24.4			
Ear	10.5	11	11	12			
Hindfoot	20.5	21	21	21			
lisT	105	100	100	107			
Head and body	96	95	92	103			
Sex	*0	10	*0	*0			
B.M. Registered	53. 277 Type	278	279	280			

### MAMMALS OF NEW GUINEA AND CELEBES 1758-1952

#### Genus BAIYANKAMYS Hinton

1943. Baiyankamys Hinton, Ann. Mag. N.H. 10: 552. Type Baiyankamys shawmayeri Hinton.

## Baiyankamys shawmayeri Hinton

1943. Baiyankamys shawmayeri Hinton, Ann. Mag. N.H. 10: 552. Baiyanka, Purari-Ramu Divide, south-east Bismarck Range, North-East New Guinea, 6,500 ft. Range: high mountain slopes of North-East New Guinea, 6,500-8,000 ft.

#### Genus PARAHYDROMYS Poche

- 1906. Limnomys Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 17: 325 (nee Mearns). Type Limnomys asper Thomas.
- 1906. Parahydromys Poche, Zool. Anz. 30: 326 (to replace Limnomys Thomas).
- 1906. Drosomys Thomas, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. 19: 199 (to replace Limnomys Thomas).

## Parahydromys asper (Thomas)

1906. Limnomys asper Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 17: 326. Mount Gayata, Richardson Range (eastern part of Owen Stanley Range), Papua, 2,000-4,000 ft. Range: mountain slopes of New Guinea (except Vogelkop) between 2,000 and 9,000 ft.

# Genus **HYDROMYS** E. Geoffrov

1804. Hydromys E. Geoffroy, Bull. Soc. Philom. Paris, 3, 93: 353 (misprinted 253). Type Hydromys chrysogaster E. Geoffroy.

# Hydromys chrysogaster E. Geoffroy

(Hydromys Chrysogaster Chrysogaster E. Geoffroy. Extralimital)

1804. Hydromys chrysogaster E. Geoffroy, Bull. Soc. Philom. Paris, 3, 93: 354 (misprinted 254). Bruni Island, D'Entrecasteaux Strait, Tasmania.

Extralimital synonyms are given by Tate (1951a).

## Hydromys Chrysogaster Beccarii Peters

- 1874. Hydromys beccarii Peters, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, 6: 303. Weri, Kei Islands.
- 1906. Hydromys esox Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 17: 324. Port Moresby, Papua. 1921. Hydromys nauticus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 8: 429. Dobo, Aru Islands.
- 1922. Hydromys esox illuteus Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 9: 264; Nova Guinea, 13: 731. Prauwen-bivak, 3° 15' S., 138° 30' E., Idenburg River, Netherlands New Guinea.

#### RODENTIA - HYDROMYINAE

1937. Hydromys oriens Troughton, Rec. Aust. Mus. 20: 127. Mount Lamington district, on the southern border of the Northern Division, Papua.

Extralimital synonyms are given by Tate (1951a).

Range: Generally distributed throughout the lowlands of New Guinea; Aru Islands; Kei Islands; extralimital.

# Hydromys neobritannicus Tate & Archbold

1935. Hydromys neobritanicus Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 803: 8 (misspelling for neobritannicus). Bainings, Balayang, Wide Bay, New Britain. Range: New Britain.

### Hydromys habbema Tate & Archbold

1941. Hydromys habbema Tate & Archbold, Amer. Mus. Novit. No. 1101: 3. Lake
Habbema, 15 kilometres north of Mount Wilhelmina, Netherlands New
Guinea.

#### Genus CROSSOMYS Thomas

1907. Crossomys Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 20: 70. Type Crossomys moncktoni Thomas.

#### Crossomys moncktoni Thomas

1907. Crossomys monchtoni Thomas, Ann. Mag. N.H. 20: 71, 72. Serigina, Brown River, north-east Papua, 4,500 feet. Range: near rivers and streams in Papua and North-East New Guinea, 4,500–10,000 ft.

### NEW NAMES PROPOSED IN THIS WORK

Hipposideros diadema ceramensis subsp. n. (page 58).
Hipposideros inexpectatus sp. n. (page 60).
Miniopterus australis minor subsp. n. (page 72).
Nyctophilus microdon sp. n. (page 78).
Rubrisciurus subgen. n. for Sciurus rubriventer Forsten (Callosciurus) (page 94).
Rattus rattus amboinensis subsp. n. (page 102).
Rattus ruber melanurus subsp. n. (page 112).
Rattus maculipilis sp. n. (page 115).
Rattus maculipilis jentinki subsp. n. (page 115).
Paruromys subgen. n. for Rattus dominator Thomas (Rattus) (page 117).
Mayermys gen. n. (page 133).
Mayermys ellermani sp. n. (page 134).

This manuscript was completed June 30th, 1953.

Although the aim of the gazetteer is to enable users of the list to find type localities easily, a few other localities from which mammals have been collected are included, since they do not appear on the maps in general use.

The following works provide an excellent guide to localities in the area covered by this list:

Hydrographic Office of the United States Navy Department:

H.O. Publication No. 881. Gazetteer of Solomon Islands, Bismarck Archipelago and islands off south-eastern end of New Guinea. No. 1, 1944.

H.O. Publication No. 10, 882. Gazetteer of New Guinea and nearby islands. No. 2, 1043.

H.O. Publication No. 10, 883. Gazetteer of Lesser Sundas and Moluccas. No. 3, 1943.

H.O. Publication No. 885. Gazetteer of Celebes. No. 5, 1944.

Admiralty Islands				2° 05′ S. 147° 00′ E.
Adonara Island, Lesser Sunda Islands				= Adunara Island
Adunara Island, Lesser Sunda Islands				8° 19′ S. 123° 12′ E.
Aemuli, Lesser Sunda Islands				Dyampea Island
Aitape, North-East New Guinea				3° 08′ S. 142° 30′ E.
Alcester Island, near Woodlark Island				9° 33′ S. 152° 25′ E.
Alice River, Papua				= Tedi River
Alkmaar, Netherlands New Guinea				4° 40′ S. 138° 43′ E.
<i>'</i>				Lorentz River
Alor (or Allor) Island, Lesser Sunda Islan	nds			8° 17′ S. 124° 46′ E.
Alu Island, Solomon Islands				7° 07′ S. 155° 54′ E.
Amarassie				South-west Timor
Amberbaken, Netherlands New Guinea				o° 32′ S. 133° 02′ E.
Amberbaki, Netherlands New Guinea				= Amberbaken
Amboina, Moluccas				3° 34′ S. 128° 14′ E.
Amera Mountains, Netherlands New Gui				4° 00′ S. 135° 57′ E.
Andai, Netherlands New Guinea				o° 51′ S. 134° 01′ E.
Angabunga River, Papua				8° 46′ S. 147° 24′ E.
Anir Island, Bismarck Archipelago				4° 05′ S. 153° 40′ E.
Ansoes, Netherlands New Guinea				1° 43′ S. 135° 48′ E.
Ansoes Island, Netherlands New Guinea				1° 46′ S. 135° 47′ E.
Ansus, Netherlands New Guinea				= Ansoes
Anuabada, Papua		•••	•••	= Hanuabada
A. L. C. L T. L L.			• • •	9° 32′ S. 160° 30′ E.
A ' ' NT JET JAT O '-	• • • •	•••		In Kratke Mountains,
Apimuri, North-East New Guinea	• • • •	• • • •	• • •	Buntibaza District
AI - D				
Apoche, Papua		• • • •	• • •	= Apochi
Apochi, Papua		• • • •	• • •	8° 00′ S. 147° 54′ E.
Apouchoo, Papua				= Apochi
April River, North-East New Guinea				4° 45′ S. 142° 34′ E.
Ara				Kei Islands

Aramia Lakes, Papua					Near mouth	of Aramia
					River,	
					8° 00′ S.	143° 30′ E.
Aramia River, Papua					8° 00′ S.	143° 30′ E.
Arau, North-East New Guinea					6° 22′ S.	146° 03′ E.
Arawa, Papua					8° 17′ S.	147° 11′ E.
Arfak Mountains, Netherlands Nev		ea			1° 09′ S.	134° 00′ E.
Aroa River, Papua					9° 05′ S.	146° 48′ E.
Aroma, Papua					10° 08′ S.	147° 59′ E.
Aru Islands, Netherlands New Gui					6° 00′ S.	134° 30′ E.
Arussi Island, Solomon Islands					= San Chris	
Astrolabe Bay, North-East New Gu					8° 20′ S.	145° 52′ E.
Astrolabe Range, Papua					9° 33′ S.	147° 26′ E.
Atoba, Netherlands New Guinea					On the Mimil	
4 D					On the Aroa	
t t D' D	•••	•••	•••	•••		148° 24′ E.
t D' D	•••	•••	•••	•••	9° 20° S.	
Awarra River, Papua	• • • •	•••	• • •	•••	7 30 3.	143 00 E.
Dahan Islanda South Foot Islanda					=0 = a/ C	°' E
Babar Islands, South-East Islands	•••	•••	•••	•••	7° 50′ S.	
Bachan Island, Moluccas	•••	•••	•••		= Batchian	
Bada, Celebes	•••	•••	•••	•••	1° 56′ S.	120° 14° E.
Bagua River, Papua	•••	• • • •	• • • •	• • •	9° 13′ S. 4° 22′ S.	146° 54' E.
Bainings, New Britain	•••	•••	•••			J 1
Baiyanka, North-East New Guinea		•••	•••	• • •	Purari - Ran	
					South-east	Bismarck
					Range	
Bayier River, North-East New Gui	nea				Near Yanca,	
Bayier River, North-East New Gui	nea					
Bayier River, North-East New Gui Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago	nea 				Near Yanca,	Range
					Near Yanca, of Hagen New Britain 4° 05' S.	
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago					Near Yanca, of Hagen I New Britain 4° 05′ S. 7° 57′ S.	Range
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu	 inea				Near Yanca, of Hagen New Britain 4° 05' S.	Range 138° 30' E.
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua	 inea 			  	Near Yanca, of Hagen I New Britain 4° 05′ S. 7° 57′ S.	Range 138° 30′ E. 143° 28′ E. 129° 55′ E.
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua Banda Islands	 inea 			 - 1	Near Yanca, of Hagen New Britain 4° 05' S. 7° 57' S. 4° 31' S. = Pulau Na	Range 138° 30′ E. 143° 28′ E. 129° 55′ E. ira
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua Banda Islands Bandanaira	inea 				Near Yanca, of Hagen New Britain 4° 05' S. 7° 57' S. 4° 31' S. = Pulau Na 1° 36' S.	Range 138° 30′ E. 143° 28′ E. 129° 55′ E. ira 120° 33′ E.
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua Banda Islands Bandanaira Banggai Island, Celebes Banika Island, Solomon Islands	inea  				Near Yanca, of Hagen 1 New Britain 4° 05′ S. 7° 57′ S. 4° 31′ S. = Pulau Na 1° 36′ S. 9° 05′ S.	Range 138° 30′ E. 143° 28′ E. 129° 55′ E. ira 120° 33′ E. 155° 13′ E.
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua Banda Islands Bandanaira Banggai Island, Celebes Banika Island, Solomon Islands Bantaeng, Celebes	 inea  				Near Yanca, of Hagen 1 New Britain 4° 05′ S. 7° 57′ S. 4° 31′ S. = Pulau Na 1° 36′ S. 9° 05′ S. 5° 33′ S.	Range  138° 30′ E. 143° 28′ E. 129° 55′ E. ira 120° 33′ E. 155° 13′ E. 119° 57′ E.
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua Banda Islands Bandanaira Banggai Island, Celebes Banika Island, Solomon Islands Bantaeng, Celebes Bara Bara River, Papua	 inea  				Near Yanca, of Hagen 1 New Britain 4° 05' S. 4° 31' S. = Pulau Na 1° 36' S. 9° 05' S. 5° 33' S. 10° 19' S.	Range  138° 30′ E. 143° 28′ E. 129° 55′ E. ira 120° 33′ E. 155° 13′ E. 119° 57′ E. 150° 41′ E.
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua Banda Islands Bandanaira Banggai Island, Celebes Banika Island, Solomon Islands Bantaeng, Celebes Bara Bara River, Papua Bara Island, Solomon Islands	inea				Near Yanca, of Hagen 1 New Britain 4° 05′ S. 7° 57′ S. 4° 31′ S. = Pulau Na 1° 36′ S. 9° 05′ S. 5° 33′ S. 10° 19′ S. 9° 31′ S.	Range  138° 30′ E. 143° 28′ E. 129° 55′ E. ira  120° 33′ E. 155° 13′ E. 119° 57′ E. 150° 41′ E. 160° 31′ E.
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua Banda Islands Bandanaira Banggai Island, Celebes Banika Island, Solomon Islands Bantaeng, Celebes Bara Bara River, Papua Bara Island, Solomon Islands	inea				Near Yanca, of Hagen : New Britain 4° 05′ S. 7° 57′ S. 4° 31′ S. = Pulau Na: 1° 36′ S. 9° 05′ S. 5° 33′ S. 10° 19′ S. 9° 31′ S.	Range  138° 30′ E. 143° 28′ E. 129° 55′ E. ira 120° 33′ E. 155° 13′ E. 119° 57′ E. 156° 41′ E. 166° 31′ E.
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua Banda Islands Bandanaira Banggai Island, Celebes Banika Island, Solomon Islands Bantaeng, Celebes Bara Bara River, Papua Bara Island, Solomon Islands	inea				Near Yanca, of Hagen: New Britain 4° 05′ S. 7° 57′ S. 4° 31′ S. = Pulau Na 1° 36′ S. 9° 05′ S. 5° 33′ S. 10° 19′ S. 9° 31′ S. 9° 31′ S.	Range  138° 30′ E. 143° 28′ E. 129° 55′ E. ira 120° 33′ E. 155° 13′ E. 150° 41′ E. 160° 31′ E. 148° 30′ E. buth of the
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua Banda Islands Bandanaira Banggai Island, Celebes Banika Island, Solomon Islands Bantaeng, Celebes Bara Bara River, Papua Bara Island, Solomon Islands Barigi River, Papua Baraka, Papua Baroka, Papua	inea				Near Yanca, of Hagen 1 New Britain 4° 05′ S. 7° 55′ S. 4° 31′ S. = Pulau Na 1° 36′ S. 9° 05′ S. 5° 33′ S. 10° 19′ S. 9° 10′ S. 9° 10′ S. Near the mo	Range  138° 30' E. 143° 28' E. 129° 55' E. ira 120° 33' E. 155° 13' E. 150° 41' E. 160° 31' E. 148° 30' E. uth of the a River
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua Banda Islands Bandanaira Banggai Island, Celebes Banika Island, Solomon Islands Bantaeng, Celebes Bara Bara River, Papua Bara Island, Solomon Islands	inea				Near Yanca, of Hagen 1 New Britain 4° 05′ S. 7° 55′ S. 4° 31′ S. = Pulau Na 1° 36′ S. 9° 05′ S. 5° 33′ S. 10° 19′ S. 9° 31′ S. 9° 10′ S. Near the mo Angabung Rest house i	Range  138° 30' E. 143° 28' E. 129° 55' E. ira 120° 33' E. 155° 13' E. 119° 57' E. 150° 41' E. 160° 31' E. 148° 30' E. outh of the a River n Astrolabe
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua Banda Islands Bandanaira Banggai Island, Celebes Banika Island, Solomon Islands Bantaeng, Celebes Bara Bara River, Papua Bara Island, Solomon Islands Bara Island, Solomon Islands Bara River, Papua Bara Island, Solomon Islands Barigi River, Papua Baroka, Papua Baroka, Papua	inea				Near Yanca, of Hagen New Britain New Britain A° 05′ S. 7° 57′ S. 4° 31′ S. = Pulau Na 1° 36′ S. 9° 05′ S. 5° 33′ S. 10° 19′ S. 9° 31′ S. 9° 10′ S. Near the mo Angabung Rest house i Mountains	Range  138° 30′ E. 143° 28′ E. 129° 55′ E. ira 120° 33′ E. 155° 13′ E. 150° 41′ E. 160° 31′ E. 148° 30′ E. outh of the a River a River
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua Banda Islands Bandanaira Banggai Island, Celebes Banika Island, Solomon Islands Bantaeng, Celebes Bara Bara River, Papua Bara Island, Solomon Islands Barigi River, Papua Baraka, Papua Baroka, Papua	inea				Near Yanca, of Hagen: New Britain 4° 05′ S. 7° 57′ S. 4° 31′ S. = Pulau Na 1° 36′ S. 9° 05′ S. 5° 33′ S. 10° 19′ S. 9° 31′ S. 9° 31′ S. Near the model of the mod	Range  138° 30′ E. 143° 28′ E. 142° 55′ E. ira 120° 33′ E. 150° 41′ E. 150° 41′ E. 160° 31′ E. 148° 30′ E. buth of the a River a River s 137° 20′ E.
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua Banda Islands Bandanaira Banggai Island, Celebes Banika Island, Solomon Islands Bantaeng, Celebes Bara Bara River, Papua Bara Island, Solomon Islands Baria Island, Papua Bara Island, Solomon Islands Barigi River, Papua Baroka, Papua Baroka, Papua Baroka, Papua Baruari, Papua Baruari, Papua	inea				Near Yanca,	Range  138° 30′ E. 143° 28′ E. 129° 55′ E. ira 120° 33′ E. 155° 13′ E. 156° 31′ E. 160° 31′ E. 148° 30′ E. 148° 30′ E. 148° 30′ E. 137° 20′ E. iver
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua Banda Islands Bandanaira Banggai Island, Celebes Banika Island, Solomon Islands Bantaeng, Celebes Bara Bara River, Papua Bara Island, Solomon Islands Barigi River, Papua Baroka, Papua Baroka, Papua Baroka, Papua Base Camp, Netherlands New Guin	inea				Near Yanca,	Range  138° 30′ E. 1443° 28′ E. 129° 55′ E. ira 120° 33′ E. 155° 13′ E. 155° 13′ E. 156° 31′ E. 148° 30′ E. 048° 30′ E.
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua Banda Islands Bandanaira Banggai Island, Celebes Banika Island, Solomon Islands Bantaeng, Celebes Bara Bara River, Papua Bara Island, Solomon Islands Barigi River, Papua Baroka, Papua Baroka, Papua Baroka, Papua Base Camp, Netherlands New Guin Basilaki Island, off south-east New Bat Island, Admiralty Islands	inea				Near Yanca,	Range  138° 30′ E. 144° 28′ E. 129° 55′ E. ira 120° 33′ E. 155° 13′ E. 150° 41′ E. 160° 31′ E. 148° 30′ E. outh of the a River n Astrolabe s 137° 20′ E. tiver 151° 00′ E. 146° 14′ E.
Balayang, Bismarck Archipelago Balim River, Netherlands New Gu Bamu River, Papua Banda Islands Bandanaira Banggai Island, Celebes Banika Island, Solomon Islands Bantaeng, Celebes Bara Bara River, Papua Bara Island, Solomon Islands Barigi River, Papua Baroka, Papua Baroka, Papua Baroka, Papua Base Camp, Netherlands New Guin	inea				Near Yanca,	Range  138° 30′ E. 1443° 28′ E. 129° 55′ E. ira 120° 33′ E. 155° 13′ E. 155° 13′ E. 156° 31′ E. 148° 30′ E. 048° 30′ E.

Paris Taland Malan							D., 11	T 1 1
Batjan Island, Moluc		•••	• • •			• • •	= Batchian	
Batoelapa, Celebes						• • •	3 30 S.	119° 31′ E. 119° 56′ E.
Batu Batu, Celebes			• • • •			• • • •	4 10 S.	119° 56° E.
		• • •		• • •		• • •	= Batoelap	
	· · ·				• • •		South-west	
Bauro Island, Solomo								stobal Island
Bele River, Netherlan	nds Ne	w Guir	nea					ast of Mount
D 11	T 1							na, 149°00'E.
Bellona Island, Solon								159° 48′ E.
Bentley Bay, Papua					• • •		10° 15′ S.	
Bently Bay, Papua					• • •		= Bentley I	
Berlinhafen, North-E							3° 10′ S.	
Bernhard Camp, Net	herlan	ds New	Guine	a				Idenburg
							River, 13	
Bewani Mountains, N				nea			3° 14′ S.	141° 12′ E.
Biak Island, Netherla	ınds N	ew Gui	nea				o° 59′ S.	136° 00′ E.
Biamu, Papua							8° 55′ S.	148° 29′ E.
Bibaiuru River, Papu							9° 09′ S.	142° 50′ E.
Bibitan, Papua							9° 49′ S.	149° 24′ E.
Bibitau, Papua							= Bibitan	
							At the head	of the Mam-
							baré Rive	er
Binemarian, North-E	ast Ne	w Guir	nea				In the Kratk	e Mountains
Bioto, Mekeo District	t, Papı	ıa					8° 45′ S.	146° 38′ E.
Bira, Celebes							5° 35′ S.	120° 27′ E.
Birak River, Papua							= Fly River	
Bismarck Range, Nor							5° 35′ S.	144° 51′ E.
							5° 18′ S.	150° 03′ E.
Bitokara, New Britain Bitokari							= Bitokara	3 -3
Bivak 1, Lorentz Riv							4° 38′ S.	138° 42′ E.
Bivak 2, Lorentz Riv							4° 37′ S.	138° 41′ E.
Bivak 2, Noord River								orentz River
Bivak 3, Lorentz Riv							4° 36′ S.	138° 41′ E.
Bivak 4, Lorentz Riv							4° 35′ S.	138° 41′ E.
Bivak Island, Netherl							5° 01′ S.	138° 39′ E.
Divini zonana, ricencia	ands 1	1011 00			•••		Lorentz R	
Boano Island, Moluc	cas						2° 59′ S.	127° 55′ E.
Boeloekoemba Distric							5° 43′ S.	120° 11′ E.
Boeloekoemba Villagi					•••		4° 48′ S.	119° 40′ E.
Boemboelan, Celebes				• • •	•••		= Bumbula	
							5° 27′ S.	145° 26′ E.
Bogadyim, North-East Bogo, North-East New				• • •	•••		5° 52′ S.	145° 20° E.
0 ,			• • •	•••	• • •		5 52 S. 10° 01′ S.	144 54 E.
Boianai, Papua			•••	• • •			Central Bo	149° 57′ E.
Bola Batoe Cave, Cel	ebes	• • •	• • •	•••		• • •		in, south
D-1	D:	. 0.1	L				Celebes	°′F
Bolaang Mongondow				•••		• • •	o° 41′ N.	124° 00′ E.
Bomu, Papua			•••	• • • •	• • •		9° 39′ S.	148° 48′ E.
Bone, Celebes	• • •			• • •	• • •	• • •	= Boni	0 0/ 5
Boné, Celebes	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	o° 32′ N.	123° 08′ E.

Boné River, Celebes						0° 31′ N.	123° 03′ E.
Boneno, Papua		•••					ra, 30 miles
, 1							t of Mount
						Simpson	
Boneno Camp, Papua						•	eao, 35 miles
Donesio Camp, Lupua	•••		•••	•••	•••		t of Mount
							t of Would
Pananata Island Tassan Sun	do Tolo	and a				Simpson 7° 22′ S.	-0-9/ F
Bonerato Island, Lesser Sun			• • • •		•••		121° 07′ E.
Bongu, North-East New Gu		•••	•••		•••	5° 30′ S.	145° 50′ E.
Boni, Celebes		•••		• • • •	•••	4° 33′ S.	120° 19′ E.
	•••		• • •	•••		4° 40′ S.	120° 15′ E.
Bonthain, Celebes	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	= Bantaeng	
Bosnik, Netherlands New G	uinea					Schouten Is	land
Bou, Papua						Milne Bay	
Bougainville Island, Solomo	n Islaı	nds				6° 12′ S.	155° 15′ E.
Bouin District, Solomon Isla	ands					= Buin Dis	trict
Bramble Cay, Papua						9° 09′ S.	143° 53′ E.
Brown River, Papua						= Naoro R	
Bubu River, North-East Ne		nea				7° 45′ S.	147° 11' E.
Bugi, Papua						9° 09′ S.	142° 15′ E.
Buin District, Solomon Islan						6° 50′ S.	155° 42′ E.
Buka, Papua			•••			9° 48′ S.	149° 47′ E.
Buka Island, Solomon Islan		•••	•••	•••	•••	5° 15′ S.	154° 38′ E.
			•••	•••	•••	6° 42′ S.	154 36 E. 147° 36′ E.
Bulung River, North-East N			•••	•••	•••		147 30 E.
	• • • •	•••	• • • •	• • • •	•••	Near Toboli	.0 / 17
Bumbulan, Celebes	•••	• • • •	• • • •	•••	•••	o° 29′ N.	122° 04′ E.
Buna, Papua	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	8° 40′ S.	148° 25′ E.
Buni River, Papua	•••	•••	• • • •	•••		7° 55′ S.	147° 04′ E.
Buntibasa District, North-E				•••			za District
Buntibaza District, North-E	ast Ne	w Guir	nea			6° 27′ S.	146° 07′ E.
Buol, Celebes					·	= Bwool	
Buru Island, Moluccas						3° 24′ S.	126° 32′ E.
Buton Island, Celebes						5° 10′ S.	122° 55′ E.
Buwol, Celebes						= Bwool	
Bwool, Celebes						1° 10′ N.	121° 27' E.
•							•
Camp 2, Setakwa River, Ne	therla	nds Ne	w Gui	nea		4° 28′ S.	137° 16′ E•
Camp 3, Iwaka River, Neth						4° 17′ S.	136° 54′ E.
Camp 3, Utakwa River, Ne						4° 27′ S.	137° 14′ E.
Camp 9, Utakwa River, Ne						4° 11′ S.	137° 12′ E.
					•••	4° 07′ S.	137° 11′ E.
Camp Padama 6a Utahua I						4° 16′ S.	137° 11′ E.
Camp Padang, 6a, Utakwa I							137 11 E.
Camp Padang, 6c, Utakwa I					inea	4° 14′ S.	137° 11′ E.
Canoe Camp, Netherlands I	new G	uinea	•••	•••	•••	4° 30′ S.	137° 21′ E.
G II I D						Setakwa F	
Cape Hood, Papua		• • • •	•••	•••		10° 07′ S.	147° 44′ E.
Cartaret Islands, Solomon I		• • •			•••	= Kilinailaı	
Ceram Island, Moluccas						4° 56′ S.	131° 53′ E.
Ceram Rei (Island), Moluco	cas	•••	• • • •			3° 32′ S.	130° 51′ E.

Charles Louis Mou	ntains, I	Netherl	ands N	ew Gu	inea		4° 05′ S. 135° 30′ E.
Chester River, Pape	ua						= Wasi Kussa
Choiseul Island, So							7° 04′ S. 157° 01′ E.
Cloudy Bay, Papua							10° 11′ S. 148° 40′ E.
Conflict Islands, Lo							10° 45′ S. 151° 45′ E.
		*					6° 18′ S. 147° 18′ E.
Cromwell Mountain				rumea			
Crown Island, Bism		. *	_				5° 08′ S. 146° 58′ E.
Cyclops Mountains,	Nether	lands P	New Gu	unea			2° 30′ S. 140° 32′ E.
D.C. 31	37.71	1 1	NT 4	o .			0 15 0 15
Dafonsero Mountain				Guinea		• • •	2° 27′ S. 140° 25′ E.
D'Albertis Junction				• • •	• • •	• • •	6° 11′ S. 141° 03′ E.
Damar Island							7° 10′ S. 128° 35′ E.
Dampier Island, Bis			elago				= Karkar Island
Daru, Papua							9° 04′ S. 143° 11′ E.
Daru, Papua							9° 47′ S. 149° 47′ E.
Daru Island, Papua							9° 04′ S. 143° 11′ E.
Daua Island, Bisma	rck Arc	hipelag	0				= Normanby Island
Dauila Island, D'Er							= Goodenough Island
Deboyne Island, Lo							= Panniet Island
Degaba, North-East							8 miles east of Hagen
Deguba, Horai Hase	11011 0	amea			•••	•••	
							Range, 25 miles north
							of Hagen Government
							Station, Sepik-Wahgi
							Divide
Denewa, Papua							Inland towards Mount
							Simpson from Bojanaj,
							at eastern end of Good-
							enough Bay
D'Entrecasteaux Isla	ands						10° 00′ S. 151° 00′ E.
Derimapa, Netherla							In the Gebroeders Moun-
Derimapa, Nemeria	nus ivev	v Guine	ca	• • •			
D'							tains
Dinawa, Papua			• • •	• • • •			In the Owen Stanley
D' 11 1 D							Range
Dinner Island, Papu	a						= Samarai Island
Djampea Island							= Dyampea Island
Djaul Island							= Dyaul Island
Dobo, Aru Islands							5° 46′ S. 134° 13′ E.
Dobodura, Papua							= Doboduru
Doboduru, Papua							8° 48′ S. 148° 18′ E.
Dogwa, Papua							8° 53′ S. 143° 04′ E.
		 o Islan	 d		• • • •		8° 36′ S. 118° 30′ E.
Dompu or Dompo,				•••	•••		
Doodengrot, Celebes				•••	• • •	• • •	Near Bira
Doorman River, Net					• • •	• • •	3° 14′ S. 139° 35′ E.
Doormanpad-bivak,				inea	• • •		3° 30′ S. 138° 30′ E.
Dore Bay, Netherlan	ids New	Guine	a				o° 57′ S. 134° 10′ E.
Doreh Bay, Netherla	inds Nev	w Guin	ea				= Dorei Hum Bay
Dorei, Netherlands I	New Gu	inea					= Manokwari
Dorei Hum Bay, Ne							o° 43′ S. 131° 25′ E.
Dorey, Netherlands							= Manokwari

Doromena, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 25′ S. 140° 26′ E.
Duke of York Island, Bismarck Archipelago		4° 10′ S. 152° 28′ E.
Duki Island, Solomon Islands		= Kolombangara Island
Dyampea Island		7° 10′ S. 120° 40′ E.
Dyaul Island, Bismarck Archipelago		2° 56′ S. 150° 54′ E.
Dyli		Timor Island
East Cape, Papua		10° 13′ S. 150° 53′ E.
Eempuhu, Celebes		East Kabäena Island
Efogi, Papua		9° 07′ S. 147° 42′ E.
Eilanden River, Netherlands New Guinea		5° 45′ S. 138° 09′ E.
Eitape, North-East New Guinea	•••	= Aitape
Elavala River, Papua		6° 07′ S. 141° 21′ E.
Elolo, Papua		10° 15′ S. 149° 08′ E.
Emirau Island, Bismarck Archipelago		1° 38′ S. 150° 00′ E.
P. D. D.		On the north-east slopes
Enaena, rapua		of Mount Simpson
En-Biloro, Buru Island		3° 34′ S. 125° 32′ E.
Francis Nicharlanda Nico Colora	•••	= Engros
	•••	
Engineer Islands, off south-east New Guinea	•••	
Engros, Netherlands New Guinea		
Engross Island, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 36′ S. 140° 43′ E.
Epa, Papua	•••	8° 44′ S. 146° 43′ E.
Erima, North-East New Guinea	•••	5° 25′ S. 145° 46′ E.
T'C TI ID		00 / 0 / 0
Fairfax Island, Papua		8° 17′ S. 142° 10′ E.
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E.
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea Faralulu District		2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea Faralulu District Fauro Island, Solomon Islands		2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E.
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea	•••	2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E. = Anir Island
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea Faralulu District Fauro Island, Solomon Islands Feni Island, Bismarck Archipelago Fergusson Island, D'Entrecasteaux Islands		2° 56' S. 132° 17' E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55' S. 156° 07' E. = Anir Island 9° 29' S. 150° 40' E.
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea Faralulu District Fauro Island, Solomon Islands Feni Island, Bismarck Archipelago Fergusson Island, D'Entrecasteaux Islands Finschhafen, North-East New Guinea		2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E. = Anir Island 9° 29′ S. 150° 40′ E. 6° 32′ S. 147° 50 E.
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea Faralulu District Fauro Island, Solomon Islands Feni Island, Bismarck Archipelago Fergusson Island, D'Entrecasteaux Islands	  	2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E. = Anir Island 9° 29′ S. 150° 40′ E. 6° 32′ S. 147° 50 E. = Tabar Islands
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea	  	2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E. = Anir Island 9° 29′ S. 150° 40′ E. 6° 32′ S. 147° 50 E. = Tabar Islands 8° 40′ S. 121° 05′ E.
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E.  — Anir Island 9° 29′ S. 150° 40′ E. 6° 32′ S. 147° 50 E.  — Tabar Islands 8° 40′ S. 121° 05′ E. 9° 05′ S. 160° 16′ E.
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea Faralulu District Fauro Island, Solomon Islands Feni Island, Bismarck Archipelago Fergusson Island, D'Entrecasteaux Islands Finschhafen, North-East New Guinea Fisher Islands, Bismarck Archipelago Flores Island, Lesser Sunda Islands Florida Island, Solomon Islands Fly River, Papua	   	2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E. = Anir Island 9° 29′ S. 150° 40′ E. 6° 32′ S. 147° 50 E. = Tabar Islands 8° 40′ S. 121° 05′ E.
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea Faralulu District Fauro Island, Solomon Islands Feni Island, Bismarck Archipelago Fergusson Island, D'Entrecasteaux Islands Finschhafen, North-East New Guinea Fisher Islands, Bismarck Archipelago Flores Island, Lesser Sunda Islands Florida Island, Solomon Islands Fly River, Papua		2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E.  — Anir Island 9° 29′ S. 150° 40′ E. 6° 32′ S. 147° 50 E.  — Tabar Islands 8° 40′ S. 121° 05′ E. 9° 05′ S. 160° 16′ E.
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea Faralulu District Fauro Island, Solomon Islands Feni Island, Bismarck Archipelago Fergusson Island, D'Entrecasteaux Islands Finschhafen, North-East New Guinea Fisher Islands, Bismarck Archipelago Flores Island, Lesser Sunda Islands Florida Island, Solomon Islands Fly River, Papua		2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E.  — Anir Island 9° 29′ S. 150° 40′ E. 6° 32′ S. 147° 50 E.  — Tabar Islands 8° 40′ S. 121° 05′ E. 9° 05′ S. 160° 16′ E. 8° 25′ S. 143° 10′ E.
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea Faralulu District Fauro Island, Solomon Islands Feni Island, Bismarck Archipelago Fergusson Island, D'Entrecasteaux Islands Finschhafen, North-East New Guinea Fisher Islands, Bismarck Archipelago Flores Island, Lesser Sunda Islands Florida Island, Solomon Islands Fly River, Papua Frazer's Creck, Papua		2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E.  = Anir Island 9° 29′ S. 150° 40′ E. 6° 32′ S. 147° 50 E.  = Tabar Islands 8° 40′ S. 121° 05′ E. 9° 05′ S. 160° 16′ E. 8° 25′ S. 143° 10′ E. On the Gira River
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E. — Anir Island 9° 29′ S. 150° 40′ E. 6° 32′ S. 147° 50 E. — Tabar Islands 8° 40′ S. 121° 05′ E. 9° 05′ S. 160° 16′ E. 8° 25′ S. 143° 10′ E. On the Gira River 7° 53′ S. 138° 23′ E.
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E. — Anir Island 9° 29′ S. 150° 40′ E. 6° 32′ S. 147° 50 E. — Tabar Islands 8° 40′ S. 121° 05′ E. 9° 05′ S. 160° 16′ E. 8° 25′ S. 143° 10′ E. On the Gira River 7° 53′ S. 138° 23′ E.
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E.  = Anir Island 9° 29′ S. 150° 40′ E. 6° 32′ S. 147° 50 E.  = Tabar Islands 8° 40′ S. 121° 05′ E. 9° 05′ S. 160° 16′ E. 8° 25′ S. 143° 10′ E. On the Gira River 7° 53′ S. 138° 23′ E. 10° 37′ S. 150° 00′ E.  = Gaimi
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E.  = Anir Island 9° 29′ S. 150° 40′ E. 6° 32′ S. 147° 50 E.  = Tabar Islands 8° 40′ S. 121° 05′ E. 9° 05′ S. 160° 16′ E. 8° 25′ S. 143° 10′ E. On the Gira River 7° 53′ S. 138° 23′ E. 10° 37′ S. 150° 00′ E.  = Gaimi 9° 03′ S. 142° 28′ E.
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 56' S. 132° 17' E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55' S. 156° 07' E.  = Anir Island 9° 29' S. 150° 40' E. 6° 32' S. 147° 50 E.  = Tabar Islands 8° 40' S. 121° 05' E. 9° 05' S. 160° 16' E. 8° 25' S. 143° 10' E. On the Gira River 7° 53' S. 138° 23' E. 10° 37' S. 150° 00' E.  = Gaimi 9° 03' S. 142° 28' E. Ganongga Island
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E.  = Anir Island 9° 29′ S. 150° 40′ E. 6° 32′ S. 147° 50 E.  = Tabar Islands 8° 40′ S. 121° 05′ E. 9° 05′ S. 160° 16′ E. 8° 25′ S. 143° 10′ E. On the Gira River 7° 53′ S. 138° 23′ E. 10° 37′ S. 150° 00′ E.  = Gaimi 9° 03′ S. 142° 28′ E. = Ganongga Island 8° 03′ S. 156° 35′ E.
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E.  = Anir Island 9° 29′ S. 150° 40′ E. 6° 32′ S. 147° 50 E.  = Tabar Islands 8° 40′ S. 121° 05′ E. 9° 05′ S. 160° 16′ E. 8° 25′ S. 143° 10′ E. On the Gira River 7° 53′ S. 138° 23′ E. 10° 37′ S. 150° 00′ E.  = Gaimi 9° 03′ S. 142° 28′ E. = Ganongga Island 8° 03′ S. 156° 35′ E. 7° 53′ S. 147° 11′ E.
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E.  = Anir Island 9° 29′ S. 150° 40′ E. 6° 32′ S. 147° 50 E.  = Tabar Islands 8° 40′ S. 121° 05′ E. 9° 05′ S. 160° 16′ E. 8° 25′ S. 143° 10′ E. On the Gira River 7° 53′ S. 138° 23′ E. 10° 37′ S. 150° 00′ E.  = Gaimi 9° 03′ S. 142° 28′ E. = Ganongga Island 8° 03′ S. 156° 35′ E. 7° 53′ S. 147° 11′ E. = Tabar Islands
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 56' S. 132° 17' E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55' S. 156° 07' E.  = Anir Island 9° 29' S. 150° 40' E. 6° 32' S. 147° 50 E.  = Tabar Islands 8° 40' S. 121° 05' E. 9° 05' S. 160° 16' E. 8° 25' S. 143° 10' E. On the Gira River 7° 53' S. 138° 23' E. 10° 37' S. 150° 00' E.  = Gaimi 9° 03' S. 142° 28' E. = Ganongga Island 8° 03' S. 156° 35' E. 7° 53' S. 147° 11' E. = Tabar Islands
Fak Fak, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 56′ S. 132° 17′ E. West Fergusson Island 6° 55′ S. 156° 07′ E.  = Anir Island 9° 29′ S. 150° 40′ E. 6° 32′ S. 147° 50 E.  = Tabar Islands 8° 40′ S. 121° 05′ E. 9° 05′ S. 160° 16′ E. 8° 25′ S. 143° 10′ E. On the Gira River 7° 53′ S. 138° 23′ E. 10° 37′ S. 150° 00′ E.  = Gaimi 9° 03′ S. 142° 28′ E. = Ganongga Island 8° 03′ S. 156° 35′ E. 7° 53′ S. 147° 11′ E. = Tabar Islands

Gazelle Peninsula, New Britain	4° 28′ S. 152° 00′ E.
Gebe Island, Netherlands New Guinea	o° 07′ S. 129° 29′ E.
Gebroeders Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea	In Weyland Mountains
Geelvinck Bay, Netherlands New Guinea	2° 37′ S. 135° 35′ E.
Geitenkamp, Netherlands New Guinea	4° 42′ S. 138° 45′ E.
George Island, Solomon Islands	= Ysabel Island
Gera Island, Solomon Islands	= Bara Island
Gerekanamu, Papua	9° 31′ S. 147° 22′ E.
Gerrit Denys Island, Bismarck Archipelago	= Lihir Island
Ghizo Island, Solomon Islands	8° 05′ S. 156° 59′ E.
Ghebi Island, Netherlands New Guinea	= Gebe Island
Gialnhagen	Aru Islands
Gilolo Island, Moluccas	= Halmahera
Gimpoe, Celebes	1° 38′ S. 120° 03′ E.
Gimpoe District, Celebes	1° 39′ S. 120° 02′ E.
Gira River, Papua	7° 59′ S. 147° 59′ E.
Gizo Island, Solomon Islands	= Ghizo Island
Goenoeng Kalabat, Celebes	= Mount Klabat
Goenoeng Lehio, Celebes	4° 15′ S. 119° 36′ E.
Goldie River, Papua	9° 16′ S. 147° 22′ E.
Coldie Ziller, Lapase III	tributary of the Laloki
	River
Gomu, Papua	9° 57′ S. 147° 42′ E.
Goodenough Bay, Papua	-0 -/6 0 /7
Goodenough Island, D'Entrecasteaux Islands	
G II I MI	0 10 0 17
C + 1 C-1-1	-0/ NT 0 / TI
6 611	0 10 0 017
	-0/ C0/ T
Gowa River, Celebes	
Gower Island, Solomon Islands	= N'dai Island
Great Kei Island	5° 37′ S. 133° 02′ E 1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.
Great Obi Island, Moluccas	
Great Sanghir Island, Moluccas	3° 33′ N. 125° 32′ E.
Green Islands, Solomon Islands	= Nissan Islands
Gulf of Boni, Celebes	4° 00′ S. 120° 45′ E.
Guyebi, North-East New Guinea	Northern slopes of Mount
	Wilhelm, Bismarck
	Range
Habbema, Netherlands New Guinea	See Lake Habbema
Hagen Government Station, North-East New Guinea	5° 49′ S. 144° 07′ E.
Hagen Range, North-East New Guinea	5° 41′ S. 144° 08′ E.
Hall Sound, Papua	8° 50′ S. 146° 34′ E.
Halmahera (Jilolo) Island, Moluccas	1° 00′ N. 128° 00′ E.
Hanuabada, Papua	9° 28′ S. 147° 09′ E.
	on the outskirts of Port
	Moresby
Hatam, Netherlands New Guinea	In Arfak Mountains
Haveri, Papua	9° 25′ S. 147° 22′ E.

Heath Island, off south-east New Guinea		= Rogeia Island
Heath Island, Bismarck Archipelago		= Kakolan Island
Hellwig Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea		4° 32′ S. 138° 41′ E.
Herowagi, North-East New Guinea		42 miles east of Hagen
		Government Station,
		on south slopes of
		Bismarck Range
Hihiaura, Papua		6 miles east of Bentley
		Bay
Hollandia, Netherlands New Guinea	•••	2° 32′ S. 140° 43′ E.
Holnicote Bay, Papua	•••	8° 32′ S. 148° 20′ E.
Hula, Papua		10° 06′ S. 147° 44′ E.
Humboldt Bay, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 30′ S. 140° 50′ E.
Hunstein Mountains, New Britain		= Tangi Mountains
Hunstein Range, North-East New Guinea		4° 21′ S. 143° 08′ E.
Hunstein River, North-East New Guinea		4° 19′ E. 143° 41′ E.
Huon Gulf, North-East New Guinea		6° 51′ S. 146° 59′ E.
Idenburg River, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 55′ S. 138° 27′ E.
Ifogi, Papua		= Efogi
Ighibirei, Papua		Just inland from the
-8		mouth of the Wanigela
		River
Ikara, Papua		On the north-east slopes
,		of Mount Simpson
Ikore River, Papua		= Gira River
Ile Ile, Celebes		South Celebes
Ilimandiri		Flores Island
Inawa, Papua		= Inawi
Inawi, Papua		8° 31′ S. 146° 35′ E.
Indrulaman, Celebes		Near Mount Bonthain
Ioma, Papua		8° 19′ S. 147° 49′ E.
Irupara, Papua		Near Kamali
Isidau, Papua		On the south coast, near
		Fyfe Bay
Itiki, Papua		9° 28′ S. 147° 33′ E.
Iwaka River, Netherlands New Guinea		4° 22′ S. 136° 52′ E.
,		3 3
Jamdema		7° 36′ S. 131° 25′ E.
Japen Island, Netherlands New Guinea		1° 45′ S. 136° 10′ E.
Total Talance Discourse to Asset to all and		= Dyaul Island
TITL INT I I NOT CO.		= Japen Island
Lungaine Manth Fast Many Cuines	•••	6° 23′ S. 147° 37′ E.
Junzaing, North-East New Guinea		5 23 5. 14/ 3/ E.
V-15 I-1		-9 / 5
Kabäena Island, Celebes		5° 15′ S. 121° 55′ E.
Kafari River, Netherlands New Guinea		= Kaparé River
Kagi, Papua		9° 05′ S. 147° 41′ E.
Kakolan Island, Bismarck Archipelago		4° 54′ S. 151° 22′ E.
6		

** 1 * 1			0.000
		***	7° 18′ S. 120° 52′ E.
Kuluwawa Island, D'Entrecasteax Islands			= Fergusson Island
, - 1			10° 02′ S. 147° 45′ E.
			6° 19′ S. 146° 05′ E.
			4° 47′ S. 136° 44′ E.
Kapa Kapa, Papua			9° 50′ S. 147° 30′ E.
Kaparé River, Netherlands New Guinea .			4° 39′ S. 136° 13′ E.
Kapari Hula, Papua			10° 09′ S. 148° 20′ E.
Karkar Island, Bismarck Archipelago .			4° 40′ S. 145° 59′ E.
Kasi, Papua			9° 04′ S. 147° 28′ E.
Katau, Papua			= Katow
TZ , D' D			= Binaiuri River
Katow, Papua			Village on south coast,
			near Daru
Kausagi Island, Solomon Islands			= New Georgia
V-Constilled Melanas			= Ceram Rei
Value Nauth Fast Nam Cuines			5° 29′ S. 145° 39′ E.
V C-1-1			1° 22′ N. 125° 03′ E.
TZ MY-1-1- D			= Wanigela River
V P.			7° 58′ S. 145° 44′ E.
		•••	= Ghizo Island
		•••	= Koer Island
		•••	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			4° 44′ S. 155° 28′ E.
			10° 21′ S. 150° 41′ E.
and the		•••	= Trobriand Island
			9° 39′ S. 150° 01′ E.
Kloof bivak, Netherlands New Guinea .			4° 39′ S. 138° 42′ E.
			on Lorentz River
Kobroor Island, Netherlands New Guinea.		•••	6° 15′ S. 134° 20′ E.
			1° 25′ S. 119° 58′ E.
Koer Island, Kei Islands			5° 20′ S. 132° 00′ E.
			9° 52′ S. 147° 43′ E.
			= Kokibaga
Valada Danua			8° 53′ S. 147° 44′ E.
Kolombangara Island, Solomon Islands .			8° 00′ S. 157° 05′ E.
Koma, Celebes			Not certainly identified
Komodo Island, Lesser Sunda Islands .			8° 33′ S. 119° 27′ E.
Vanana I ambala Island			8° 38′ S. 116° 22′ E.
Variation District Laurehalt Island			8° 42′ S. 116° 24′ E.
Vamida Nashanlanda Nasa Cainas			o° 52′ S. 135° 35′ E.
V attalance Calabas			
			0° 45′ N. 124° 18′ E.
Kottabungon, Celebes			o° 45′ N. 124° 18′ E.
Kottabungon, Celebes			o° 45' N. 124° 18' E. = Kottabangon
Kottabungon, Gelebes Kratke Mountains, North-East New Guine	 a		o° 45′ N. 124° 18′ E. = Kottabangon 6° 34′ S. 146° 08′ E.
Kratke Mountains, North-East New Guines Kua River, North-East New Guinea	a	 	o° 45' N. 124° 18' E. = Kottabangon 6° 34' S. 146° 08' E. 6° 29' S. 147° 31' E.
Kratke Mountains, North-East New Guines Kua River, North-East New Guinea Kubor Range, North-East New Guinea	a		o° 45' N. 124° 18' E. = Kottabangon 6° 34' S. 146° 08' E. 6° 29' S. 147° 31' E. 6° 08' S. 144° 43' E.
Kottabungon, Celebes Kratke Mountains, North-East New Guines Kua River, North-East New Guinea Kubor Range, North-East New Guinea Kulambangra Island, Solomon Islands	a		o° 45' N. 124° 18' E. = Kottabangon 6° 34' S. 146° 08' E. 6° 29' S. 147° 31' E. 6° 08' S. 144° 43' E. = Kolombangara Island
Kottabungon, Celebes Kratke Mountains, North-East New Guines Kua River, North-East New Guinea Kubor Range, North-East New Guinea Kulambangra Island, Solomon Islands Kumusi River, Papua	a		$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
Kottabungon, Celebes Kratke Mountains, North-East New Guines Kua River, North-East New Guinea Kubor Range, North-East New Guinea Kulambangra Island, Solomon Islands Kumusi River, Papua Kuraka, North-East New Guinea Kuraka, North-East New Guinea	a		o° 45' N. 124° 18' E. = Kottabangon 6° 34' S. 146° 08' E. 6° 29' S. 147° 31' E. 6° 08' S. 144° 43' E. = Kolombangara Island

Kwandang, Celebes				o° 48′ N. 123° 00′ E.
Kwatisoré, Netherlands New Guinea				3° 13′ S. 134° 58′ E.
invalibile, itemerialias item Gamea	•••	•••	•••	5 15 5. 154 55 2.
Laboea Sore, Celebes				o° 40′ S. 120° 04′ E.
Lake Anggi Gigi, Netherlands New Guin				= Lake Anggi Giji
Lake Anggi Giji, Netherlands New Guin				1° 21′ S. 133° 55′ E.
Lake Anggi Gita, Netherlands New Guir				= Lake Anggi Giji
Lake Daviumbu, Papua				7° 31′ S. 141° 15′ E.
Lake Habbema, Netherlands New Guine				4° 09′ S. 138° 09′ E.
Lake Lindoe, Celebes				1° 17′ S. 120° 04′ E.
Lake Poso, Celebes				= Lake Posso
Lake Posso, Celebes	•••			1° 55′ S. 120° 45′ E.
Lake Sentani, Netherlands New Guinea			•••	2° 37′ S. 140° 31′ E.
Lake Tempe, Celebes		•••		= Lake Tempee
Lake Tempee, Celebes				4° 08′ S. 119° 56′ E.
Lake Tondano, Celebes				1° 14′ N. 123° 00′ E.
Laloki River, Papua				9° 07′ S. 146° 55′ E.
Lalolai, Celebes				4° 03′ S. 121° 53′ E.
Lalolis, Celebes				= Lalolai
I alani Dinan Danan				= Laloki River
T . 1	•••	•••		Near Mount Lampo-
Lambasang, Gelebes	•••			batang
Latimodjang Mountains, Celebes				= Latimojong Moun-
Latimodjang Mountains, Celebes	•••	•••	•••	tains
Latimojong Mountains, Celebes				3° 23′ S. 120° 03′ E.
T NT DIST	•••	•••	•••	
Launch Camp, Netherlands New Guinea	•••	•••	•••	5° 54′ S. 151° 25′ E. Lower Setakwa River
Lavongai Island, Bismarck Archipelago		•••	•••	2° 30′ S. 150° 15′ E.
Legare River, Netherlands New Guinea	•••		•••	3° 05′ S. 135° 46′ E.
_ 9	•••	•••	•••	
	•••	•••	•••	Buru Island
Lelogama, Timor Island	•••	•••	•••	9° 44′ S. 123° 57′ E.
Le Maire Islands, Solomon Islands	•••	•••	•••	= Nukumanu Islands
Lembean, Celebes	•••	•••	•••	1° 24′ N. 124° 59′ E.
Letti Island	•••	•••	•••	8° 20′ S. 127° 41′ E.
Lihir Island, Bismarck Archipelago	•••	•••	•••	3° 04′ S. 152° 38′ E.
Likoepang, Celebes	•••	•••	•••	1° 40′ N. 125° 00′ E.
Lindens Creek, Papua	• • •	•••	•••	8° 53′ S. 147° 53′ E.
Lindum Creek, Papua	•••	•••	•••	On the Gira River
Lirong, Buru Island	•••	•••	•••	3° 56′ S. 126° 42′ E.
Liuniuwu Island, Solomon Islands	•••	•••	•••	= Ontong Java
Lobo, Netherlands New Guinea	•••	•••	•••	3° 45′ S. 134° 05′ E.
Lobo Bay, Netherlands New Guinea	•••	•••	•••	= Triton Bay
Lohoboeaja	•••	•••	•••	Rintja Island
Loka, Celebes	•••	•••	•••	5° 27′ S. 119° 54′ E.
Lolo Island, Papua	•••		•••	= Yule Island
Lomblem Island, Lesser Sunda Islands	•••	• • • •	•••	8° 25′ S. 123° 32′ E.
Lombok Island, Lesser Sunda Islands	• • •		•••	8° 35′ S. 116° 24′ E. 2° 20′ S. 146° 52′ E.
Long Island, Admiralty Islands	•••			
Lord Howe Atoll, Solomon Islands	•••			= Ontong Java

Lorentz River, Netherlands New Guinea	ì			5° 30′ S. 138° 00′ E.
Louisiade Archipelago				11° 30′ S. 152° 00′ E.
T C.1.1.				3° 20′ S. 120° 11′ E.
Luwu, Celebes				3 20 0. 120 11 1.
Mabudama, Papua				8° 40′ S. 143° 35′ E.
Mabuduane, Papua				= Mabudama
Manager Calaban				5° 08′ S. 119° 24′ E.
Maclay Coast, North-East New Guinea		• • • •		5° 45′ S. 146° 45′ E.
Madang, North-East New Guinea		•••		5° 13′ S. 145° 48′ E.
Madeu, Papua				= Madui
Madui, Papua				8° 40′ S. 146° 50′ E.
Mafula, Papua				8° 31′ S. 147° 00′ E.
Mafulu, Papua				= Mafula
Mahaga Island, Solomon Islands				= Ysabel Island
Maikor Island, Netherlands New Guine				6° 25′ S. 134° 15′ E.
Mai Mai, Papua				On the Angabunga River
ACT STATE OF			• • • •	3° 06′ S. 135° 45′ E.
Maline Talend	• • • •	•••	• • • •	= San Christobal Island
161 D' D	• • • •			
M 1 T1, 1 C 1 T1 1		• • • •		= Angabunga River = Malaita Island
Malaita Island, Solomon Islands				9° 00′ S. 161° 00′ E.
Malanta Island, Solomon Islands	• • • •			= Malaita Island
Malapa Island, Solomon Islands				9° 49′ S. 169° 53′ E.
Malayta Island, Solomon Islands	• • • •			= Malaita Island
Malengi Island, Celebes	• • • •			0° 20′ S. 122° 05′ E.
Malu, North-East New Guinea			• • • •	4° 15′ S. 142° 33′ E.
Mamamolimo, Solomon Islands				Bougainville Island
Mambaré River, Papua			• • • •	8° 04′ S. 148° 01′ E.
Mamberano River, Netherlands New G				1° 28′ S. 137° 54′ E.
Mampoe Cave, Celebes	• • • •			4° 20′ S. 120° 13′ E.
Maneao Range, Papua	• • • •			35 miles north-west of
M				Mount Simpson
Mangapat, Celebes	• • • •			Not certainly identified:
M I INTI IN GI				north Celebes
Manokwari, Netherlands New Guinea	• • •			o° 52′ S. 134° 05′ E.
Manovolka Island, Moluccas	• • •	• • •	• • •	4° 10′ S. 131° 20′ E.
Mansinam, Netherlands New Guinea		• • •		o° 54′ S. 134° 06′ E.
Mansinam Island, Netherlands New Gu		• • •	• • • •	o° 54′ S. 134° 06′ E.
Manumudar Island, Bismarck Archipela	ıgo	• • •	• • •	= Vulcan Island
Manus Island, Admiralty Islands				2° 04′ S. 147° 00′ E.
Mao-Marroe			• • •	East Sumba Island
Mapane, Celebes	• • •			1° 26′ S. 120° 40′ E.
March Island, Moluccas				o° 34′ N. 127° 24′ E.
Marienberg, North-East New Guinea				3° 58′ S. 144° 15′ E.
Marmasike Island, Solomon Islands	• • •			= Small Malaita
Maros, Celebes			• • • •	5° 00′ S. 119° 44′ E.
Maros District, Celebes			• • •	5° 00′ S. 119° 34′ E.
Marqueen Islands, Solomon Islands	• • •			= Tauu Islands
Marshall Bennett Islands	• • • •			8° 53′ S. 151° 50′ E.

Masarang, Celebes				5° 28′ S. 120° 04′ E.
Masemba, Celebes				In Mengkoka Moun-
				tains
Massaramcoer, Papua				= Bramble Cay
Matsika, Papua				On the Upper Anga-
, 1				bunga River
Mava, Papua				9° 01′ S. 146° 45′ E.
Mave, Papua				= Mava
Mawes, Netherlands New Guinea				2° 20′ S. 139° 45′ E.
Maykhoor Island, Netherlands New Guin	iea			= Maikor Island
Mefor Island, Netherlands New Guinea				= Noemfor Island
Mekeo District, Papua				8° 34′ S. 146° 33′ E.
Melolo, Sumba Island				9° 57′ S. 120° 38′ E.
Menado, Celebes				1° 30′ N. 124° 50′ E.
Mende, North-East New Guinea				5° 58′ S. 144° 58′ E.
Mendi, North-East New Guinea				= Mende
Mendova Island, Solomon Islands				10 miles south of New
				Georgia
Menebe, North-East New Guinea				8 miles east of Hagen
				Range, 20 miles north
				of Hagen Government
				Station, Sepik-Wahgi
				Divide
Mengkoka Mountains, Celebes				3° 30′ S. 121° 20′ E.
Menoo Valley, Netherlands New Guinea				3° 43′ S. 135° 24′ E.
Merauke, Netherlands New Guinea				8° 27′ S. 140° 22′ E.
Merauke River, Netherlands New Guinea	ι			8° 30′ S. 140° 23′ E.
Metoe Debi, Netherlands New Guinea				2° 36′ S. 140° 42′ E.
Meto Pebi, Netherlands New Guinea				= Metoe Debi
Migu Island, Marshall Bennett Islands			,	= Woodlark Island
Milne Bay, Papua				10° 20′ S. 150° 27′ E.
Mimika River, Netherlands New Guinea				4° 43′ S. 138° 28′ E.
Minahassa District, Celebes				1° 20′ N. 124° 20′ E.
Minj River, North-East New Guinea				5° 52′ S. 144° 38′ E.
Mioko Island, Bismarck Archipelago				4° 14′ S. 152° 28′ E.
Misim, North-East New Guinea				3° 35′ S. 142° 49′ E.
Misim, North-East New Guinea				7° 04′ S. 146° 54′ E.
Misima Island, Louisiade Archipelago				10° 41′ S. 152° 42′ E.
Misool Island, Netherlands New Guinea				1° 55′ S. 130° 00′ E.
Misore Islands, Netherlands New Guinea				= Schouten Islands
Misori Islands, Netherlands New Guinea				= Schouten Islands
Moaif River, Netherlands New Guinea				2° 22′ S. 140° 02′ E.
Molenkapoti, Celebes				o° 49′ N. 122° 51′ E.
Momi, Netherlands New Guinea				1° 36′ S. 134° 08′ E.
Mongi River, North-East New Guinea				6° 40′ S. 147° 32′ E.
Mono Island, Solomon Islands				7° 22′ S. 155° 35′ E.
Morata Island, D'Entrecasteaux Islands				= Goodenough Island
Moratau Island, D'Entrecasteaux Islands			• • • •	= Fergusson Island
Morehead River, Papua		• • •	•••	9° 08′ S. 141° 22′ E.

Managhar Island off south and New Cuines			D:1-1: T-11
Moresby Island, off south-east New Guinea			= Basilaki Island
Mori, North-East New Guinea	• • •		2° 58′ S. 141° 45′ E.
Morima Island, D'Entrecasteaux Islands			= Fergusson Island
Morobe, North-East New Guinea			7° 46′ S. 147° 39′ E.
Moroka, Papua	• • •		9° 24′ S. 147° 32′ E.
Morotai Island, Moluccas			2° 10′ N. 128° 30′ E.
Mortlock Islands, Solomon Islands	• • •		= Tauu Islands
Mosso River, Netherlands New Guinea		• • •	= Mossu River
Mossu River, Netherlands New Guinea			2° 41′ S. 141° 02′ E.
Moti Island, Moluccas	• • •		o° 28′ N. 127° 24′ E.
Mount Albert Edward, Papua	• • •		8° 22′ S. 147° 20′ E.
Mount Astrolabe, Papua			9° 28′ S. 147° 23′ E.
			4° 42′ S. 119° 40′ E.
Mount Carstenz, Netherlands New Guinea			4° 06′ S. 137° 10′ E.
Mount Dafonsero, Netherlands New Guinea			2° 27′ S. 140° 25′ E.
Mount Derimapa, Netherlands New Guinea			In Weyland Range
Mount Giluwe, North-East New Guinea			6° 06′ S. 143° 18′ E.
Mount Goliath, Netherlands New Guinea			4° 43′ S. 139° 52′ E.
Mount Hunstein, North-East New Guinea			4° 31′ S. 142° 40′ E.
Mount Idenburg, Netherlands New Guinea			4° 03′ S. 137° 03′ E.
Mount Klabat, Celebes			1° 25′ N. 125° 05′ E.
Mount Kunupi, Netherlands New Guinea			In Weyland Range
Mount Lamantsjieri, Netherlands New Guinea			3° 42′ S. 134° 09′ E.
Mount Lamansirera, Netherlands New Guinea			= Mount Lamantsjieri
Mount Lamington, Papua			8° 58′ S. 148° 08′ E.
Mount Lampobatang, Celebes			5° 20′ S. 119° 56′ E.
Mount Lamutai, Ceram Island			= Mount Lumutu
Mount Loemote, Ceram Island			= Mount Lumutu
Mount Loka, Celebes			5° 27′ S. 119° 55′ E.
Manust I amounts Community I along			3° 01′ S. 128° 53′ E.
Mount Maander, North-East New Guinea	• • • •		4° 03′ S. 141° 41′ E.
36 .361' D	• • • •	•••	5° 18′ S. 141° 54′ E.
	• • • •		= Mount Mabiom
Mount Mabion, Papua	• • • •		West Buru
Mount Mada	• • • •	•••	
Mount Maneao, Papua			35 miles north-west of
36 .36 1			Mount Simpson
Mount Manusela	• • • •	• • •	Ceram Island
Mount Maros, Celebes	• • •	• • • •	4° 57′ S. 119° 45′ E.
Mount Masarang, Celebes	• • •	• • •	1° 19′ N. 124° 51′ E.
Mount Mura, Papua	• • •	• • •	9° 54′ S. 149° 25′ E.
Mount Musgrave, Papua	• • •		8° 55′ S. 147° 22′ E.
Mount Obree, Papua			9° 30′ S. 148° 03′ E.
Mount Orian, Papua			9° 52′ S. 149° 15′ E.
Mount Otakwa, Netherlands New Guinea			4° 15′ S. 137° 17′ E.
Mount Pratt, Papua			6° 31′ S. 143° 38′ E.
Mount Sattelberg, North-East New Guinea			6° 29′ S. 147° 47′ E.
Mount Scratchley, Papua			8° 45′ S. 147° 29′ E.
Mount Simpson, Papua			10° 03′ S. 149° 38′ E.
Mount Sumori, North-East New Guinea			= Mount Sumoro

Mount Tafa, Papua         30 miles south-west of Mount Albert Edward           Mount Topapu, Celebes         2° 43° N. 125° 23′ E.           Mount Utakwa, Netherlands New Guinea         = Mount Utakwa           Mount Victoria, Papua         3° 53′ S. 147° 30′ E.           Mount Wilhelm, North-East New Guinea         5° 49′ S. 144° 57′ E.           Mowewe, Celebes         4° 01′ S. 121° 52′ E.           Mount Island         5° 00′ S. 122° 35′ E.           Murua Island, Marshall Bennett Islands         = Woodlark Island           Mussau Island, Bismarck Archipelago         1° 24′ S. 149° 38′ E.           Mysol Island, Netherlands New Guinea         = Misool Island           Nager Islands, Admiralty Islands         = Purdy Islands           Naorovo Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           Naravo Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           Naravo Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           Nasau Range, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 04′ S. 137° 05′ E.           Navoro Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           N'di Island, Solomon Islands         8° 20′ S. 157° 30′ E.	Mount Sumoro, North-East New Guinea				3° 23′ S. 147° 07′ E.
Mount Tamata, Sanghir Islands         2° 43′ N. 125° 23′ E.           Mount Topapu, Celebes         — Mount Utakwa, Netherlands New Guinea         — Mount Otakwa           Mount Wilhelm, North-East New Guinea         5° 49′ S. 144° 30′ E.           Mount Wilhelm, North-East New Guinea         5° 49′ S. 144° 30′ E.           Mowewe, Celebes         4° 01′ S. 121° 52′ E.           Munua Island         5° 00′ S. 122° 35′ E.           Murua Island, Marshall Bennett Islands         — Woodlark Island           Mussau Island, Bismarck Archipelago         1° 24′ S. 149° 38′ E.           Mysol Island, Netherlands New Guinea         — Misool Island           Nager Islands, Admiralty Islands         — Purdy Islands           Nager Islands, Admiralty Islands         — Purdy Islands           Nager Island, Solomon Islands         — Simbo Island           Narvov Island, Solomon Islands         — Simbo Island           Naravo Island, Solomon Islands         — Simbo Island           Narvov Island, Solomon Islands         — Simbo Island           Navoro Island, Solomon Islands         — Simbo Island           N'dai Island, Solomon Islands         — Simbo Island           N'dai Island, Solomon Islands         7° 54′ S. 159° 34′ E.           New Britain, Bismarck Archipelago         E Lavongai Island           New Irreland, Bismarck Archipelago </td <td>Mount Tafa, Papua</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Mount Tafa, Papua				
Mount Topapu, Celebes         Central Celebes           Mount Utakwa, Netherlands New Guinea         = Mount Otakwa           Mount Wilhelm, North-East New Guinea         5° 49′ S. 144° 57′ E.           Mowewe, Celebes					Mount Albert Edward
Mount Uitakwa, Netherlands New Guinea         = Mount Otakwa           Mount Wilhelm, North-East New Guinea         8° 53′ S. 147° 30′ E.           Mount Wilhelm, North-East New Guinea         5° 49′ S. 144° 57′ E.           Mowewe, Celebes         4° 01′ S. 121° 52′ E.           Murua Island         5° 00′ S. 122° 33′ E.           Murua Island, Marshall Bennett Islands         = Woodlark Island           Mussau Island, Bismarck Archipelago         1° 24′ S. 149° 38′ E.           Mysol Island, Netherlands New Guinea         = Misool Island           Nager Islands, Admiralty Islands         = Purdy Islands           Nager Islands, Admiralty Islands         = Purdy Islands           Nager Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           Narovo Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           Naravo Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           Naravo Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           N'dai Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           N'dai Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           N'dai Island, Solomon Islands         7° 54′ S. 159° 34′ E.           New Georgia, Solomon Islands         8° 20′ S. 148° 25′ E.           New Georgia, Solomon Islands         8° 20′ S. 148° 25′ E.           New Pomerania, Bismarck Archipelago         2° 44′ S. 150° 51′ E.	Mount Tamata, Sanghir Islands		• • • •		2° 43′ N. 125° 23′ E.
Mount Victoria, Papua         8° 53′ S. 147° 30′ E.           Mount Wilhelm, North-East New Guinea         5° 49′ S. 144° 57′ E.           Mowewe, Celebes         4° 01′ S. 121° 52′ E.           Muna Island         5° 00′ S. 122° 33′ E.           Murua Island, Marshall Bennett Islands         = Woodlark Island           Mussau Island, Bismarck Archipelago         1° 24′ S. 149° 38′ E.           Mysol Island, Netherlands New Guinea         = Misool Island           Nager Islands, Admiralty Islands         = Purdy Islands           Naoro River, Papua         9° 16′ S. 147° 05′ E.           Naorovo Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           Naravo Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           Naravo Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           Nassau Range, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 04′ S. 137° 05′ E.           Navoro Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           N'dai Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           N'dai Island, Solomon Islands         7° 54′ S. 159° 34′ E.           New Britain, Bismarck Archipelago         5° 38′ S. 148° 25′ E.           New Hanover, Bismarck Archipelago         2° 44′ S. 150° 51′ E.           New Hanover, Bismarck Archipelago         2° 44′ S. 150° 51′ E.           New Britain         9° 05′ S. 160° 15′ E.	Mount Topapu, Celebes				Central Celebes
Murua Island, Marshall Bennett Islands	Mount Utakwa, Netherlands New Guinea	ı			= Mount Otakwa
Murua Island, Marshall Bennett Islands	Mount Victoria, Papua				8° 53′ S. 147° 30′ E.
Murua Island, Marshall Bennett Islands					5° 49′ S. 144° 57′ E.
Murua Island, Marshall Bennett Islands	Mowewe, Celebes				4° 01′ S. 121° 52′ E.
Murua Island, Marshall Bennett Islands		•••	• • • •		5° 00′ S. 122° 35′ E.
Mysol Island, Netherlands New Guinea		• • •			= Woodlark Island
Nager Islands, Admiralty Islands Naoro River, Papua			•••		
Naoro River, Papua         9° 16′ S. 147° 05′ E.           Naorovo Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           Naravo Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           Naravo Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           Nassau Range, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 04′ S. 137° 05′ E.           Navoro Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           N'dai Island, Solomon Islands         7° 54′ S. 159° 34′ E.           New Britain, Bismarck Archipelago         5° 38′ S. 148° 25′ E.           New Georgia, Solomon Islands         8° 20′ S. 157° 30′ E.           New Hanover, Bismarck Archipelago         = Lavongai Island           New Ireland, Bismarck Archipelago         = Lavongai Island           New Pomerania, Bismarck Archipelago         = Duke of York Island           New Pomerania, Bismarck Archipelago         = New Britain           Negela Islands, Solomon Islands         9° 05′ S. 160° 15′ E.           Nissan Island, Solomon Islands         4° 31′ S. 152° 11′ E.           Noem, Mios, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 30′ S. 135° 15′ E.           Noemfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 30′ S. 135° 15′ E.           Nomdugl, North-East New Guinea         5° 54′ S. 144° 44′ E.           North-West River, Netherlands New Guinea         5° 54′ S. 150° 58′ E.           North-West River, N	Mysol Island, Netherlands New Guinea	•••	•••	•••	= Misool Island
Naoro River, Papua         9° 16′ S. 147° 05′ E.           Naorovo Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           Naravo Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           Naravo Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           Nassau Range, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 04′ S. 137° 05′ E.           Navoro Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           N'dai Island, Solomon Islands         7° 54′ S. 159° 34′ E.           New Britain, Bismarck Archipelago         5° 38′ S. 148° 25′ E.           New Georgia, Solomon Islands         8° 20′ S. 157° 30′ E.           New Hanover, Bismarck Archipelago         = Lavongai Island           New Ireland, Bismarck Archipelago         = Lavongai Island           New Pomerania, Bismarck Archipelago         = Duke of York Island           New Pomerania, Bismarck Archipelago         = New Britain           Negela Islands, Solomon Islands         9° 05′ S. 160° 15′ E.           Nissan Island, Solomon Islands         4° 31′ S. 152° 11′ E.           Noem, Mios, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 30′ S. 135° 15′ E.           Noemfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 30′ S. 135° 15′ E.           Nomdugl, North-East New Guinea         5° 54′ S. 144° 44′ E.           North-West River, Netherlands New Guinea         5° 54′ S. 150° 58′ E.           North-West River, N					
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Navoro Island, Solomon Islands         = Simbo Island           N'dai Island, Solomon Islands         7° 54′ S. 159° 34′ E.           New Britain, Bismarck Archipelago         5° 38′ S. 148° 25′ E.           New Georgia, Solomon Islands         8° 20′ S. 157° 30′ E.           New Hanover, Bismarck Archipelago         = Lavongai Island           New Ireland, Bismarck Archipelago         2° 44′ S. 150° 51′ E.           New Lauenberg, Bismarck Archipelago         = Duke of York Island           New Pomerania, Bismarck Archipelago         = New Britain           Nggela Islands, Solomon Islands         9° 05′ S. 160° 15′ E.           Nissan Island, Solomon Islands         4° 31′ S. 154′ 11′ E.           Noem, Mios, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 30′ S. 135° 15′ E.           Noemfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 30′ S. 135° 57′ E.           Nondugl, North-East New Guinea         5° 54′ S. 144° 44′ E.           Noord River, Netherlands New Guinea         5° 54′ S. 144° 44′ E.           North-West River, Netherlands New Guinea         5° 54′ S. 150° 58′ E.           North-West River, Netherlands New Guinea         5° 54′ S. 150° 25′ E.           Nukumanu Island, Solomon Islands         4° 32′ S. 150° 25′ E.           Numfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.           Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea         1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E		• • •	• • • •	•••	
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New Georgia, Solomon Islands         8° 20′ S. 157° 30′ E.           New Hanover, Bismarck Archipelago         = Lavongai Island           New Ireland, Bismarck Archipelago         2° 44′ S. 150° 51′ E.           New Lauenberg, Bismarck Archipelago         = Duke of York Island           New Pomerania, Bismarck Archipelago         = New Britain           Nigsela Islands, Solomon Islands         9° 05′ S. 160° 15′ E.           Nissan Island, Solomon Islands         4° 31′ S. 154° 11′ E.           Noem, Mios, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 30′ S. 135° 15′ E.           Noemfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 00′ S. 135° 57′ E.           Noordugl, North-East New Guinea         5° 54′ S. 144′ 44′ E.           Nord River, Netherlands New Guinea         = Lorentz River           Normanby Island, Bismarck Archipelago         5° 54′ S. 150° 58′ E.           North-West River, Netherlands New Guinea         5° 22′ S. 138° 00′ E.           Nukumanu Island, Solomon Islands         4° 32′ S. 150° 25′ E.           Nukuman, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.           Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea         1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.           Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea         4° 33′ S. 138° 42′ E.           Olid Mawatta, Papua         9° 08′ S. 142° 55′ E.           Ontong Java, Solomon Islands         5° 25′ S. 150° 30′ E.	New Britain, Bismarck Archipelago				5° 38′ S. 148° 25′ E.
New Ireland, Bismarck Archipelago         2° 44′ S. 150° 51′ E.           New Lauenberg, Bismarck Archipelago         = Duke of York Island           New Pomerania, Bismarck Archipelago         = New Britain           Nggela Islands, Solomon Islands         9° 05′ S. 160° 15′ E.           Nissan Island, Solomon Islands         4° 31′ S. 154° 11′ E.           Noem, Mios, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 30′ S. 135° 15′ E.           Noemfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 00′ S. 135° 57′ E.           Nondugl, North-East New Guinea         5° 54′ S. 144° 44′ E.           Noord River, Netherlands New Guinea         = Lorentz River           Normanby Island, Bismarck Archipelago         5° 54′ S. 150° 58′ E.           North-West River, Netherlands New Guinea         5° 22′ S. 138° 00′ E.           Nukumanu Island, Solomon Islands         4° 32′ S. 150° 25′ E.           Numfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.           Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea         1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.           Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea         4° 33′ S. 138° 42′ E.           Old Mawatta, Papua         9° 08′ S. 142° 55′ E.           Ontong Java, Solomon Islands         5° 25′ S. 159° 30′ E.           Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 12′ S. 138° 37′ E.           Oriomo, Papua         9° 03′ S. 143° 10′ E. <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>8° 20′ S. 157° 30′ E.</td></t<>					8° 20′ S. 157° 30′ E.
New Lauenberg, Bismarck Archipelago         = Duke of York Island           New Pomerania, Bismarck Archipelago         = New Britain           Nggela Islands, Solomon Islands         9° 05′ S. 160° 15′ E.           Nissan Island, Solomon Islands         4° 31′ S. 154° 11′ E.           Noem, Mios, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 30′ S. 135° 15′ E.           Noemfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 00′ S. 135° 57′ E.           Nondugl, North-East New Guinea         5° 54′ S. 144° 44′ E.           Noord River, Netherlands New Guinea         = Lorentz River           Normanby Island, Bismarck Archipelago         5° 54′ S. 150° 58′ E.           North-West River, Netherlands New Guinea         5° 22′ S. 138° 00′ E.           Numfor Island, Notherlands New Guinea         4° 32′ S. 150° 25′ E.           Numfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.           Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea         1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.           Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea         4° 33′ S. 138° 42′ E.           Olid Mawatta, Papua         9° 08′ S. 142° 55′ E.           Ontong Java, Solomon Islands         5° 25′ S. 159° 30′ E.           Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 12′ S. 138° 37′ E.           Oriomo, Papua         9° 03′ S. 143° 10′ E.           Oriom River, Papua         9° 03′ S. 143° 10′ E.	New Hanover, Bismarck Archipelago				
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Nggela Islands, Solomon Islands         9° 05′ S. 160° 15′ E.           Nissan Island, Solomon Islands         4° 31′ S. 154° 11′ E.           Noem, Mios, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 30′ S. 135° 15′ E.           Noemfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 30′ S. 135° 57′ E.           Nondugl, North-East New Guinea         5° 54′ S. 144° 44′ E.           Noord River, Netherlands New Guinea         = Lorentz River           North-West River, Netherlands New Guinea         5° 22′ S. 138° 00′ E.           Nukumanu Island, Solomon Islands         4° 32′ S. 159° 25′ E.           Numfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         = Noemfor Island           Obi Island, Moluccas         1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.           Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea         6° 26′ S. 147° 22′ E.           Okaba, Netherlands New Guinea         9° 08′ S. 142° 55′ E.           Old Mawatta, Papua         9° 08′ S. 142° 55′ E.           Ortong Java, Solomon Islands         5° 25′ S. 159° 30′ E.           Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 12′ S. 138° 37′ E.           Oriomo, Papua         8° 20′ S. 143° 10′ E.           Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 49′ S. 143° 10′ E.           Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 49′ S. 149° 43′ E.	New Lauenberg, Bismarck Archipelago				= Duke of York Island
Nissan Island, Solomon Islands         4° 31′ S. 154° 11′ E.           Noem, Mios, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 30′ S. 135° 15′ E.           Noemfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 00′ S. 135° 57′ E.           Nondugl, North-East New Guinea         5° 54′ S. 144° 44′ E.           Noord River, Netherlands New Guinea         = Lorentz River           Normanby Island, Bismarck Archipelago         5° 54′ S. 150° 58′ E.           North-West River, Netherlands New Guinea         5° 22′ S. 138° 00′ E.           Nukumanu Island, Solomon Islands         4° 32′ S. 150° 25′ E.           Numfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.           Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea         6° 26′ S. 147° 22′ E.           Okaba, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 33′ S. 138° 42′ E.           Old Mawatta, Papua         9° 08′ S. 142° 55′ E.           Ontong Java, Solomon Islands         5° 25′ S. 159° 30′ E.           Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 12′ S. 138° 37′ E.           Oriomo, Papua         8° 20′ S. 143° 10′ E.           Oriom River, Papua         9° 03′ S. 143° 10′ E.           Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 49′ S. 140° 43′ E.	New Pomerania, Bismarck Archipelago				
Noem, Mios, Netherlands New Guinea       1° 30′ S. 135° 15′ E.         Noemfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea       1° 00′ S. 133° 57′ E.         Nondugl, North-East New Guinea       5° 54′ S. 144° 44′ E.         Noord River, Netherlands New Guinea       = Lorentz River         Normanby Island, Bismarck Archipelago       5° 54′ S. 150° 58′ E.         North-West River, Netherlands New Guinea       5° 22′ S. 138° 00′ E.         Nukumanu Island, Solomon Islands       4° 32′ S. 159° 25′ E.         Numfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea       = Noemfor Island         Obi Island, Moluccas       1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.         Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea       6° 26′ S. 147° 22′ E.         Okaba, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 33′ S. 138° 42′ E.         Old Mawatta, Papua       9° 08′ S. 142° 55′ E.         Ontong Java, Solomon Islands       5° 25′ S. 159° 30′ E.         Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 12′ S. 138° 37′ E.         Oriomo, Papua       8° 20′ S. 143° 10′ E.         Oriom River, Papua       9° 03′ S. 143° 10′ E.         Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 49′ S. 149° 43′ E.	Nggela Islands, Solomon Islands				
Noemfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 00′ S. 135° 57′ E.           Nondugl, North-East New Guinea         5° 54′ S. 144° 44′ E.           Noord River, Netherlands New Guinea         = Lorentz River           Normanby Island, Bismarck Archipelago         5° 54′ S. 150° 58′ E.           North-West River, Netherlands New Guinea         5° 22′ S. 138° 00′ E.           Nukumanu Island, Solomon Islands         4° 32′ S. 150° 25′ E.           Numfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.           Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea         6° 26′ S. 147° 22′ E.           Okaba, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 33′ S. 138° 42′ E.           Old Mawatta, Papua         9° 08′ S. 142° 55′ E.           Ontong Java, Solomon Islands         5° 25′ S. 159° 30′ E.           Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 12′ S. 138° 37′ E.           Oriomo, Papua         8° 20′ S. 143° 10′ E.           Oriom River, Papua         9° 03′ S. 143° 10′ E.           Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 49′ S. 149° 43′ E.	Nissan Island, Solomon Islands				
Nondugl, North-East New Guinea         5° 54′ S. 144° 44′ E.           Noord River, Netherlands New Guinea         = Lorentz River           Normanby Island, Bismarck Archipelago         5° 54′ S. 150° 58′ E.           North-West River, Netherlands New Guinea         5° 22′ S. 138° 00′ E.           Nukumanu Island, Solomon Islands         4° 32′ S. 159° 25′ E.           Numfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         = Noemfor Island           Obi Island, Moluccas         1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.           Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea         6° 26′ S. 147° 22′ E.           Okaba, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 33′ S. 138° 42′ E.           Old Mawatta, Papua         9° 08′ S. 142° 5′ E.           Ontong Java, Solomon Islands         5° 25′ S. 159° 30′ E.           Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 12′ S. 138° 37′ E.           Oriomo, Papua         8° 20′ S. 143° 10′ E.           Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 49′ S. 149′ S. 149° 43′ E.	Noem, Mios, Netherlands New Guinea				
Noord River, Netherlands New Guinea         = Lorentz River           Normanby Island, Bismarck Archipelago         5° 54′ S. 150° 58′ E.           North-West River, Netherlands New Guinea         5° 22′ S. 138° 00′ E.           Nukumanu Island, Solomon Islands         4° 32′ S. 159° 25′ E.           Numfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.           Obi Island, Moluccas         1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.           Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea         6° 26′ S. 147° 22′ E.           Okaba, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 33′ S. 138° 42′ E.           Old Mawatta, Papua         9° 08′ S. 142° 55′ E.           Ontong Java, Solomon Islands         5° 25′ S. 159° 30′ E.           Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 12′ S. 138° 37′ E.           Oriomo, Papua         8° 20′ S. 143° 10′ E.           Oriomo River, Papua         9° 03′ S. 143° 10′ E.           Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 49′ S. 140° 43′ E.	Noemfor Island, Netherlands New Guinez	ı			
Normanby Island, Bismarck Archipelago         5° 54′ S.         150° 58′ E.           North-West River, Netherlands New Guinea         5° 22′ S.         138° 00′ E.           Nukumanu Island, Solomon Islands         4° 32′ S.         159° 25′ E.           Numfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         = Noemfor Island           Obi Island, Moluccas         1° 20′ S.         127° 38′ E.           Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea         6° 26′ S.         147° 22′ E.           Okaba, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 33′ S.         138° 42′ E.           Old Mawatta, Papua         9° 08′ S.         142° 55′ E.           Ontong Java, Solomon Islands         5° 25′ S.         159° 30′ E.           Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 12′ S.         138° 37′ E.           Oriomo, Papua         8° 20′ S.         143° 10′ E.           Oriom River, Papua         9° 03′ S.         143° 10′ E.           Orion Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 49′ S.         140° 43′ E.	Nondugl, North-East New Guinea				5° 54′ S. 144° 44′ E.
North-West River, Netherlands New Guinea         5° 22′ S. 138° 00′ E.           Nukumanu Island, Solomon Islands         4° 32′ S. 159° 25′ E.           Numfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea         = Noemfor Island           Obi Island, Moluccas         1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.           Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea         6° 26′ S. 147° 22′ E.           Okaba, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 33′ S. 138° 42′ E.           Old Mawatta, Papua         9° 08′ S. 142° 55′ E.           Ontong Java, Solomon Islands         5° 25′ S. 159° 30′ E.           Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 12′ S. 138° 37′ E.           Oriomo, Papua         8° 20′ S. 143° 10′ E.           Oriom River, Papua         9° 03′ S. 143° 10′ E.           Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea         4° 49′ S. 149° 43′ E.	Noord River, Netherlands New Guinea				
Nukumanu Island, Solomon Islands       4° 32′ S.       159° 25′ E.         Numfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea       = Noemfor Island         Obi Island, Moluccas       1° 20′ S.       127° 38′ E.         Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea       6° 26′ S.       147° 22′ E.         Okaba, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 33′ S.       138° 42′ E.         Old Mawatta, Papua       9° 08′ S.       142° 55′ E.         Ontong Java, Solomon Islands       5° 25′ S.       150° 30′ E.         Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 12′ S.       138° 37′ E.         Oriomo, Papua       8° 20′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriom River, Papua       9° 03′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 49′ S.       140° 43′ E.	Normanby Island, Bismarck Archipelago				5° 54′ S. 150° 58′ E.
Numfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea       = Noemfor Island         Obi Island, Moluccas        1° 20′ S. 127° 38′ E.         Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea       6° 26′ S. 147° 22′ E.         Okaba, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 33′ S. 138° 42′ E.         Old Mawatta, Papua       9° 08′ S. 142° 55′ E.         Ontong Java, Solomon Islands       5° 25′ S. 159° 30′ E.         Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 12′ S. 138° 37′ E.         Oriomo, Papua       8° 20′ S. 143° 10′ E.         Oriomo River, Papua       9° 03′ S. 143° 10′ E.         Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 49′ S. 140° 43′ E.	North-West River, Netherlands New Guir	nea			5° 22′ S. 138° 00′ E.
Obi Island, Moluccas       1° 20′ S.       127° 38′ E.         Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea       6° 26′ S.       147° 22′ E.         Okaba, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 33′ S.       138° 42′ E.         Old Mawatta, Papua       9° 08′ S.       142° 55′ E.         Ontong Java, Solomon Islands       5° 25′ S.       159° 30′ E.         Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 12′ S.       138° 37′ E.         Oriomo, Papua       8° 20′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriomo River, Papua       9° 03′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 49′ S.       140° 43′ E.	Nukumanu Island, Solomon Islands				4° 32′ S. 159° 25′ E.
Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea       6° 26′ S.       147° 22′ E.         Okaba, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 33′ S.       138° 42′ E.         Old Mawatta, Papua       9° 08′ S.       142° 55′ E.         Ontong Java, Solomon Islands       5° 25′ S.       159° 30′ E.         Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 12′ S.       138° 37′ E.         Oriomo, Papua       8° 20′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriom River, Papua       9° 03′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 49′ S.       140° 43′ E.	Numfor Island, Netherlands New Guinea				= Noemfor Island
Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea       6° 26′ S.       147° 22′ E.         Okaba, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 33′ S.       138° 42′ E.         Old Mawatta, Papua       9° 08′ S.       142° 55′ E.         Ontong Java, Solomon Islands       5° 25′ S.       159° 30′ E.         Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 12′ S.       138° 37′ E.         Oriomo, Papua       8° 20′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriom River, Papua       9° 03′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 49′ S.       140° 43′ E.					
Okaba, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 33′ S.       138° 42′ E.         Old Mawatta, Papua       9° 08′ S.       142° 55′ E.         Ontong Java, Solomon Islands       5° 25′ S.       159° 30′ E.         Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 12′ S.       138° 37′ E.         Oriomo, Papua       8° 20′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriomo River, Papua       9° 03′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 49′ S.       140° 43′ E.	Obi Island, Moluccas				
Old Mawatta, Papua        9° 08′ S.       142° 55′ E.         Ontong Java, Solomon Islands        5° 25′ S.       159° 30′ E.         Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea        4° 12′ S.       138° 37′ E.         Oriomo, Papua        8° 20′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriomo River, Papua        9° 03′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 49′ S.       140° 43′ E.	Ogeramnang, North-East New Guinea				
Old Mawatta, Papua       9° 08′ S.       142° 55′ E.         Ontong Java, Solomon Islands       5° 25′ S.       159° 30′ E.         Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 12′ S.       138° 37′ E.         Oriomo, Papua       8° 20′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriomo River, Papua       9° 03′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 49′ S.       140° 43′ E.	Okaba, Netherlands New Guinea				
Ontong Java, Solomon Islands       5° 25′ S.       159° 30′ E.         Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 12′ S.       138° 37′ E.         Oriomo, Papua       8° 20′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriomo River, Papua       9° 03′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea       4° 49′ S.       140° 43′ E.					9° 08′ S. 142° 55′ E.
Orange Range, Netherlands New Guinea        4° 12′ S. 138° 37′ E.         Oriomo, Papua           Oriomo River, Papua           Oriom Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea        4° 49′ S. 149° 15′ E.	Ontong Java, Solomon Islands				5° 25′ S. 159° 30′ E.
Oriomo, Papua          8° 20′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Oriomo River, Papua          9° 03′ S.       143° 10′ E.         Orion Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea        4° 49′ S.       140° 43′ E.					4° 12′ S. 138° 37′ E.
Oriomo River, Papua 9° 03′ S. 143° 10′ E. Orion Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea 4° 49′ S. 140° 43′ E.	Oriomo, Papua				8° 20′ S. 143° 10′ E.
Orion Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea 4° 49′ S. 140° 43′ E.	Oriomo River, Papua				9° 03′ S. 143° 10′ E.
Oroh River, Netherlands New Guinea 4° 29' S. 138° 44' E.		ea			4° 49′ S. 140° 43′ E.
	Oroh River, Netherlands New Guinea				4° 29′ S. 138° 44′ E.

Oroville Camp, Papua	•••			•••		south of Fly and El	bout 4 miles junction of lavala Rivers
							miles above
Ot-law Birry Netherland	NT (	7					s Junction
Otakwa River, Netherlands			•••	• • •	•••		137° 15′ E.
Owen Stanley Range, Papua			• • •	• • •	• • •		147° 15′ E.
Owgarra, Papua Owi Island, Netherlands Ne		nea		• • •	• • •	1° 14′ S.	bunga River
Owi Island, Netherlands Ne	w Gui	IICa		•••	•••	1 14 5.	136° 12′ E.
Padaido Islands, Netherland	e New	Guines				1° 14′ S.	136° 30′ E.
Palapo, Celebes						2° 59′ S.	120° 12′ E.
						= Paleli	120 12 11.
Palelah, Celebes Paleli, Celebes						1° 04′ N.	121° 58′ E.
D 1 D' D						= Tingom	
Paloe, Celebes						o° 53′ S.	119° 52′ E.
Parapottan Island, Molucca						o° 40′ N.	127° 19′ E.
Pare Pare, Celebes						4° 01′ S.	119° 37′ E.
D 11 011						o° 48′ S.	120° 08′ E.
Parimau, Netherlands New						4° 22′ S.	136° 39′ E.
Palu, Celebes						= Paloe	130 39 2.
Panniet Island, Louisiade A						10° 41′ S.	152° 23′ E.
Pantar Island, Lesser Sunda						8° 14′ S.	124° 17′ E.
Pavuvo Island, Solomon Isla		***				9° 04′ S.	159° 08′ E.
Peleng Island, Celebes						1° 25′ S.	123° 10′ E.
D ' D						8° 49′ S.	141° 40′ E.
						= Penjara	141 40 11.
Penzara, Papua Pinedapa, Celebes						Central Cel	ebes
Pioneer-bivak, Netherlands						2° 20′ S.	138° 00′ E.
Pokka, Amboina						3° 39′ S.	128° 11′ E.
D . M 1 D						9° 27′ S.	147° 08′ E.
D C 1 1						= Posso	147 00 11.
Posso, Celebes						1° 24′ S.	120° 44′ E.
Posso District, Celebes						1° 23′ S.	120° 27′ E.
Prauwen-bivak, Netherlands						3° 15′ S.	138° 30′ E.
Pulau or Pulo Kambing (Isl						8° 13′ S.	125° 34′ E.
Pulau or Pulo Kambing (Isl						8° 39′ S.	122° 51′ E.
Pulau Naira (Island)						4° 31′ S.	129° 55′ E.
Pulau Rusa (Island)						8° 23′ S.	123° 49′ E.
Pulo Lembeh (Island), Cele					•••	1° 26′ N.	125° 14′ E.
Pulo Palelah (Island), Celeb				•••		1° 04′ N.	121° 59′ E.
Pulo Panjang (Island)						4° 00′ S.	131° 15′ E.
Purari River, North-East No				• • •	•••	7° 46′ S.	145° 10′ E.
Purdy Islands, Admiralty Is			• • •		•••	2° 51′ S.	146° 20′ E.
raid, Islands, ridinifalty is	adiida	***	•••	•••		~ J. S.	140 20 12.
Quarles Mountains, Celebes	·			•••		2° 55′ S.	119° 20′ E.
Ramos Island, Solomon Isla	ınds					8° 16′ S.	160° 11′ E.
Ramu River, North-East No						4° 01′ S.	144° 41′ E.
211111111111111111111111111111111111111	Ju					7 0. 0.	-14 4. 1.

Pana Pana Calabas				1° 30′ S.	120° 19′ E.
Rano Rano, Celebes Rantekaroa, Celebes	•••	•••	•••	2° 50′ S.	119° 50′ E.
D TI I D	•••	•••	•••	= Yule Isl	
	· Cuinos	•••	•••	6° 43′ S.	147° 06′ E.
Rawlinson Mountains, North-East New		• • • •	•••		147 00 E.
Regen Island, Netherlands New Guines		•••	•••	4° 49′ S.	138° 47′ E.
Reiger River, Netherlands New Guinea		•••	•••	4° 52′ S.	138° 45′ E.
Renard Islands	•••	•••	•••	8° 34′ S.	157° 24′ E.
Rennell Island, Solomon Islands	•••	•••	•••	11° 38′ S.	160° 14′ E.
Resi Camp, Netherlands New Guinea	•••	•••	•••	4° 38′ S.	138° 44′ E.
Rigo, Papua	•••	•••	•••	9° 48′ S.	147° 34′ E.
Rindjani, Lombok Island	•••	•••	•••	8° 25′ S.	116° 27′ E.
Rintja Island, Lesser Sunda Islands	•••	• • • •	•••	8° 43′ S.	119° 40′ E.
Rivier Camp, Netherlands New Guinea	ì				h of Lorentz
				River	
Roeang Island, Moluccas	•••			2° 18′ N.	125° 22′ E.
Roemberpon Island, Netherlands New	Guinea		•••	1° 51′ S.	134° 10′ E.
Rogea, Papua	•••			10° 10′ S.	148° 44′ E.
Rogeia Island, off south-east New Guin	iea			10° 38′ S.	150° 39′ E.
Rona Falls, Papua				On Laloki	
Ronongo Island, Solomon Islands				= Ganong	ga Island
Rooke Island, Bismarck Archipelago				= Umboi I	sland
Roro Island, Papua				= Yule Isla	and
Rossel Island, Louisiade Archipelago				11° 21′ S.	154° 09′ E.
Rotti Island, Lesser Sunda Islands				10° 43′ S.	123° 05′ E.
Roviana Island, Solomon Islands				8° 21′ S.	123° 05′ E. 157° 20′ E.
Rovianna Island, Solomon Islands				= Roviana	
Royeia Island, off south-east New Guin			•••	= Rogeia I	
Ruang Island				= Roeang	
Rubiana Island, Solomon Islands				= Roviana	
Ruk Island, Bismarck Archipelago				= Umboi I	
Rumberpon Island, Netherlands New C				= Roember	
Russell Island, Louisiade Archipelago				= Rossel Is	•
	•••	•••	•••		159° 12′ E.
Russell Islands, Solomon Islands	•••	•••	•••	9 04 5.	159 12 12.
Sahang Natharlanda Naw Cuinca				4° 47′ S.	138° 47′ E.
Sabang, Netherlands New Guinea	•••	•••			
Saiko, North-East New Guinea	•••	•••	•••		147° 04′ E.
St. Aignan's Island, Louisiade Archipel	0	•••	•••	= Misima	
St. Joseph's River, Papua		•••	•••	= Angabur	
St. Matthias' group, Bismarck Archipel		•••		1° 34′ S.	149° 44′ E.
Salawatti Island, Netherlands New Gui	nea	•••	•••	1° 05′ S.	130° 53′ E.
Saleyer Island, Celebes	•••	•••	•••	6° 05′ S.	120° 30′ E.
Samao Island, Lesser Sunda Islands	•••	•••	•••	= Semaoe	
Samarai Island, Papua	•••	•••	•••	9° 40′ S.	150° 49′ E.
San Christobal Island, Solomon Islands	•••	•••	•••	11° 33′ S.	161° 43′ E.
Sanghir Islands, Moluccas	•••	• • • •	•••	3° 00′ N.	125° 30′ E.
Sansapor, Netherlands New Guinea			•••	o° 28′ S.	132° 06′ E.
Saparoea Island, Moluccas		•••		3° 33′ S.	128° 38′ E.
Saparua Island, Moluccas	•••	• • •		= Saparoea	
Sapau, North-East New Guinea				3° 21′ S.	142° 30′ E.

Sapoea Island, Netherlands New Guinea				2° 42′ S. 132° 34′ E.
Sapoetan Mountains, Celebes				1° 08′ N. 124° 45′ E.
Saruwaged Mountains, North-East New C	Guinea			6° 16′ S. 146° 45′ E.
Sasara, North-East New Guinea				= Sassaura
Sassaura, North-East New Guinea				6° 21′ S. 146° 00′ E.
Sattelberg, North-East New Guinea				6° 30′ S. 147° 49′ E.
Savu Island, Solomon Islands Savu Island, Solomon Islands Savu Island, Lesser Sunda Islands				9° 08′ S. 159° 49′ E.
Savu Island, Solomon Islands				= Savo Island
Savu Island, Lesser Sunda Islands				= Sawoe Island
Sawa River, Netherlands New Guinea				3° 17′ S. 135° 59′ E.
Sawoe Island, Lesser Sunda Islands				10° 31′ S. 121° 52′ E.
Schouten Islands, North-East New Guines	a			3° 15′ S. 144° 34′ E.
Schouten Islands, Netherlands New Guine				o° 51′ S. 135° 50′ E.
Schrader Mountains, North-East New Gu	inea			5° 10′ S. 144° 26′ E.
Schultze River, Netherlands New Guinea				4° 43′ S. 138° 48′ E.
Semaoe Island, Lesser Sunda Islands				10° 13′ S. 123° 23′ E.
Semau Island, Lesser Sunda Islands				= Semaoe Island
Sembaloen, Lombok Island				8° 37′ S. 116° 06′ E.
Sembo Island, Solomon Islands				= Simbo Island
Sepik Division, North-East New Guinea				4° 00′ S. 142° 45′ E.
Sepik River, North-East New Guinea				4° 10′ S. 143° 05′ E.
Sepik-Wahgi Divide, North-East New Gu	inea			5° 42′ S. 144° 25′ E.
0 27 1 1 1 27 0 1			• • • •	2° 14′ S. 139° 34′ E.
				On the Naoro River
Serigina, Papua				8° 10′ S. 129° 00′ E.
Sermata Island			•••	
Setakwa River, Netherlands New Guinea		• • •		= Setekwa River
Setekwa River, Netherlands New Guinea				4° 18′ S. 137° 17′ E.
Sevia, North-East New Guinea		• • •	• • •	In Cromwell Mountains
Shortland Island, Solomon Islands		• • •	• • •	7° 03′ S. 155° 47′ E.
Siao Islands, Moluccas				2° 40′ N. 125° 25′ E.
Sikaiana Island, Solomon Islands				8° 22′ S. 162° 44′ E.
Simbana, North-East New Guinea				6° 35′ S. 147° 51′ E.
Simbang, North-East New Guinea				= Simbana
Simbo Island, Solomon Island				8° 16′ S. 156° 31′ E.
Sir Charles Hardy's Island, Solomon Island	nds			= Nissan Island
Small Malaita Island, Solomon Islands			• • •	Immediately south-east
				of Malaita Island
Snow Mountains, Netherlands New Guin	ea			4° 13′ S. 138° 25′ E.
Soela Islands, Moluccas				1° 45′ S. 125° 10′ E.
Soembawa Island				8° 30′ S. 118° 00′ E.
Sogere District, Papua				= Sogeri District
Sogeri District, Papua				9° 26′ S. 147° 29′ E.
Solor Island, Lesser Sunda Islands				8° 30′ S. 122° 59′ E.
Sorong, Netherlands New Guinea				o° 54′ S. 131° 15′ E.
Stefansort, Netherlands New Guinea				= Bogadyim
Stewart Island, Solomon Islands				= Sikaiana Island
Stirling Island, Solomon Islands				7° 25′ S. 155° 35′ E.
Storm Island, Bismarck Archipelago				= Emirau Island
Strickland River, Papua				7° 17′ S. 141° 35′ E.
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Strickland River, Papua		= Wungap River
Sturt Island Camp, Papua		8° 15′ S. 142° 15′ E.
Sudest Island, Louisiade Archipelago		= Tagula Island
Sula Bessi, Moluccas		= Sula Sanana
Sula Islands, Moluccas		= Soela Islands
Sula Mangoli (Island), Moluccas		1° 55′ S. 125° 50′ E.
Colo Consus (Tolond) Molonson		2° 10′ S. 126° 00′ E.
Cumba Island		9° 45′ S. 120° 00′ E.
CI T.lJ		= Soembawa Island
Sumbawa Island		— Sociiibawa Island
Tabar Island, Bismarck Archipelago		2° 50′ S. 152° 00′ E.
Tagula Island, Louisiade Archipelago		11° 29′ S. 153° 26′ E.
To and and a Island Malanasa		= Tagulandang Island
TO I I. The J.M.I.		2° 21′ N. 125° 25′ E.
The state of the s		West Fergusson Island
Tr. 1		Near Maros, Celebes
TO 1 1 T 1 1 M 1		4° 00′ S. 126° 50′ E.
Televit Islanda Malasana		= Talaud Islands
Truly and Malessan		1° 45′ S. 124° 50′ E.
Taliaboe Islands, Moluccas		
Tamalanti, Celebes		Plantation between Ran-
T D		tekaroa and Koelawi 8° 21' S. 147° 52' E.
Tamata, Papua		
Tami River, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 41′ S. 140° 50′ E.
Tamrau Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea		o° 33′ S. 133° 32′ E.
Tanabuli, Solomon Islands		8° 24′ S. 159° 49′ E.
Tanah Merah Bay, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 25′ S. 140° 20′ E.
Tanambuli, Solomon Islands	•••	= Tanabuli
Tanga Islands, Bismarck Archipelago		3° 31′ S. 153° 17′ E.
Tangi Mountains, New Britain		5° 40′ S. 148° 25′ E.
Tanka Salocco, Celebes		In Mengkoka Moun-
T N I D I N G I		tains
Tapo, North-East New Guinea	•••	5° 27′ S. 145° 37′ E.
Tapu, North-East New Guinea		= Tapo
Tarara, Papua		8° 50′ S. 141° 54′ E.
Tasman Islands, Solomon Islands		= Nukumanu Islands
Taubadi, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 33′ S. 140° 43′ E.
Tauu Islands, Solomon Islands		4° 48′ S. 157° 03′ E.
Tawaro River, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 18′ S. 136° 58′ E.
Tedi River, Papua		5° 38′ S. 141° 01′ E.
Teleoti Bay, Ceram Island		= Teluti Bay
Teluti Bay, Ceram Island		3° 20′ S. 129° 42′ E.
Temboan, Celebes		1° 05′ N. 124° 55′ E.
Tench Island, Bismarck Archipelago		1° 38′ S. 150° 42′ E.
Tenimber Islands		7° 00′ S. 131° 30′ E.
Ternate Island, Moluccas		o° 48′ N. 127° 20′ E.
Tetipari Island, Solomon Islands		8° 15′ S. 157° 32′ E.
Tidore Island, Moluccas		o° 40′ N. 127° 25′ E.
Tilley River, Papua		= Laloki River
Timor Island		9° 30′ S. 125° 00′ E.

Times I and (Island)				To an allower
		•••	• • •	= Jamdema
, 1		••	• • • •	5° 20′ S. 141° 57′ E.
		•••		4° 45′ S. 131° 50′ E.
A Company of the Comp		••	• • •	4° 22′ S. 136° 53′ E.
			• • •	= Taubadi
				1° 44′ N. 128° 01′ E.
Toboli, Celebes				o° 41′ S. 120° 03′ E.
Tobou, North-East New Guinea				In Saruwaged Moun-
				tains
Toeare, Celebes				1° 55′ S. 120° 09′ E.
Toelap, Celebes				1° 13′ N. 124° 58′ E.
Teolog West Colobes				1° 19′ N. 124° 31′ E.
Tamanana Calabaa				1° 09′ N. 124° 48′ E.
Towing Island Calabas				1° 35′ N. 122° 00′ E.
Tall Tall Calaban				1° 02′ N. 120° 50′ E.
Tomada Calabas				Near Lake Lindoe
Transla Namb Park Nam Cultura			• • •	
Tomba, North-East New Guinea		••	• • •	South-west slopes Hagen
Tambiali Madaglanda Nasa China				Range
		•••	• • •	In Arfak Mountains
		••	• • •	1° 25′ N. 124° 52′ E.
				o° 30′ N. 122° 33′ E.
		• •		1° 19′ N. 124° 49′ E.
Tonkean District, Celebes				East Celebes
Tonsealama, Celebes				1° 19′ N. 124° 55′ E.
Toradja Mountains, Celebes				2° 35′ S. 119° 45′ E.
Toware, Celebes				4° 35′ S. 121° 29′ E.
Trangan Island, Aru Islands				6° 35′ S. 134° 15′ E.
Treasury Island, Solomon Islands				= Mono Island
Tuiter Dev Made sales de Mess Cuives				3° 51′ S. 134° 04′ E.
The desire of Table 1				8° 38′ S. 151° 04′ E.
Tolone Island Manhall Demosts I lands				= Alcester Island
Townshill Colombia Televile				= Tanabuli
TO THE CLASSIC TAILS				= Tanabuli
Thomas that Calaman Talanda			• • •	= Tanabuli
Tr de Colonia III. de			• • •	= Tanabuli
			• • •	
Tyoor Island, Moluccas		•••	• • •	= Tioor Island
TT : T 1 1 C 1 T 1 1				0 /5 60 /5
		•••	І	o° 14′ S. 161° 44′ E.
		••	• • •	5° 38′ S. 147° 57′ E.
		••		Just east of Port Moresby
		••		2° 36′ S. 121° 06′ E.
Utakwa River, Netherlands New Guinea .				= Otakwa River
				7° 56′ S. 145° 26′ E.
Vanapa River, Papua				9° 05′ S. 146° 57′ E.
Ver der Sande River, Netherlands New Gu	inea .			5° 00′ S. 138° 48′ E.
Vanguno Island, Solomon Islands				8° 39′ S. 158° 00′ E.
Van Weil's Camp, Netherlands New Guine	ea .			4° 51′ S. 138° 45′ E.
**** * ** *** * * * * * * * * * * * * *				7° 43′ S. 156° 40′ E.
,				

L

Vulcan Island, Bismarck Archipelago		4° 17′ S. 152° 11′ E.
Vulcan Island, North-East New Guinea		4° 08′ S. 145° 02′ E.
		13
Wadjo, Celebes		At north-west corner of
3 /		Gulf of Tomini
Wahgi District, North-East New Guinea		5° 50′ S. 144° 39′ E.
Wahgi River, North-East New Guinea		5° 43′ S. 144° 20′ E.
Waigeo Island, Netherlands New Guinea		0° 13′ S. 130° 50′ E.
Waigeu Island, Netherlands New Guinea		= Waigeo Island
Waingapoe, Lesser Sunda Islands		9° 40′ S. 120° 18′ E.
Waissai River, Netherlands New Guinea		3° 43′ S. 135° 23′ E.
Wakatimi, Netherlands New Guinea		4° 38′ S. 136° 30′ E.
Wamberimi, Netherlands New Guinea		4° 14′ S. 136° 43′ E.
Wammer Island, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 16′ S. 133° 57′ E.
Wandammen Bay, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 44′ S. 134° 30′ E.
Wandesi, Netherlands New Guinea		= Windissi
Wandiwoi Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 41′ S. 134° 37′ E.
Wanggar, Netherlands New Guinea		3° 26′ S. 135° 22′ E.
Wanigela River, Papua		o° 03′ S. 147° 43′ E.
MI D' NI 1 E NI C'		7° 49′ S. 147° 44′ E.
*** * ** D		9° 05′ S. 142° 03′ E.
		4° 19′ S. 136° 51′ E.
Wataikwa Camp, Netherlands New Guinea		4° 31′ S. 136° 42′ E.
Wataikwa River, Netherlands New Guinea		
Watampone, Celebes		
Watoe Pone, Celebes		= Watampone
Watubella Island, Moluccas		4° 28′ S. 131° 54′ E.
Watut River, North-East New Guinea		6° 56′ S. 146° 28′ E.
Wau District, Papua		7° 19′ S. 146° 44′ E.
Wawa Karaeng, Celebes		Near Mount Lampo-
*** **   0.11		batang
Wawa Karaing, Celebes		= Wawa Karaeng
Wawo, Celebes		3° 41′ S. 120° 02′ E.
Welya, North-East New Guinea		West of Hagen Range
Wetar Island	• •••	8° 00′ S. 126° 30′ E.
Wetter Island		= Wetar Island
Weyland Range, Netherlands New Guinea		3° 50′ S. 135° 43′ E.
Wharton Range, Papua		8° 36′ S. 147° 24′ E.
Whitewater Camp, Netherlands New Guinea		On Kaparé River, in
		foothills of Nassau
		Range (see Wollaston
		(1912: 159). Tate
		(1951: 423) confuses
		Kaparê River with
		Kapari Riverin Papua
Wichmann Mountains, Netherlands New Guinea		4° 27′ S. 138° 42′ E.
Wide Bay, New Britain		5° 03′ S. 152° 04′ E.
Winatoe, Celebes		1° 32′ S. 119° 58′ E.
Windissi, Netherlands New Guinea		2° 23′ S. 134° 16′ E.
Wokam Island, Aru Islands		5° 35′ S. 134° 32′ E.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		01 01

Wonambay, Aru Islands			 6° 45′ S. 134° 25′ E.
Wondiwoi Mountains, Netherlands New	Guinea		 = Wandiwoi Mountains
Woodlark Island, Marshall Bennett Isla	nds		 9° 09′ S. 152° 46′ E.
Wungap River, Papua			 5° 06′ S. 141° 57′ E.
Wuroi, Papua			 8° 50′ S. 143° 07′ E.
Yampara, North-East New Guinea			 Buntibaza District
Yanca, North-East New Guinea			 6° 44′ S. 147° 02′ E.
Yandara, North-East New Guinea			 North slopes Mount
			Wilhelm
Yanka, North-East New Guinea			 = Yanca
Yanuta Island, Solomon Islands			 10° 20′ S. 161° 20′ E.
Yeta Island, Louisiade Archipelago			 = Rossel Island
Ysabel Island, Solomon Islands			 8° 00′ S. 159° 07′ E.
Yule Island, Papua		• • •	 8° 38′ S. 146° 32′ E.
Zagaheme, North-East New Guinea			 = Zagahemi
Zagahemi, North-East New Guinea			



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PLATE 1

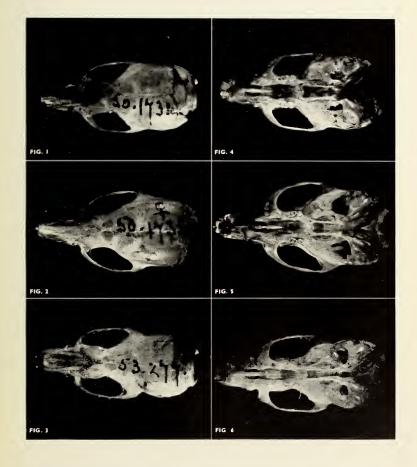
Dorsal view of the skull ( $\times$  2.5) of:

- Fig. 1. Pseudohydromys murinus Rümmler.
  - 2. Neohydromys fuscus Laurie.
  - 3. Mayermys ellermani gen. et sp. n.

Ventral view of the skull of:

- Fig. 4. Pseudohydromys murinus Rümmler. ( $\times$  3.5)
  - 5. Neohydromys fuscus Laurie. ( $\times$  3.0)
  - 6. Mayermys ellermani gen. et sp. n. (× 3.0)

(Photographs by P. Green)







Lateral view of the skull ( $\times$  3) of:

- Fig. 1. Pseudohydromys murinus Rümmler.
  - 2. Neohydromys fuscus Laurie.
  - 3. Mayermys ellermani gen. et sp. n.

Molar teeth in the left side of the upper jaw of:

- Fig. 4. Pseudohydromys murinus Rümmler (2 teeth). (  $\times$  22.5)
  - 5. Neohydromys fuscus Laurie (2 teeth). ( $\times$  28)
  - 6. Mayermys ellermani gen. et sp. n. (1 tooth). ( $\times$  19)

(Photographs by P. Green)

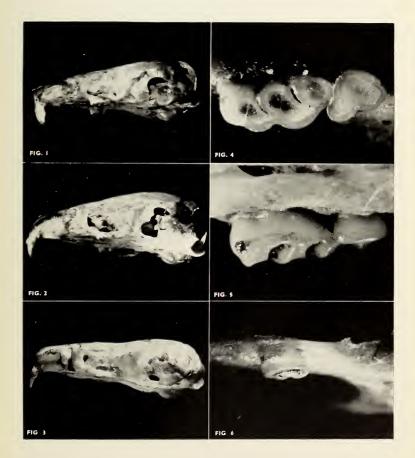




PLATE 3

## Side view of lower jaw of:

- Fig. 1. Pseudohydromys murinus Rümmler (left side). (× 4)
  - 2. Neohydromys fuscus Laurie (left side). (× 3)
  - 3. Mayermys ellermani gen. et sp. n. (left side). ( $\times$  4)

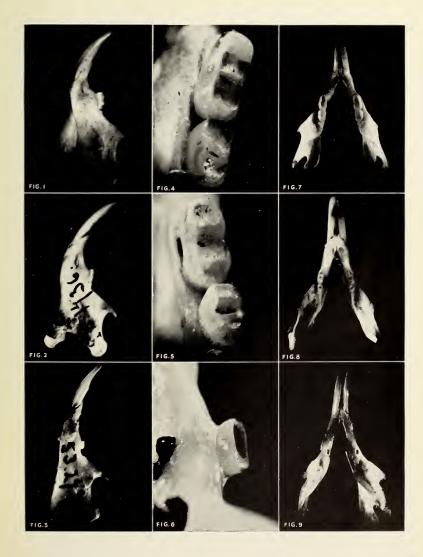
## Molar teeth in the lower jaw of:

- Fig. 4. Pseudohydromys murinus Rümmler (2 teeth) (left side). (× 24)
  - 5. Neohydromys fuscus Laurie (2 teeth) (left side). (× 26)
  - 6. Mayermys ellermani gcn. et sp. n. (1 tooth) (left side). (× 23)

## Dorsal view of lower jaw of:

- Fig. 7. Pseudohydromys murinus Rümmler.  $(\times 4)$ 
  - 8. Neohydromys fuscus Laurie. ( $\times$  4)
  - 9. Mayermys ellermani gen. et sp. n. (× 3)

(Photographs by P. Green)







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